



JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED

(A wholly owned subsidiary of NHPC Limited)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st March 2024

(₹in lakh)



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED (A wholly owned subsidiary of NHPC Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of Jalpower Corporation Limited (CIN: U40109TG2004PLC043985) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and Other Explanatory Notes for the year ended on that date (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2024, and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We have conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. The other information as stated above is expected to be made available to us after the date of the Auditors Report. Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our Audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. identified above when it becomes available, and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of FRA 305074E our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the other information as stated above if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with the governance and describe necessary actions required as per applicable laws and regulations.

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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act,2013("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), Profit or Loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies(Accounts) Rules, 2014.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safe guarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability, to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;

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 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the Financial Statements of the Company to express an opinion on the Financial Statements.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

- (i) Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the result of our work; and
- (ii) To evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with themselves all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

An application for amalgamation pursuant to provisions of section 230-232 of Companies Act, 2013 between **Jalpower Corporation Limited** ("applicant/transfer or company") and **NHPC Limited** ("applicant / transferee company") has been submitted to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Govt. of India on 8th February 2024. The matter is pending as on date.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- ii. Based on the verification of books of account of the Company and according to information and explanations given to us, we give below a report on the Directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in terms of Section 143 (5) of the Act



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Sl. No.	Directions	Reply
1	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, all accounting transactions are routed through ERP system implemented by the Company. We have neither been informed nor have we come across during the course of our audit any accounting transactions having impact on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications which have been processed outside the IT system.
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the Company due to the Company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for?	According to information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, there is no case of restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts / loans / interest etc. made by lender to the Company.
	(In case the lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for the Statutory Auditor of the Lender Company)	
3	Whether funds (grants/ subsidy etc.) received/ receivable for specific schemes from Central/ State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	According to information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the Company has not received any grant and/ or subsidy for specific schemes from Central/State government or its agencies.

- Further to our comments in the annexure referred to in the paragraph above, as required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. in our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. in terms of Notification no. G.S.R. 463 (E) dated 05th June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, provisions of Section 164(2) of the Act regarding disqualifications of the Directors, are not applicable as it is a Government Company.



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- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal control; and
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Audit and Auditors) Amendment Rules, 2021 in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Financial Statements Refer Note 34(1) to the Financial Statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any material foreseeable losses against long-term contracts including derivative contracts and thereby requirement for making provision in this respect is not applicable to the Company.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
 - iv. As per notification number G.S.R. 463 (E) dated 5th June, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, section 197 of the Act as regards the managerial remuneration is not applicable to the Company, since it is a Government Company.

V.

- a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
 - whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
 - whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

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c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (v) (a) and (v) (b) contain any material misstatement.



- vi. No dividend declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vii. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, has used an accounting software for maintaining its book of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the ERP software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For Maskara & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No.: 306074E

CA. Rabin Dey (Partner)

M. No.: 318932

UDIN: 24318932BKHPFO6444

Place: Rangit Nagar, Sikkim

Date: 02/05/2024





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Annexure 'A' to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report of even date to the members of Jalpower Corporation Limited.

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, all Property, Plant and Equipment, have been physically verified by the management/ outside agencies, in a phased manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of Company and nature of its business. According to information and explanations given by the management and in our opinion, no material discrepancies were noticed.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the title deeds provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties (including leased assets where the Company is a lessee) of land and building, are held in the name of the Company as on the balance sheet date.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right- of-Use assets) or Intangible assets or both during the financial year 2023-24.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) As per the information and explanation provided to us the Company has not dealt with any inventory during the year. Hence, clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the order in not applicable.
 - (b) As per the information and explanation provided to us the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital loans from banks or financial institutions.
- (iii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, ARA paragraph 3(iii)(a) (A) and (B), of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any investments or provided any guarantees or securit which is prejudicial to the company's interest.

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- (c) The Company has not given any Loans or advances hence clause (c) is not applicable.
- (d) The Company has not given any Loans or advances hence clause (d) is not applicable.
- (e) The company has not renewed or extended any loan or advances in the nature of loan or has granted fresh loans to settle the over-dues of existing loans in financial year 2023-24.
- (f) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advance in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to any person or promoters or to related parties as defined in clause (76) of Section 2 of the Companies Act 2013.
- (iv) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no loans, investment, guarantee and securities given by the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act. In respect of security deposits, Management is of the view that security deposits of suppliers/contractors appearing in the books are in the nature of retention money for performance of contracts for supply of goods and services and accordingly, not to be treated as deemed deposits by virtue of amendment in rule 2, sub rule (1), clause (c) of the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Amendment Rules 2016.
- (vi) According to the information and explanation given to us and to the best of our knowledge, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under Section148(1) of the Act for the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Income Tax, Custom Duty, cess and other material statutory dues as applicable to it.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Income Tax, Custom Duty, cess and other material statutory dues in arrear as at 31st March, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the details of disputed dues of Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Income-Tax, Custom Duty, Cess and any other statutory dues, if any, as at 31st March, 2024, are as follows:

Name of the Statute	Nature of dues	Period to which it pertains	- V(P)V(m=0) (MC)		Amount Deposited ONI Under Protest (* in 5074E * Crores)
Income Tax	Income	AY	High Court of	80.70	- ered A count
Act, 1961	Tax	2014-15	Telangana		



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- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by Management, the Company has not defaulted in payment of interest or repayment of loan to any bank or financial institution.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given by the management of the Company, the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution or other Lender
 - (c) The Company has borrowed term loan during the Financial year 2023-24 and the same has been applied for the purpose for which the loan was obtained.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, funds raised on short term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or joint ventures. Accordingly, clause 3(ix) (e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given by the management of the Company and during the course of audit it is observed that no loans have been raised during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associates. Accordingly, clause 3(ix) (f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3 (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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(xi) (a) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by Management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.



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- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub section 12 of section 143 of the Companies Act 2013 has been filed by the Auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, no whistle blower complaints have been received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence, reporting under clauses 3(xii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Note No.34 (6) of Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) The company has an internal audit system in commensuration with the nature and size of business. The internal audit is carried out by the internal audit wing of NHPC Ltd. (The Holding Company) and the reports of the internal audit have been considered during statutory audit.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, submitted by the Management of the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, clauses 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company,
 - (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
 - (b) The company has not conducted any Non- Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.

Accordingly, clauses 3(xvi) (a), (b), (c) and (d) of the Order are not applicable.

- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditor during the year. Accordingly clause 3050748 3 (xviii) of the Order is not applicable



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(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Maskara & Co. Chartered Accountant Firm Regn. No-306074E

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CA Rabin Dey (Partner)

M. No. : 318932

UDIN: 24318932BKHPFO6444

Place: Rangit Nagar, Sikkim

Date: 02/05/2024





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Annexure 'B' to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph (iii) (f) under the heading 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report of even date to the members of Jalpower Corporation Limited.

Report on the internal financial controls under clause(i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of **Jalpower Corporation Ltd** (the 'Company') as of 31st March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal control with reference to Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safe guarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, both, issued by ICAI, and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements.



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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).

A Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that :

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become in adequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2024, based on the internal control with reference to Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by ICAI.

For Maskara & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No-306074E

CA. Rabin Dey

(Partner) M. No.: 318932

UDIN: 24318932BKHPFO6444

Place: Rangit Nagar, Sikkim

Date: 02/05/2024





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Annexure-I

Directions indicating the areas to be examined by the Statutory Auditor during the course of audit of Annual Accounts for the year 2023-2024, issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013

- i) Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If Yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outsides IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.

 Auditor's Comment-
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, all accounting transactions are routed through ERP system implemented by the Company. We have neither been informed nor have we come across during the course of our audit any accounting transactions having impact on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications which have been processed outside the IT system.
- Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loans or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by the lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If Yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company)

Auditor's Comment-

- According to information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, there is no case of restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts / loans / interest etc. made by lender to the Company.
- iii) Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/ State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/ utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.

Auditor's Comment-

According to information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the Company has not received any grant and/ or subsidy for specific schemes from Central/State government or its agencies.

For Maskara & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No-306074E

CA. Rabin Dey (Partner)

M. No.: 318932

UDIN: 24318932BKHPFO6444

Place: Rangit Nagar, Sikkim

Date: 02/05/2024

SILIGURI FRN-305074E



Annexure-II

Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of Annual Accounts of Jalpower Corporation Limited (CIN: U40109TG2004PLC043985) for the year ended 31st March 2024 in accordance with the directions / sub-directions issued to us by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) of India under Section 143 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the directions / sub-directions issued to us.

For Maskara & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN:- 306074E

Rahin sly.

CA. Rabin Dey (Partner)

M. No. : 318932

UDIN: 24318932BKHPFO6444

Place: Rangit Nagar, Sikkim

Date: 02/05/2024





JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

(₹ in lakhs)

100	The first of the second of the		(₹in lakhi			
F	PARTICULARS	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
	ASSETS					
(1) N	NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
a) P	Property, Plant and Equipment	2.1	729.28	484.9		
b) C	Capital Work In Progress	2,2	1,01,367.75	57,388,1		
c) R	Right Of Use Assets	2.3	228,20	209.4		
d) Ir	nvestment Property	2.4	88	9		
		2.5	5.66			
	ntangible Assets			3,		
f) (r	ntangible Assets under development	2.6	3.0			
g) F	inancial Assets		1			
i)	Investments	3.1	20	*		
ii)) Trade Receivables	3.2	(40)	2		
iii	i) Loans	3.3	540	2		
iv	v) Others	3,4	30	2		
h) N	Ion Current Tax Assets (Net)	4	35.57	29,99		
i) O	Other Non Current Assets	5	341.23	2,073.9		
T	OTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS	12	1,02,707.68	60,186.5		
(0) -	ALIANDENIE AGGERG					
	URRENT ASSETS					
a) In	nventories	6	-	-		
b) Fi	inancial Assets					
i)	Investments	7.1	- 1	50		
(ii	Trade Receivables	7.2	-	2		
,) Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	9,050,17	3,997.2		
			5,000,17	0,007,2		
) Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	9				
	Loans	10		*		
) Others	11	6.09	0,3		
c) Ci	urrent Тах Assets (Net)	12	≅	1.0		
d) O	ther Current Assets	13.1	508_84	516,2		
T	OTAL CURRENT ASSETS		9,565.09	4,613.8		
(3) A	ssets Held for Sale	13.2	-	4.1		
	egulatory Deferral Account Debit Balances	14.1	2	98		
(4)	egulatory Deletral Account Debit Dalatices					
TO	OTAL ASSETS		1,12,272.77	64,704.5		
E	QUITY AND LIABILITIES					
	QUITY					
	quity Share Capital	15.1	28,148.60	28,148.6		
(b) Ot	ther Equity	15.2	10,455.75	2,295.9		
	DTAL EQUITY		38,604.35	30,444.5		
	ABILITIES					
	ON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	1 1	1			
	nancial Liabilities Borrowings	16,1	65,700.00	28,000,0		
) Lease Liabilities	16.2	\$ 50,100.00	20,000,0		
	Other financial liabilities	16.3	3,441.39	2,458.8		
,	rovisions	17	4,			
	eferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	18	3	3		
	ther non-current Liabilities	19	8 %	, i		
	OTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		69,141.39	30,458.8		
	URRENT LIABILITIES	1 1		,		
	nancial Liabilities	1 1	15			
	Borrowings	20.1	*	(4)		
ia)	Lease Liabilities	20.2	8	(9)		
ii) '	Trade Payables	20.3				
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		8			
	Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro enterprises		248,47	128.375		
	and small enterprises	22725525				
	Other financial liabilities	20.4	3,840.98	3,096.787		
	her Current Liabilities	21	250.00	318,2		
	ovisions	22	187,59	257.7		
	rrent Tax Liabilities (Net)	23	=	~~		
		15.3	-:			
	JND FROM C.O.	10.0				
(4) FU	IND FROM C.O. DTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	15.5	4,527.03	3,801.1		
(4) FU TC		14.2	4,527.03	3,801.1		

Material Accounting Policies

Note-1

Accompanying notes to the Financial Statements

1-34

As per report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For MASKARA & CO

Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn, No. 306074E)

Sudhir Rumar Yadav Chief Executive Officer

(CA. Rabin Dey)
Partner
M.No. 318932
UDIN: 24318932BKHPF06444

njusha Mishra Director

Place: RANGIT NAGAR, SIKKIM Date: 02-05-2024

Dr Trilochen Behera Chief Financial Officer





JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

/ ₹ in lakhe \

-			Y(8				
	PARTICULARS	Note No.	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023			
INCOM	AE						
i)	Revenue from Operations	24.1	2	= ==			
ii)	Other Income	24.2	69,31	39,6			
	TOTAL INCOME		69.31	39.6			
EXPE	NSES						
i)	Purchase of Power - Trading	25,1	340	*			
ii)	Generation Expenses	25.2	Ē	<u> </u>			
iii)	Employee Benefits Expense	26	160	*			
iv)	Finance Costs	27		3			
v)	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	28	196	(O _. O			
vi)	Other Expenses	29	42,20	11.4			
	TOTAL EXPENSES		42.20	11.4			
PPOFI	T BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS, REGULATORY DEFERRAL ACCOUNT						
	ICES AND TAX		27.10	28.2			
	Exceptional items		S#1				
PI	ROFIT BEFORE REGULATORY DEFERRAL ACCOUNT BALANCES AND TAX		27.10	28.2			
	Tax Expenses	30_1					
i) ii)	Current Tax Deferred Tax		5,26	3			
")	Total Tax Expenses	-	5,26				
DDOE!	FOR THE YEAR BEFORE NET MOVEMENTS IN REGULATORY DEFERRAL	-					
	JNT BALANCES		21.86	28.2			
	Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances (Net of Tax)	31	200				
PROFIT	FOR THE YEAR (A)		21.85	28.2			
	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (B)	30.2					
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (Net of Tax)						
	(a) Remeasurement of the post employment defined benefit obligations						
			⇒ ?	2			
	Less:-Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances in respect of lax on defined benefit obligations -Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances-Remeasurement of post		:=:	=:			
	employment defined benefit obligations Less: Impact of Tax on Regulatory Deferral Accounts			E			
			-				
	Sub total (a)		•	•			
	(b)Investment in Equity Instruments		G .	**			
	Sub total (b)		-	*			
	Total (i)=(a)+(b)			*			
	(ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (Net of Tax)						
	- Investment in Debt Instruments		9	98			
	Total (ii)						
	Other Comprehensive Income (B)=(i+ii)		3				
	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (A+B) (COMPRISING PROFIT AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR)		21.85	28.21			
	Earning per share (Basic and Diluted)	34 (10)					
	(Equity Shares, lace value of \$ 101-Each)		0.01				
	Before movements in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances		0.01 0.01	0.01			
	After movements in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances	Note-1	0.01	0,0			
	Material Accounting Policies Accompanying notes to the Financial Statements	1-34					
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		For and on behalf of the	Board of Directors			
	As per report of even date attached For MASKARA & CO Chartered Accountants		Company Sedretary	Sudhir Rumar Yadav Chief Executive Officer			
	(Firm Regn. No. 306074E)		1 Healin	1/2/2			

Rahin day, (CA. Rabin Dey)
Partnar
M.No. 318932
UDIN: 24318932BKHPF06444
Place: RANGIT NAGAR, SIKKIM
Date: 02-05-2024

Dr Trilochar Behera Chief Financial Officer



JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED



(A wholly owned subsidiary of NHPC Ltd)

CIN: U40109TG2004PLC043985

STATEMENT OF AUDITED CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

(₹ in lakhs)

		(₹ in lakhs)		
	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023		
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before tax for the year including movements in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance	27,	0 28.21		
Less: Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances Profit before Tax	27.	 0		
ADD:				
Depreciation and Amortization		-		
Finance Cost (Not of EAC) Provision for Diminution in value of investment	1 :			
Provisions Others (Net of EAC)				
Exchange rate variation (Loss)	•	•		
Tariff Adjustment (loss) Sales adjustment on account of Exchange Rate Variation	1 :] :		
Loss/(Profit) on sale of assets/Claims written off	3.20	6.97		
	3.2	1		
LESS:	30.3	35.18		
Advance against Depreciation written back				
Provisions (Net gain)	-	- ,		
Net Gain/Loss on sale of Investmets Adjustment against Consultancy Charges from Subsidiary	•	-		
Companies	•	•		
Dividend Income Interest income & Guarantee Fees	•	-		
(including Late Payment Surcharge)	68,46	39.69		
Exchango rate variation (Gain)	-	-		
Other Adjustments Fair value Audjustments	:	-		
Amortisation of Government Grants				
	68.4	99,69		
Cash flow from Operating Activities before Operating Assets & Liabilities adjustments	-38.1	.4.51		
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:				
Inventories Trade Receivables	-	· .		
Other Financial Assets, Loans and Advances	-1.00	29.55		
Other Financial Liabilities and Provisions	-40.36	-46.62		
Regulatory Deferral Account Credit Balances	-41.3	6 -17.07		
Cash flow from operating activities before taxes	-79.5	-		
Less: Taxes	10.8	27.41		
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	-90,3			
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	120 024 5	-30,836,83		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property, Other Intangible Assets & Expenditure on construction projects (including expenditure attributable to construction forming part of Capital Work in Progress for the year)- Net of Grant	(36,831.5	.50,550.65		
Sale of Assets				
Investment in Joint Venture (including Share Application Money pending allotment)				
Investment in Subsidiarios (including Share Application Money				
pending allotment)	-	1		
Net Investment in Term Deposits Proceeds from Sale of Investment	-	·		
Dividend Income	-			
Interest Income & Guarantee Fees (including Late Payment Surcharge)	127.6	276.58		
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	-36,503.8	-30,560,25		
• •	-30,000.0			
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Issue & Buyback of Equity Shares including Security Premium	8,138.0			
Dividend Paid	_	·		
Proceeds from Long Term Borrovings	37,700.0	28,000		
Proceeds from Short Term Borrowings	15,00	1		
Repayment of Borrowings	-15,00	F I		
Interest & Finance Charges	-4,190.9	-662.51		
Principal Repayment of Lease Liability Interest paid on Lease Liability	-			
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	41,647.0	27,337.49		
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH D. EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	5,052.8			
Cash & Cash Equivalents (Opening Balance)	3,997,3	7,269.04		
Cash & Cash Equivalents (Closing Balance)	9,050.1			

The above Statement of Cash Flows is prepared in accordance with the Indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 - *Statement of Cash Flows*.

 $\ensuremath{^{\circ \bullet}}$ The figures for the year ended 31st March,2023 as given above are restated .



EXPLANATORY NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cash and Cash equivalents consists of Cash in hand, cheques/drafts in hands and Bank Balances including Short Term Deposits with original maturity of less than three months. The details of Cash and Cash equivalents is as under:

	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	(₹ in lakhs)
Balances with Banks			,
With scheduled Banks:			
- In Current Account	8,760.17	3,646.08	
- In Deposits Account	290.00	351.22	
(Deposits with original maturity of less than three months)			
Cash on Hand	#	198	
Cash and Cash equivalents	9,050.17	3,997.30	

- Interest and finance charges in Cash Flow from Financing Activities includes borrowing cost of ₹ 4190,98 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 662.51 lakhs) capitalised during the period on account of Expenditure attributable to construction (EAC).
- 3 Amount of undrawn loan as on 31.03.2024 : ₹ Nil lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 3300 lakhs).
- 4 Company has incurred ₹ Nil in cash on account of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expenditure during the year ended 31,03.2024 (Previous Year ₹ Nil).

5 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from Financing Activities :

Borrowings (Current & Non-Current)

Lease Liability

(₹ in lakhs) 31-03-2024 31-03-2023 28,000.00

65924.53 28,000.00 Total

	For the	e year ended 31st March,2	2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023			
Particulars	*Borrowings (Current & Non- Current)	Lease Liability Total		*Borrowings (Current & Non- Current)	Lease Liability	Total	
Opening Net Debt as on 1st April	28,000	*	28,000		0	0	
Proceeds from Borrowings	37,700.00	*	37,700.00	28,000.00	37	28,000.00	
Repayment of Borrowings/Lease Liability	N.E.	€			191	- 3	
Interest paid	(4,190.98)		(4,190.98)	-662.51	(48)	-662.51	
Other Non-Cash Movements :							
-Increase in Lease Liability	(C.			~	- 27		
-Foreign exchange adjustments				721	=======================================		
-Interest and Finance Charges	4.415.51		4,415.51	662.51	- 27	662.51	
-Fair value adjustments			-	-	2		
Closing Net Debt as on 31st March	65,924.53	-	65,924.53	28,000.00		28,000.00	

^{*}For Borrowings refer Note No.16.1, 20.1 and 20.4 (Item namely Interest Accrued on Borrowings - due & not due) **Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever required.

As per Report of even date

For MASKARA & CO Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No. 306074E)

(CA. Rabin Dey) Partner M No. 318932 UDIN:24318932BKHPFO6444

Place: Rangit Nagar Date: 02-05-2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Maniusha Mishra Director

(7 in lakhe)

Sudhir Kumar Yadav Chief Executive Officer Dr Trillochan Behera Chief Financial Office



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31ST MARCH 2024

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL **Particulars**

(₹in lakhs)

As at 1st April 2023

Amount

Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period

28,148,60

Restated balances as at 1st April 2023

28,148,60

Change in Equity Share Capital

15.1

15.1

Note No.

28,148,60

OTHER EQUITY

As at 31st March 2024

(₹in lakhs)

	Reserve and Surplus								Other Comprehensive Income	
Particulars	Applic Mon Pend	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securitles Premium	Bond Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Surplus/ Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through OCI	Equity Instruments through OCI	
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	1,15,716,55	200					(1,13,420,64)	(4)	21	2,295,90
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors										
Restated balances as at 1st April 2023	1,15,716.55		848		2	3 1	(1,13,420.64)			2,295.90
Profit for the year							21.85	31.		21.85
Other Comprehensive Income			347	*			(6)	120		2
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	54		-	8		-	21.85		_	21,8
Share Application Money received during the year.		8,138.00								8,138.00
Utilization for Buy Back of Equity Shares										
Utilization for expenditure on Buy Back of Equity Shares										
Balance as at 31st March 2024	1,15,716.55	8,138.00	120				(1.13.398.80)			10,455.75

For MASKARA & CO

Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No. 306074E) Company Secretary

Anuj Kapoor Director

Manjusha Mishra Director

Place RANGIT NAGAR, SIKKIM Date: 02-05-2024

SILIGURI FRN-306074E

(CA. Rabin Dey) Partner

M.No.318932 UDIN: 24318932BKHPFO6444

Sudhir-Kumar Yadav **Chief Executive Officer**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chief Financial Officer

NOTE NO. 1: COMPANY INFORMATION AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(I) Reporting entity

Jalpower Corporation Limited (the "Company") is a Company domiciled in India and limited by shares (CIN: U40109TG2004PLC043985). The Company has been taken over by NHPC Ltd vide NCLT Hyderabad bench order dated 24th Dec 2020 and is now a wholly owned subsidiary company of NHPC Ltd. The shares of the Company are not listed on any Stock Exchange of India. The address of the Company's registered office is Jalpower Corporation Limited, 1-7-1002/7, Ramnagar Cross Road, Ramnagar, Musheerabad, Hyderabad, Telangana – 500020. The Company is presently executing Rangit IV HE Project (120 MW) in the state of Sikkim, India. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of construction of Hydro-electric project, generation of electricity and sale of bulk power to various Power Utilities.

(II) Basis of preparation

(A) Statement of Compliance

These standalone financial statements are prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting and comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and subsequent amendments thereto, the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified and applicable), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, and the provisions of the Electricity Act, 2003 to the extent applicable.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 1st May 2024

(B) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value
- Plan assets of defined employee benefit plans measured at fair value
- right of use assets measured at present value of future cash outflows at initial recognition
- assets held for sale measured at fair value less cost to sell

The methods used to measure fair values are discussed in Note 33.

Historical cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the consideration given to acquire assets at the time of their acquisition or the amount of proceeds received in exchange for the obligation, or at the amounts of cash or cash equivalents expected to be paid to satisfy the liability in the normal course of business. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

(C) Application of new and revised standards

Vide notification dated March 31, 2023, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 which amends certain Indian Accounting Standards, and are effective from April 1, 2023. The summary of the major amendments and its impact on the Company are given hereunder:

i) Disclosure of accounting policies – amendments to Ind AS 1 –
Presentation of financial statements: This amendment requires the entities to
disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting
policies. These amendments define what is 'material accounting policy information'
(being information that, when considered together with other information included

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in an entity's financial statements, can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements) and explain how to identify when accounting policy information is material. They further clarify that immaterial accounting policy information do not need to be disclosed. If disclosed, they should not obscure material accounting information.

The Company has evaluated the amendment and suitably modified its Material Accounting Policies. However, impact of the said amendment on the Company's financial statements is not significant.

ii) Definition of accounting estimates – amendments to Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: The amendment clarifies how entities should distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The distinction is important, because changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively to future transactions and other future events, whereas changes in accounting policies are generally applied retrospectively to past transactions and other past events (as well as the current period).

The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on the Company's financial statements.

iii) Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction – amendments to Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes: This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences.

The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on the Company's financial statements.

iv) Amendments/ revisions in other standards are either not applicable or do not have any material impact on the financial statements.

(D) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded off to the nearest lakhs (upto two decimals) except where indicated otherwise.

(E) Use of estimates and management judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that may impact the application of accounting policies and the reported value of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and related disclosures including contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and management's judgments are based on previous experience and other factors considered reasonable and prudent in the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In order to enhance understanding of the financial statements, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that may have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are included in the following notes:

Critical judgments and estimates

a) Leases

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116-Leases. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment.

The Company also uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

b) Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

c) Recoverable amount of Property, Plant and Equipment, Capital Work in Progress and Intangible Assets

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress and intangible assets are based on estimates and assumptions, in particular the expected market outlook and future cash flows associated with the power plants. Any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount resulting in impairment.

d) Post-retirement benefit plans

Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawal rates as well as assumptions in respect of future developments in discount rates, the rate of salary increase, inflation rate and expected rate of return on plan assets. The Company considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate and documented. However, any changes in these assumptions may have an impact on the resulting calculations.

e) Revenue

The Company records revenue from sale of power based on tariff approved by the CERC, as per the principles of Ind AS 115- Revenue from Contracts with Customers. However, in cases where tariff rates are yet to be approved, provisional rates are adopted considering the applicable CERC Tariff Regulations. Further, where revision in tariff due to revision in cost estimates are pending, tariff is computed based on the parameters and methods prescribed under the CERC Tariff Regulations and an estimated amount of revenue is recognised when an application is made to the CERC after obtaining necessary approvals to the extent it is highly probable that there will be no downward adjustment to the revenue recognised.

f) Provisions and contingencies

The assessments undertaken in recognising provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has been made on the basis of best judgment by management regarding probable outflow of economic resources. These estimates can change due to unforeseeable developments.

g) Recoverable Amount of Rate Regulated Assets

The operating activities of the Company are subject to cost-of-service regulations whereby tariff charged for electricity generated is based on allowable costs like interest costs *RN-306074E

depreciation, operation and maintenance including a stipulated return. Guidance Note on Rate Regulated Activities issued by the ICAI (previous GAAP) and Ind AS 114- 'Regulatory Deferral Accounts' permits an entity to include in the rate base, as part of the cost of self-constructed (tangible) PPE or internally generated intangible assets, amounts that would otherwise be recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS. The Company estimates that items of regulatory deferral accounts recognised in the financial statements are recoverable as per the current CERC Tariff Regulations 2019-24. However, changes in CERC tariff regulations beyond the current tariff period may affect the recoverability of such balances.

h) Impairment of Trade Receivables

Considering the historical credit loss experience for trade receivables, the Company does not envisage either impairment in the value of receivables from beneficiaries or loss due to time value of money owing to delay in realization of trade receivables, except to the extent already provided for. CERC Tariff Regulations provide for recovery of Late Payment Surcharge for delayed payments which compensates for loss due to time value of money, except to the extent already provided for.

i) Insurance Claim Recoverable

The recoverable amount of insurance claims in respect of damages to Property, Plant and Equipment and Capital Work in Progress is based on estimates and assumptions as per terms and conditions of insurance policies and management estimate of amount recoverable from the Insurance Company based on past experience.

j) Cost of Carbon Credits / Certified Emission Reductions (CERs)/ Verified Carbon Units (VCUs)

The cost of Carbon Credits / Certified Emission Reductions (CERs)/ Verified Carbon Units (VCUs) are measured as per Management estimate.

k) Assets classified as held for sale

Management judgment is required to apply the accounting of non-current assets held for sale under Ind AS 105 - 'Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations'. In assessing the applicability, management exercises judgment to evaluate availability of the asset for immediate sale, management's commitment for the sale and probability of sale within one year to conclude if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

(III) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Summary of the material accounting policies for preparation of financial statements as given below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements. These accounting policies are formulated in a manner that results in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about the transactions, other events and conditions to which they apply. These policies need not be applied when the effect of applying them is immaterial.

Up to March 31, 2015, Property, Plant and Equipment, Capital Work in Progress, Intangible Assets and Investment Property were carried in the Balance Sheet in accordance with Indian GAAP. The Company had elected to avail the exemption granted by IND AS 101, "First time adoption of IND AS" to regard those amounts as the deemed cost at the date of transition to IND AS (i.e., as on April 1, 2015). Therefore, the carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment, Capital Work in Progress, Intangible Assets and Investment Property as per the previous GAAP as at April 1, 2015, were maintained on transition to Ind AS.

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1.0 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

- a) An item of PPE is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.
- b) PPE are initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including decommissioning or restoration cost wherever required. The cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. In cases where final settlement of bills with contractors is pending, but the asset is complete and available for operating in the manner intended by the management, capitalisation is done on estimated basis subject to necessary adjustments, including those arising out of settlement of arbitration/court cases.
- c) Subsequent costs is recognized in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.
- d) Expenditure incurred on renovation and modernization of power station on completion of the originally estimated useful life of the power station is added to the cost of the related asset when it meets the recognition criteria. PPE acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed/retired from active use are derecognized.
- e) After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation/amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- f) Deposits, payments made/ liabilities created provisionally towards compensation (including interest on enhanced compensation till the date of award by the Court), rehabilitation & resettlement and other expenses including expenditure on environment management plans relatable to land in possession are treated as cost of land.
- g) Assets over which the Company has control, though created on land not belonging to the Company, are included under Property, Plant and Equipment.
- h) Standby equipment and servicing equipment which meet the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.
- i) Spares parts (procured along with the Plant and Machinery or subsequently) which meet the recognition criteria are capitalized. The carrying amount of those spare parts that are replaced is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other spare parts are treated as "stores and spares" forming part of inventory.
- j) Expenditure on major inspection and overhauls of generating unit is capitalized, when it meets the asset recognition criteria. Any remaining carrying amount of the cost of the previous inspection and overhaul is derecognized.
- k) The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized regardless of whether the replaced part has been depreciated separately. If it is not practicable to determine the carrying amount of the replaced part, the Company uses the cost of the replacement as an indication of what the cost of replaced part was at the time it was acquired or constructed. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.
- l) An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition/RA disposal of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset of FRN-306074E is derecognised.

2.0 Capital work in Progress (CWIP)

- a) Expenditure incurred on assets under construction (including a project) is carried at cost under CWIP. Such costs comprise purchase price of assets including import duties and nonrefundable taxes (after deducting trade discounts and rebates), expenditure in relation to survey and investigation activities of projects, cost of site preparation, initial delivery and handling charges, installation and assembly costs, etc.
- b) Costs including employee benefits, professional fees, expenditure on maintenance and upgradation of common public facilities, depreciation on assets used in construction of project including Right-of-Use assets, interest during construction and other costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management are accumulated under "Expenditure Attributable to Construction (EAC)" and subsequently allocated on systematic basis over major immovable assets, other than land and infrastructure facilities on commissioning of projects. Net pre-commissioning income/ expenditure is adjusted directly in the cost of related assets.
- c) Capital Expenditure incurred for creation of facilities, over which the Company does not have control but the creation of which is essential principally for construction of the project is accumulated under "Expenditure Attributable to Construction" and carried under "Capital Work in Progress" and subsequently allocated on a systematic basis over major immovable assets, other than land and infrastructure facilities on commissioning of projects, keeping in view the "attributability" and the "Unit of Measure" concepts in Ind AS 16- "Property, Plant and Equipment". Expenditure of such nature incurred after completion of the project, is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.0 Investment Property

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The Company measures investment property using cost based measurement and fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of derecognition. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition/ disposal of the asset is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transfers to or from investment property is made when and only when there is a change in use supported by evidence.

4.0 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under Development

- a) Expenditure on research is charged to expenditure as and when incurred. Expenditure on development is capitalized only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Company intends to & has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset.
- b) Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company and which have finite useful lives, are measured on initial recognition at cost. Cost includes any directly attributable expenses necessary to make the assets ready for its intended use. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

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- c) Intangible assets under development represent expenditure incurred on intangible assets which are in the development phase and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any.
- d) Subsequent costs are recognized as an increase in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.
- e) An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

5.0 Foreign Currency Transactions

- a) Transactions in foreign currency are initially recorded at the functional currency spot rate at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. At each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currency are translated at the functional currency exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- b) Exchange differences relating to PPE/capital work-in-progress arising out of transaction entered into prior to April 1, 2004 are adjusted to the carrying cost of respective PPE/capital work-in-progress.
- c) Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign currency borrowings entered into prior to March 31, 2016 recoverable from or payable to beneficiaries in subsequent periods as per CERC Tariff regulations are recognised as "Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Recoverable/ Payable Account" and adjusted from the year in which the same is recovered/ paid.
- d) Exchange differences arising from settlement/ translation of monetary items denominated in foreign currency entered into on or after April 1, 2016 to the extent recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries in subsequent periods as per CERC Tariff Regulations are recognized as 'Regulatory Deferral Account Balances' during construction period and adjusted from the year in which the same become recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries.
- e) Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Where the Company has paid or received advance consideration in a foreign currency, the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it), is the date when the Company initially recognizes the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration.

6.0 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

- a) Where an item of expenditure incurred during the period of construction of a project is recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss i.e., not allowed to be capitalized as part of cost of relevant PPE in accordance with Ind AS, but is nevertheless permitted by CERC to be recovered from the beneficiaries in future through tariff, the right to recover the same is recognized as "Regulatory Deferral Account balances."
- b) Expense/ income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries in subsequent periods as per CERC Tariff Regulations are recognised as "Regulatory Deferral Account balances."
- c) These Regulatory Deferral Account balances are adjusted from the year in which the same RA become recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries.

- d) Regulatory Deferral Account balances are evaluated at each Balance Sheet date to ensure that the underlying activities meet the recognition criteria and it is probable that future economic benefits associated with such balances will flow to the entity. If these criteria are not met, the Regulatory Deferral Account balances are derecognised.
- e) Regulatory Deferral Account balances are tested for impairment at each Balance Sheet date.

7.0 Fair value measurement

At initial recognition, transaction price is the best evidence of fair value. However, when the Company determines that transaction price does not represent the fair value, it uses interalia valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. This categorisation is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation at the end of each reporting period.

8.0 Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures

Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and joint ventures are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any in the value of the investments. Where an indication of impairment exists, considering entities with common line of activities as a single cash generating unit, the carrying amounts of investments are assessed and written down to its recoverable amount at the end of reporting period. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

9.0 Financial assets other than investment in subsidiaries and joint ventures

A financial asset includes inter-alia any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial asset or financial liability under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Company. A financial asset is recognized when and only when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets of the Company comprise Cash and Cash Equivalents, Bank Balances, Investments in equity shares of companies, Trade Receivables, Loan to employees, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

a) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- At amortised cost.
- At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), and
- At fair value through profit and loss



The classification depends on the following:

- (a) The entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- (b) The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss or under Other Comprehensive Income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

b) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company measures trade receivables at their transaction price, if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component.

c) Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- i) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- ii) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in interest income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Debt instrument at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at FVTOCI if both the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- ii) The asset's contractual cash flows represent Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI).

Debt instruments at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income are measured at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses, reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the EIR method.

Equity investments:

All equity investments in entities other than subsidiaries and joint ventures are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading, if any, are classified at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The Company classifies all other equity instruments at 306074E

FVTOCI. The Company makes such election on an instrument by- instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

All fair value changes of an equity instrument classified at FVTOCI, are recognized in OCI. There is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Dividends from such investments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as "other income" when the company's right to receive payments is established.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category, if any, are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Trade Receivables:

Trade receivables containing a significant financing component are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

d) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

- i) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset, or
- ii) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received / receivable is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

e) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets:

- i) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost.
- Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI
- iii) Contract Assets and Trade Receivables under Ind AS 115- Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- iv) Lease Receivables under Ind AS 116- Leases.

The Company follows the 'simplified approach' permitted under Ind AS 109, "Financial Instruments" for recognition of impairment loss allowance based on life time expected credit loss from initial recognition on contract assets, lease receivables and trade receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116 and Ind AS 115.

For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from intrial recognition, in which case those financial assets are measured at lifetime ECL. Any increase or reversal of loss allowance computed using ECL model, is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

10.0 Inventories

Inventories mainly comprise stores and spare parts to be used for maintenance of Property, Plant and Equipment and are valued at cost or net realizable value (NRV) whichever is lower. The cost is determined using weighted average cost formula and NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Carbon Credits / Certified Emission Reductions (CERs)/ Verified Carbon Units (VCUs) are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories is recognized as an expense in the period in which write-down or loss occurs.

11.0 Dividends

Final dividends and interim dividends payable to the Company's shareholders are recognised as change in equity in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders and the Board of Directors respectively.

12.0 Financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. A financial liability is recognized when and only when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

a) Classification, initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion, over the period of the borrowings using the effective rate of interest.

b) Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion, when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

d) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

e) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments that are held by the Company to hedge the foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures and are not designated as hedges are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

13.0 Government Grants

- a) The benefits of a government loan at a below market rate of interest is treated as a Government Grant. The loan is initially recognised and measured at fair value and the grant is measured as the difference between the initially recognized amount of the loan and the proceeds received. The loan is subsequently measured as per the accounting policy applicable to financial liabilities and the grant is recognized initially as deferred income and subsequently amortised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.
- b) Monetary grants from the government for creation of assets are initially recognised as deferred income when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the company will comply with the conditions associated with the grant. The deferred income so recognised is subsequently amortised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the useful life of the related assets.
- c) Government grant related to income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

14.0 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

a) Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Such provisions are determined based on management estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably. The expense relating to a provision net of any reimbursement is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

- b) Contingent liabilities are possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.
- c) Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

15.0 Revenue Recognition and Other Income

Company's revenues arise from sale and trading of energy, project management of construction contracts/ consultancy assignment services and other income. Revenue from 3050745

other income comprise of interest from banks, employees, contractors etc., dividend from investments in joint ventures and subsidiary companies, dividend from investments in equity in other bodies corporate, interest from investment in bonds, surcharge received from beneficiaries for delayed payments, sale of scrap, other miscellaneous income, etc.

a) Revenue from sale of power

- i) Revenue is measured based on the consideration that is specified in a contract with a customer or is expected to be received in exchange for the products or services and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue from contracts for sale of power over time as the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Company.
- ii) Revenue from sale of power (except minimum lease receipts in respect of power stations considered as Finance Lease/Operating Lease) is accounted for as per tariff notified by the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) under the CERC (Terms & Conditions of Tariff) Regulations as modified by the orders of Appellate Tribunal for Electricity to the extent applicable. In the case of Power Stations where provisional/ final tariff is yet to be notified or where incentives/disincentives are chargeable/ payable as per CERC (Terms & Conditions of Tariff) Regulations, revenue is recognised to the extent it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. Rebates given to beneficiaries as early payments incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.
- iii) Customers are billed on a periodic and regular basis. As at each reporting date, revenue from sale of power includes an accrual for sales delivered to customers but not yet billed (unbilled revenue).
- iv) Recovery/ refund towards foreign currency variation in respect of foreign currency loans and recovery towards Income Tax are recognised on year to year basis based on regulatory norms. Recovery towards deferred tax items recognized till March 31, 2009 are accounted for when the same materialises.
- v) Adjustments arising out of finalisation of Regional Energy Account (REA), though not material, are effected in the year of respective finalisation.
- vi) Advance Against Depreciation (AAD) considered as deferred income up to 31st March 2009 is included in sales on straight line basis over the balance useful life after a period of 12 years from the date of commercial operation of the Power Station.

b) Revenue from Project Management / Construction Contracts/ Consultancy assignments

- i) Revenue from Project Management / Construction Contracts/ Consultancy assignments is measured based on the consideration that is specified in a contract with a customer or is expected to be received in exchange for the services and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue on the basis of input method. Input method recognises revenue on the basis of the costs incurred towards the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected costs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation.
- ii) Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are transferred to trade receivables revenue when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms. The contract liabilities primarily relate to the advance consideration received from the customers.
- iii) Contract modifications, if any, are accounted for when there is a change in the scope or price (or both) of a contract that is approved by the parties to the contract and when the parties to a contract approve a modification that either creates new or other changes existing enforceable rights and obligations of the parties to the contract.

Accounting for modifications of contracts involves assessing whether the services added to an existing contract are distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Contract modifications are recorded on standalone basis when the scope of the contract increases because of the addition of promised goods or services or the price of the contract increases by an amount of consideration that reflects the Company's standalone selling prices of the additional promised goods or services and any appropriate adjustments to that price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catch-up basis, while those that are distinct are accounted for prospectively, either as a separate contract, if the additional services are priced at the standalone selling price, or as a termination of the existing contract and creation of a new contract if not priced at the standalone selling price.

c) Revenue from trading of power

- i) Accounting for revenue from trading of power involves assessment of the contract conditions to determine whether the Company is required to act in the capacity of a principal or as an agent. The Company acts in the nature of a principal in case it obtains control of the electricity before transferring it to the customer. Indicators of control includes assessment of whether the company is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the electricity, it has the discretion to establish the price or whether it bears the inventory risk. Where the Company does not obtain control of the electricity before transferring it to the customer and its performance obligation is to arrange for the supply of electricity by another party, it acts in the nature of an agent.
- ii) Where the Company acts as a principal in a contract for trading of power, the amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligation that is satisfied is recognised as revenue.
- iii) Where the Company acts as an agent in a contract for trading of power, the net consideration retained after paying the supplier for the electricity provided to the customer is recognised as revenue from operations. Financial assets and liabilities arising out of these transactions are not set off.

d) Other income

- i) Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the same is established.
- ii) For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.
- iii) Interest/Surcharge recoverable from customers including those arising out of contracts for trading of power and liquidated damages /interest on advances to contractors is recognised when it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of revenue recognised will not occur in the future.

e) Revenue from sale of carbon credits/ CERs/VERs

Revenue is recognized on transfer/ sale of Carbon Credits/ Certified Emission Reductions (CERs)/ Verified Carbon Units (VCUs) to the extent it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of revenue recognized will not occur in the future.

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16.0 Employee Benefits

i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed or included in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term performance related cash bonus if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

ii) Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into separate trusts and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss or included in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion in the periods during which services are rendered by employees. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction from future payments is available. Contributions to a defined contribution plan that is due more than 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the service are discounted to their present value.

Employees Defined Contribution Superannuation Scheme (EDCSS) for providing pension benefits and Social Security Scheme administered through separate trusts are accounted for as defined contribution plans.

iii) Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's Gratuity Scheme, Retired Employees Health Scheme (REHS), Provident Fund Scheme, Allowance on Retirement/Death, Memento on Superannuation to employees and Employees Family Economic Rehabilitation Scheme are in the nature of defined benefit plans. All these plans, other than Allowance on Retirement/Death, Memento on Superannuation to employees and Employees Family Economic Rehabilitation Scheme are administered through separate trusts.

The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of Gratuity and Retired Employees Health Scheme is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets.

In respect of Provident Fund Scheme, a liability is recognised in the Balance Sheet where the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period is higher than the fair value of plan assets. Any surplus of fair value of plan assets over the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period is not recognised as an asset since the Company does not have any right to the benefits either in the form of refunds from the Plan or by way of lower contribution to the Plan.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by the actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in locally employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss or included in the carrying 305074E

amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion.

Remeasurement gains (except in the case of Provident Fund Scheme) and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised directly in Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur and are included in retained earnings in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

iv) Other long-term employee benefits

Benefits under the Company's leave encashment scheme constitute other long term employee benefits.

The Company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any related assets is deducted. The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the reporting date that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Company's obligations. The calculation is performed using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Contributions to the scheme and actuarial gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss or included in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion in the period in which they arise.

v) Termination benefits

The expenses incurred on terminal benefits in the form of ex-gratia payments and notice pay on voluntary retirement schemes are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of incurrence of such expenses.

17.0 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of (a) interest expense calculated using the effective interest method as described in Ind AS 109 – 'Financial Instruments' (b) finance charges in respect of finance leases recognized in accordance with Ind AS 116– 'Leases' and(c) exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such asset until such time the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which necessarily take substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

When the Company borrows funds specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the borrowing costs incurred are capitalised. When the Company borrows funds generally and uses them for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the capitalisation of the borrowing costs is computed based on the weighted average cost of all borrowings that are outstanding during the period and used for the acquisition, construction/exploration or erection of the qualifying asset. However, borrowing costs applicable to borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset are excluded from this calculation, until substantially all the activities necessary to prepare that asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

Income earned on temporary investment of the borrowings pending their expenditure on the qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Capitalisation of borrowing cost ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for their intended use are complete.

Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

18.0 Depreciation and amortization

- a) Depreciation on additions to /deductions from Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE) during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from / up to the date on which the asset is available for use / disposal.
- b) (i) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment of Operating Units of the Company capitalized till five years before the end of the useful life of the Power Station is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss on straight-line method following the rates and methodology notified by CERC for the fixation of tariff except for assets specified in Policy No. 18.0(d).
 - (ii) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment capitalized during the last five years of the useful life of a Power Station is charged on straight-line method for the period of extended life as per CERC Tariff Regulations/Orders, from the date on which such asset becomes available for use.
 - (iii) Where the life and / or efficiency of a Power Station is increased due to renovation and modernization, the expenditure thereon along with its unamortized depreciable amount is charged prospectively on straight-line method over the revised / remaining useful life.
- c) i) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment (except old and used) of other than Operating Units of the Company is charged to the extent of 90% of the cost of the asset following the rates notified by CERC for the fixation of tariff except for assets specified in Policy No. 18.0(d).
 - ii) Depreciation on old and used items of PPE of other than Operating Units is charged on straight-line method to the extent of 90% of the cost of the asset over estimated useful life determined on the basis of technical assessment.
- d) i) Depreciation in respect of following items of PPE is provided on straight line method based on the useful life and residual value (5%) given in the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013:
 - Construction Plant and Machinery
 - Computer and Peripherals
 - ii) Based on technical assessment, depreciation on Mobile Phones is provided on straight line basis over a period of three years with residual value of Re 1.
 - iii) Based on technical assessment, depreciation on Roof Top Solar Power System / Equipment is provided on straight line basis over a period of twenty five years with residual value of 10%.
 - (iv) Based on technical assessment, depreciation on furniture & other equipment provided at residential office of employees is charged on straight line basis over a period of five years with residual value of 10%.
- e) Temporary erections are depreciated fully (100%) in the year of acquisition /capitalization by retaining Re. 1/- as WDV.
- f) All assets valuing Rs. 5000/- or less but more than Rs. 750/- are fully depreciated/amortised during the year in which the asset becomes available for use with WDV of Re. 1/- for tangible assets as WDV and NIL for Intangible Assets.
- g) Low value items, which are in the nature of assets (excluding immovable assets) and valuing up to Rs. 750/- are not capitalized and charged off to expenditure in the year of use.
- h) Leasehold Land of operating units is amortized over the period of lease or over the life of the Power Plant (40 years in case of Hydro Projects and 25 years in case of Solar & Wind Projects) whichever is lower, following the rates and methodology notified vide tariff regulations.

- i) Leasehold Land and buildings of units other than operating units, is amortized over the period of lease or over the life of the Power Plant (40 years in case of Hydro Projects and 25 years in case of Solar & Wind Projects), whichever is lower.
- j) PPE created on leasehold land are depreciated to the extent of 90% of original cost over the balance available lease period of respective land from the date such asset is available for use or at the applicable depreciation rates & methodology notified by CERC tariff regulations for such assets, whichever is higher.
- k) Land-Right of Use is amortized over a period of 30 years from the date of commercial operation of the project in line with CERC tariff regulations notified for tariff fixation.
- Cost of software recognized as 'Intangible Assets' is amortized on straight line method over a period of legal right to use or three financial years, whichever is earlier, starting from the year in which it is acquired. Other intangible assets are amortized on straight line method over the period of legal right to use or life of the related plant, whichever is less. The period and method of amortization of intangible assets with finite useful life is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, wherever required.
- m) Where the cost of depreciable assets has undergone a change during the year due to increase/decrease in long term liabilities on account of exchange fluctuation, price adjustment, settlement of arbitration/court cases, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortized balance of such assets is depreciated prospectively over the residual life of such assets at the rate of depreciation and methodology notified by CERC tariff regulations.
- n) Spare parts procured along with the Plant and Machinery or subsequently which are capitalized and added in the carrying amount of such item are depreciated over the residual useful life of the related plant and machinery at the rates and methodology notified by CERC.
- o) Useful life, method of depreciation and residual value of assets where depreciation is charged as per management assessment are reviewed at the end of each financial year and adjusted prospectively over the balance useful life of the asset, wherever required.

19.0 Impairment of non-financial assets other than inventories

- a) The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets of the Company. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- b) In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators. Fair value less costs of disposal is determined only in case carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds the value in the contraction of the c

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- c) In case of expenditure on survey & investigation of projects, if it is decided to abandon such a project, expenditure incurred thereon is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which such decision is taken.
- d) In case a project under survey and Investigation remains in abeyance by the order of appropriate authority/ by injunction of court order, any expenditure incurred on such projects from the date of order/injunction of court is provided in the books from the date of such order till the period project is kept in abeyance by such order/injunction. Provision so made is however reversed on the revocation of aforesaid order/injunction.
- e) Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

20.0 Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a) Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year on the basis of the tax laws applicable at the reporting date and any adjustments to tax payable in previous years. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years (temporary differences) and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible (permanent differences).

b) Deferred tax

- i) Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of an asset or liability in a transaction that at the time of the transaction affects neither the taxable profit or loss nor the accounting profit or loss.
- ii) The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.
- iii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would flow in the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

- iv) Deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Equity.
- v) Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.
- vi) Deferred tax recovery adjustment account is credited/ debited to the extent the deferred tax for the current period forms part of current tax in the subsequent periods and affects the computation of return on equity (ROE), a component of tariff.
- vii) When there is uncertainty regarding income tax treatments, the Company assesses whether a tax authority is likely to accept an uncertain tax treatment. If it concludes that the tax authority is unlikely to accept an uncertain tax treatment, the effect of the uncertainty on taxable income, tax bases and unused tax losses and unused tax credits is recognised. The effect of the uncertainty is recognised using the method that, in each case, best reflects the outcome of the uncertainty: the most likely outcome or the expected value. For each case, the Company evaluates whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately, or in conjunction with another or several other uncertain tax treatments, based on the approach that best prefixes the resolution of uncertainty.

21.0 Compensation from third parties

Impairments or losses of items, related claims for payments of compensation from third parties including insurance companies and any subsequent purchase or construction of assets/inventory are separate economic events and are accounted for separately.

Compensation from third parties including from insurance companies for items of property, plant and equipment or for other items that were impaired, lost or given up is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the compensation becomes receivable. Insurance claims for loss of profit are accounted for based on certainty of realisation.

22.0 Segment Reporting

- a) In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segment, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of internal reports used by the Company's Management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. The Board of Directors is collectively the Company's "Chief Operating Decision Maker" or "CODM" within the meaning of Ind AS 108.
- b) Electricity generation is the principal business activity of the Company. Other operations viz., Contracts, Project Management, Consultancy works and Trading of Power do not form a reportable segment as per the Ind AS -108.

23.0 Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease at the inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset, whether the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of lease and whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified. Where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset if it has the right to operate the asset.

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Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of land and buildings in which it is a lessee, the Company has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

i. Company as a lessee

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Land taken for use from State Government (without transfer of title) and expenses on relief and rehabilitation as also on creation of alternate facilities for land evacuees or in lieu of existing facilities coming under submergence and where construction of such alternate facilities is a specific pre-condition for the acquisition of the land for the purpose of the project, are accounted for as Right of Use Assets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated/amortized from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset, if the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset by the end of lease term or if the cost of right-of-use assets reflects that the purchase option will be exercised. Otherwise, Right-of-use assets are depreciated/amortized from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment.

Right-of-use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments; discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate. Future lease payments comprise of the fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise or the penalty for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or when a lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. 3060746

When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line item on the face of the Balance Sheet.

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in respect of short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases where the underlying asset is of low-value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

ii. Company as a lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset.

Where the Company determines a long term Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) to be or to contain a lease and where the off taker has the principal risk and rewards of ownership of the power plant through its contractual arrangements with the Company, the arrangement is considered a finance lease. For embedded leases in the nature of a Finance Lease, the investment in the power station is recognised as a Lease Receivable. The minimum lease receipts are identified by segregating the embedded lease receipts from the contract amounts (including Advance Against Depreciation (AAD) recognised in accordance with CERC Tariff regulations 2004-09 up to 31st March 2009 and considered as deferred income). Each lease receipt is allocated between the receivable and finance lease income (forming part of revenue from operations) so as to achieve a constant rate of return on the Lease Receivable outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company regularly reviews the estimated unguaranteed residual value and applies the impairment requirements of Ind AS 109-Financial Instruments for recognising an allowance for expected credit losses on the lease receivables.

Finance lease income is calculated with reference to the gross carrying amount of the lease receivables, except for credit-impaired financial assets for which interest income is calculated with reference to their amortised cost (i.e. after a deduction of the loss allowance).

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Company applies Ind AS 115- Revenue from Contracts with Customers to allocate the consideration in the contract.

In the case of Operating Leases or embedded operating leases, the lease income from the operating lease is recognised in revenue over the lease term to reflect the pattern of use benefit derived from the leased asset. The respective leased assets are included in the Balance Sheet based on their nature and depreciated over its economic life.

24.0 Business combinations

(i) Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition accounting method as at the date of the acquisition, which is the date at which control is transferred to the Company. The consideration transferred in the acquisition and the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognized at fair values on their acquisition date. Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the consideration transferred over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Where the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceed the consideration transferred, after reassessing the reserve. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred.

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(ii) Business combinations involving entities that are controlled by the Company are accounted for using the pooling of interests method wherein the assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts and no adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognise any new assets or liabilities. The only adjustments that are made are to harmonise accounting policies.

The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination. However, where the business combination had occurred after that date, the prior period information is restated only from that date.

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee. The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

Material prior period errors 25.0

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated unless it is impracticable, in which case, the comparative information is adjusted to apply the new accounting policy prospectively from the earliest date practicable.

Earnings per share 26.0

- a) Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year.
- b) Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.
- c) Basic and diluted earnings per equity share are also presented using the earnings amounts excluding the movements in regulatory deferral account balances.

Statement of Cash Flows 27.0

a) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. However, for Balance Sheet presentation, Bank overdrafts are shown within "Borrowings" under Current Liabilities.

b) Statement of cash flows is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7- 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

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Current versus non-current classification 28.0

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/noncurrent classification.

- a) An asset is current when it is:
 - Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
 - · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- b) A liability is current when:
 - It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

c) Deferred tax assets /liabilities are classified as non-current assets / liabilities.

29.0 Non -Current Assets Classified as Held for Sale

The Company classifies non-current assets and disposal groups as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. Indicators in this regard include whether management is committed to the sale, whether such sale is expected to be completed within one year from the date of classification as held for sale and whether the actions required to complete the plan of sale indicates that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn. Non-Current Assets held for sale and disposal groups are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and their fair value. Cost of disposal is deducted from the recognized value, if significant. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets once classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortized.

30.0 Miscellaneous

- a) Each material class of similar items is presented separately in the financial statements. Items of a dissimilar nature or function are presented separately unless they are immaterial.
- b) Liabilities for Goods in transit/Capital works executed but not certified are not provided for, pending transfer of ownership, inspection and acceptance by the Company.



NOTE NO. 2.1 Property, Plant and Equipment as on 31.03.2024

(₹in lakhs)

				GR	OSS BLOCK	(m - T			DEPREC	CIATION		NETE	LOCK
SI. No.	PARTICULARS	As at	Addi	itions	Dedu	ections	Other	As at 31st March,	As at	For the year	Adjustments		As at 31st March,	As at
		01-Apr-2023	IUT	Others	IUT	Others	Adjustments	2024	01-Apr-2023	, or the year	Aujustinents	March, 2024	2024	31st March, 2023
)	Land - Freehold	290.38						290.38	- 2				290.38	290.38
i)	Roads and Bridges	79.18						79.18	75.22		- Te	75.22	3.96	3.96
if)	Buildings	193.19		198,54				391.73	193.10	0.59	0.00	193.69	198.03	0.09
v)	Railway sidings	19							(4)		- 0.50	130,03	190.03	0.09
/)	Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels)	₹ <u>₩</u> 1						9 E	(5)	<u>;</u>		4	-	
/i)	Generating Plant and machinery	26.59						26.59	1.18	1.40	0.00	2.59	24.01	25.41
/ii)	Plant and machinery Sub station	121		0.85				0.85	(4)	0.03	120	0.03	0.82	
viil)	Plant and machinery Transmission lines	127.						ž.	85.		981	3	₹.	-
x)	Plant and machinery Others	33.51						33,51	21.20	0.61	(0.00)	21.81	11.70	12.31
k)	Construction Equipment	25.36		0.88				26.25	1.08	2.01	(0.00)	3.09	23,15	24.28
ci)	Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	1.93						1,93	0.04	0.06	757	0.11	1.83	1,89
kii)	Electrical installations	62.43		1.67		1		64.09	56.18	0.07	0.00	56.26	7.83	0.04
kiii)	Vehicles	6.15		4.17		-		10.32	5.53	5.07	0.00	5.53	4.79	6.24 0.61
kiv)	Aircraft/ Boats									-	180	3.33	4,79	
cv)	Furniture and fixture	30.51		24.94				55,45	9.20	7.31	(0.00)	16.51	38,94	24.04
cvi)	Computers	89.12		38.87		3.68		124,30	22.12	34.09	(0.48)	55.74	68.57	21.31 66.99
(Vii)	Communication Equipment	1.47		0.82		1		2.29	0.24	0.25	(0.40)	0.49		1.23
kviii)	Office Equipments	49.24		28.81				78.05	18.96	5.62	(0.00)	24.58	53.48	30.28
	Total	889,06		299,55		3,68	-	1,184.92	404.07	52.06	(0.48)	455,65	729,28	484,99
	Previous year	889.06						889.06	404.07			404.07	484.99	484.99

Note: -

2.1.1 (a) Title deeds of Immoveable Properties not held in name of the Company as on 31st March 2024:-

Relevent Line Item In the Balance Sheet	Description of Item of Property	Gross Carrying Value	Title Deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of Promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
	Land					
Property, Plant and Equipment	Building					
	Others					

(b) Title deeds of Immoveable Properties not held in name of the Company as on 31st March 2023;-

Relevent Line item in the Balance Sheet	Description of Item of Property	Gross Carrying Value	Title Deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of Promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
	Land	0			1444	
Property, Plant and Equipment	Building	0				
	Others	0				

- 2.1.2 Refer Note No 34(9) of Financial Statement for information of non-current assets equitably mortgaged/hypothecated with banks as security for related borrowings.
- 2.1.3 Refer Note no. 34(18) of Financial Statements for information regarding Impairment of Assets.
- 2.1.4 Foreign Exchange Rate Variation included in Adjustments to assets : NIL



Annexure-I to NOTE NO. 2.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹in lakhs)

					GROSS BLOC	CK				DEPREC	IATION		NETE	IL.OCK
SI. No.	PARTICULARS	As at	Addi	tions	Dedu	ıctions	Other	As at 31st March,	As at	F41	A 174	As at 31st	As at 31st March,	As at
		01-Apr-2023	IUT	Others	IUT	Others	Adjustments	2024	01-Apr-2023	For the year	Adjustments	March, 2024	2024	31st March, 2023
i)	Land - Freehold	290	0	0	0	0	(290	0		0	0	290	290
ii)	Roads and Bridges	79	0	0	0	0	(79	75	0	0	75		
iii)	Buildings	193	0	199	0	0	- (392	193	- 3	0	194	198	
iv)	Railway sidings	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		Ċ
v)	Hydraullc Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels)	o	0	0	0	0	(o	0	0	0	q	0	(
vi)	Generating Plant and machinery	27	0	0	0	0	(27	1	1	0	3	24	25
vli)	Plant and machinery Sub station	0	0	1	0	0	(1	0	0	0	0	1	
viii)	Plant and machinery Transmission lines	0	0	О	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	(
ix)	Plant and machinery Others	34	.0	0	0	0		34	21	1	0	22	12	12
x)	Construction Equipment	25	0	1	0	0		26	1	2	0	3	23	
xi)	Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	2	0	0	0	0	(2	0	0	0	C	2	-
xii)	Electrical Installations	62	0	2	0	0		64	56	0	0	56	8	-
xiii)	Vehicles	6	0	4	0	0		10	6		0	6	5	
xiv)	Aircraft/ Boats	0	0		0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	
XV)	Furniture and fixture	31	0	25	0	. 0		55	9	7	0	17		
xvi)	Computers	89	0	39	0	4			22			56		
xvii)	Communication Equipment	1	0	1	0	0			.0			- 0	2	
xvili)	Office Equipments	49	0	29	0	0	(78	19	6	0	25		
	Total	889	0	300	0	4		1185	404	52	0	456		
	Previous year	889						889	404			404	485	485

Note:

Underground works amounting to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL), created on Land -Right to Use classified under Right of use Assets, are included under the relevant heads of Property, Plant and Equipment.



2.2 Deduction on account of others (Transfer out to Subsidiary companies)

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block (₹ in lakhs)	Net Block Deduction (₹ in lakhs)	Name of Subsidiary Company	Advice number	Accumulated Depreciation till 31.03.2023	
								1.5
								3-6
\neg								
\neg								
T								3,00
1	Total							

2.3 Deductions on account of Inter-unit Transfer

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block Deduction (₹ in	Detail of the Uni which Assets Sent		Advice number	Accumulated Depreciation	Gross Block Deduction at
(*			lakhs)	Name of Unit / Company	Code of Unit / Company		till 31.03.2023	Deemed Cost.
								360
								(2)
		V						
								220
	Total							

3. Addition / Deduction of Fixed assets on account of Adjustments (FERV, Reclassification, Capitalization Adjustments, Change in Head of Account)

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block Adjusted (₹ In (+) for Additon, (-) for Deduction)	Accumulated Depreciation till 31.03.2023	Gross Block Adjusted at Deemed Cost.	Nature
-						
To	tal					



JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED

Annexure to Note 2.1 & 2.5 as at 31.03.2024

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block Adjusted (₹ in lakhs)
1	TRANSIT CAMP AND FIELD HOSTEL	410321	198.54
2	CONTROL METERING AND PROTECTION	410806	0.85
3	PUMPS	411112	0.88
4	POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM-ADMINISTRAT	411402	1.67
5	VEHICLES - DECLARED SURPLUS /UNSE	413015	4.17
6	FURNITURE-FIXTURES-OFFICE	411701	1.22
7	FURNITURE-FIXTURES-OFFICE	411702	11,25
в	FURNITURE-FIXTURES-FIELD HOSTEL/ 1	411707	9.10
9	FURNITURE-FIXTURES-MINOR VALUE >7	411710	3.23
10	FURNITURE-FIXTURES-RESIDENTIAL OF	411712	0.16
11	PRINTERS	411803	8,69
12	OTHER EDP EQUIPMENTS	411804	2.27
13	COMPUTERS & PERIPHERALS -RESIDEN	411811	27.92
14	MOBILE PHONES/ CELLULAR PHONES- F	411902	0.73
15	TELEPHONE TELEX MACHINES	411911	0,09
16	CLUB EQUIPMENTS	412006	0.46
17	AIR CONDITIONERS	412008	1.84
18	TELEVISION / MUSIC SYSTEM FOR OFFIC	412014	5.06
19	OTHER OFFICE EQUIPMENTS	412020	0,47
20	OTHER EQUIPMENT-RESIDENTIAL OFFIC	412021	16.78
21	OTHER EQUIPMENTS-RESIDENTIAL OFF	412022	0.62
22	MISCELLANEOUS ASSETS/EQUIPMENTS	412503	2.35
23	REFRIGERATOR OTHER THAN FOR OFF	412505	0.88
24	FIXED ASSETS OF MINOR VALUE >750<	412801	0.36
			299.55
-1	Total		299.55



l. 0	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block of Assets (₹ in lakhs)	where Assets Rec	t / Company from elved (Transferred n)	Advice number	Accumulated	Gross Block
				Name of Unit / Company	Code of Unit / Company		Depreciation till 31.03.2023	
1					e.g. 100 , 101			
Total								

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block Addition (₹ in lakhs)	Accumulated Depreciation till 31.03.2023	Gross Block Deduction at Deemed Cost.
	COMPUTERS & PERIPHERALS -RESIDEN	41811	3,68,100.00	0	3,68,100.00
4					
1					
1					
1					
1					
-					- :
7	Total		3,68,100.00	0	



2.2 Deduction on account of others (Transfer out to Subsidiary companies)

SI. Particular of assets Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Head of account lakhs | Particular of assets | Parti

SI. No	luctions on account of Inter-unit Tra Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block Deduction (₹ in	Detall of the Un which Assets Se		Advice number	Accumulated Depreclation	
) 3			lakhs)	Name of Unit / Company	Code of Unit / Company		till 31.03.2023	Deemed Cost.
				3000170000				
-								
_								
								85_
								•
								*
Total								

3. Addition / Deduction of Fixed assets on account of Adjustments

il.		Head of account	Gross block Adjusted (₹ In (+) for Addition, (-) for Deduction)	Accumulated Depreclation till 31.03.2023	Gross Block Adjusted at Deemed Cost.	Nature
	TRANSIT CAMP AND FIELD HOSTEL	41-03-21	198,54	0	198.54	Capitalised
	SURPLUS ASSETS	41-30-02	(4.17)	0	(4.17)	Change in HOA
_	VEHICLES - DECLARED SURPLUS /UNSE	41-30-15	4.17	0	4.17	Change in HOA
	Total		198,54		198,54	



Note no. 2.2 Capital Work In Progress

		44	Addition	Adjustment	Capitalised	(₹ in lakhs) As at 31st March, 2024
S.No	Particulars	As at 01-Apr-2023	Addition	Adjustilient	Capitaliseu	
i)	Roads and Bridges	1,614,31	66.70			1,681.01
ii)	Buildings	13,849.33	2,048.68		19B,54	15,699.48
iii)	Building-Under Lease	E	- a			
iv	Railway sidings	V.E.	:9			
v)	Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels)	46,672.76	21,516.84			68,189.60
viì	Generating Plant and Machinery	12,323.67	9,770.92			22,094.59
vii)	Plant and Machinery - Sub station					
viii)	Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines	1,657.94	1,147.50			2,805,44
ix)	Plant and Machinery - Others	5.8	14			
x)	Construction Equipment	· ·	39			
xí]	Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
xii)	Computers					•
xiii)	Communication Equipment					-
xiv)	Office Equipments		- 1			- 2
xv)	Assets awaiting installation	- E41				
xvI)	CWIP - Assets Under 5 KM Scheme Of the GOI	a):	34			*:
xvii)	Survey, investigation, consultancy and supervision charges	2,305.69	1,042.71			3,348.40
xviii)	Expenditure on compensatory Afforestation	30				
xix)	Expenditure attributable to construction (Refer Note-32)	82,050.91	8 584.83			90,635.74
	Less: Capital Work in Progress Provided (Refer Note 2.2.4)	1,03,086.51				1,03,086.51
	Sub total (a)	57,388.10	44,178.18		198.54	1,01,367.75
	Construction Stores				-	•
	Less : Provisions for construction stores	•			- 0	
	Sub total (b)	127		¥.		
	TOTAL	57,388.10	44,178.18	•	198.54	1,01,367.75
	Previous year	57,388.10				57,388.10

2.2.1

	Ar				
CWIP	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress	43,979.65	34,522.15	4,593.92	18,272,02	1,01,367,75
Projects temporarily Suspended					
Total	43,979.65	34,522.15	4,593.92	18 272 02 1	1,01,367,75

		To be Completed in							
CWIP	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years					
				11177777					
Total									

(a) CWIP aging schedule as on 31st March 2023

	Amount in CWIP for a period of							
CWIP	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total			
Projects in Progress	34,522.15	4,593.92	362	18,272,02	57,388.10			
Projects temporarily Suspended								
Total	34,522.15	4,593,92	6	18,272,02	57,388.10			

- V Control and a control a		To be Completed in							
CWIP	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total				
					-				
Total	-								

2.2.3 Expenditure attributable to Construction (EAC) includes ₹ 4415.51 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 662.51 Lakhs) towards borrowing cost capitalised during the year. - Only for construction projects. (Also Refer Note-32)

2.2.4 Underground Works amounting to ₹ NIL. (Previous year ₹ NIL) created on "Land -Right to Use" classified under Right of Use Assets, are included under respective heads of Capital Work in Progress (CWIP).

2.2.5 Refer Note no. 34(7) of Financial Statements for information of non-current assets pledged with banks as security for related borrowings.

2.2.6 Refer Note no. 34(16) of Financial Statements for information regarding Impairment of Assets.



Annexure to Note 2.2

SIL GURI FRN-306074E

ered Accour

PROTOCETS SENERTIS EXPENSES 1,37501 & 4,37590 & 3,403.2021	CUMMULATIVE EDC		(₹in la	khs)
### A 1975 BA		Linkage		
137501 & 437509 137500	EMPLOYEES BENEFITS EXPENSES	em.ope		
Salaries, wages, allowances Saraturky and contribution to provident fund (including administration each) Saraturky and contribution to provident fund (including administration at 37500 437502 665.50 395.3 438.19 292.1 437503 438.19 292.1 437504 665.50 395.3 438.19 292.1 437504 665.50 395.3 438.19 292.1 437504 665.50 395.3 438.19 292.1 437504 665.50 6	. CITI LO I ELO DEITCI II O EM CITOCO	437501 & 437589		
Salaries, wages, allowances 37500 7,407.89 5,645.75 5,747.89 5,645.75 5,747.89 5,645.75 5,747.89 5,645.75 5,747.89 5,645.75 5,64				
Firetulty and contribution to provident fund (including administration	Salaries wages allowances		7.407.89	5,645,72
Seal			.,	-,
Tarif welfare expenses any & Pension Contribution 437504 4		437302	661.60	396 33
### Salary & Pension Contribution ### Sub-total(n) ### Less: Capitalized During the year/Period ### Sub-total(n) ### Less: Capitalized During the year/Period ### Sub-total(n) #	,	427502		
Sub-total(q) Less: Capitalized During the year/Period Sub-total(q) B,507.68 6,334.2	•		450.15	232.1.
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period \$0.500.00000000000000000000000000000000	·	43/504	0.503.60	C 224 2
Sub-total(A) 8,507.68 6,334.2	• • •		8,507.68	0,334.2.
NERATION AND OTHER EXPENSES ACMATRIA USAGE CHARGES AT PROJECTS GENERATING WIRMIN POWER CONSUMPTION OF STORES AND SPARES AT PROJECTS GENERATING WIRMIN POWER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE-DAM/WATER REGULATING SYSEM AT ROJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE-GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT ROJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER REpairs-Building 437511	·	438103		
ACWATER UNAGE CAMERGS AT MODICTS CEREBATING IMPRIM POWER UNFIRM POWER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- DAM/WATER REGULATING SYSEM AT REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT REPAI	Sub-total(A)	-	8,507.68	6,334.2
ACWATER UNAGE CAMERGS AT MODICTS CEREBATING IMPRIM POWER UNFIRM POWER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- DAM/WATER REGULATING SYSEM AT REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT REPAI		<u> </u>		
DONSUMPTION OF STORES AND SPARES AT PROJECTS GENERATING NATION		107505		
NERM POWER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE-DAM/WATER REGULATING SYSEM AT ROJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE-GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT REJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE-GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT REJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER Repairs-building 437512			-	
REPAIR AND MAINTEMANCE- DAM/WATER REGULATING SYSEM AT ROJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER		437507		
REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT REPAIR SHURIMING INFIRM POWER (bepairs-Machinery 437511 - 1			*	
REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT ROJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER		437508		
REPAIR AND WARTHER OWER (PAIRS IN FIRM POWER (PAIRS IN FIRM POWER) 437510 60.70 39.6 feepairs-Building (Pairs Power) 437511 60.70 39.6 feepairs-Duilding (Pairs Power) 437512 306.52 279.91 feepairs-Others 437514 437518 87.34 716.01 dates and taxes 437515 241.83 241.55 insurance 437516 4,113.99 2,892.61 feet (Pairs Power) 437518 131.24 120.55 feet (Pairs Power) 437518 131.24 120.55 feet (Pairs Power) 437519 256.18 220.55 feet (Pairs Power) 437520 14.9 0.99 feet (Pairs Pow	PROJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER			
tepairs-Building 437510 60.70 39.6 tepairs-Machinery 437511 300.52 279.93 tent 437512 300.52 279.93 tent 437514 437518 887.34 716.00 tent 437516 4,113.99 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,111.39 2,826.61 4,126.51 <	REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE- GPM/ OTHER POWER PLANT SYSTEM AT	437509		
Pagins - Machinery 437511 437512 30.6.52 279.9; tepairs - Others 437512 30.6.52 279.9; tepairs - Others 437514 & 437518 887.34 716.00	PROJECTS GENERATING INFIRM POWER		ä	
Pagairs-Machinery	Repairs-Building	437510	60.70	39.67
Papairs Others 437512 306.52 279.91			9	
tent 437514 & 437588 887.34 716.00 tates and taxes 437515 241.83 241.55			306.52	279.9
Action of taxes and taxes 437515 241.83 241.55 ansurance 437516 4,113.99 2,892.6. asurance 437516 4,113.99 4,830. asurance 437517 613.95 438.00 lectricity Charges 437517 613.95 438.00 lectricity Charges 437519 256.18 120.55 aravelling and Conveyance 437519 256.18 120.55 aravelling and Conveyance 437519 256.18 120.55 aravelling and Conveyance 437519 106.30 73.81 (divertisement and publicity 437522 106.30 73.81 (divertisement and publicity 437522 106.30 73.81 (divertisement and publicity 437523 106.30 73.81 (divertisement and publicity 437531 106.30 73.81 (divertisement and publicity 437532 10.97 (divertisement and publicity 437533 10.97 (divertisement and publicity 437534 10.97 (divertisement and publicity 437542 10.97 (divertisement and publicity 437542 10.97 (divertisement and publicity 437544 10.97 (divertis	•			
Agrication of the properties o				
Ectrifty expenses 437517 613.95 438.00 Ilectricity Charges 437518 131.24 120.55 Intervieting and Conveyance 437519 256.18 220.55 Xpenses on vehicles 437520 1.49 0.99 Intervieting and Postage 437521 106.30 73.81 Avidertisement and publicity 437522 106.30 73.81 Avidertisement and hospitality expenses 437523 106.37 54.41 Intervieting and stationery 437524 60.37 54.41 Intervieting and Stationery 437525 1.263.38 1,256.65 Intervieting and Stationery 437527 1.263.38 1,256.65 Intervieting and Stationery 437531 1.09 Intervieting and Stationery 437532 1.09 Intervieting and Stationery 437531 1.09 Intervieting and Stationery 437532 1.09 Intervieting and Stationery 437533 1.09 Intervieting and Stationery 437534 1.09 Intervieting and Stationery 437534 1.09 Intervieting and Stationery 437530 3.20 Intervieting and Stationery 4				
Identificity Charges 437518 131.24 120.55 ravelling and Conveyance 437519 256.18 220.55 ravelling and Conveyance 437520 1.49 0.99				
ravelling and Conveyance 437519 256.18 220.51 xpenses on vehicles 437520 1.49 0.91 clephone, telex and Postage 437521 10.63 73.81 clephone, telex and Postage 437522				
Xpenses on vehicles 437520 1.49 0.99				
elephone, telex and Postage divertisement and publicity day522 trinting and stationery day552 trinting and stationery day552 temuneration to Auditors design and Consultancy charges: - Indigenous - Foreign - Foreign A37527 xpenses on compensatory afforestation/ catchment area treatment/ nurironmental expenses/development expenses xpenditure on land not belonging to corporation and acquisition and rehabilitation A27533 AC - LEASE RENT oss on assets/ materials written off osses on sale of assets 3437528 3437530 3.20 Ather general expenses Sub-total (b) Less: Capitalized During the year/Period Sub-total(B) ANCE COST Interest on: a) Government of India loan b) Bonds c) Foreign loan d) Trem loan e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost os on Hedging Transactions d) Gourantee fee on loan 437547 d) Gourantee fee on loan				
Advertisement and publicity 437522 - Intertainment and hospitality expenses 437523 - Intertainment and hospitality expenses 437524 60.37 54.45 (60.3	·			
Arce Cost Intertainment and hospitality expenses Archite and stationery Archite and Consultancy charges: - Indigenous - Foreign Archite and Consultancy charges: - Indigenous - Foreign Archite and Consultancy afforestation / catchment area treatment / archite and architecture ar	Telephone, telex and Postage		106.30	73.83
rinting and stationery 437524 60.37 54.48 femuneration to Auditors 437552 - 6989 and Consultancy charges: - Indigenous 437526 1,263.38 1,256.69	Advertisement and publicity		3	
termuneration to Auditors 437552	Entertainment and hospitality expenses	437523	*	
### Proof of the second consultancy charges: - Indigenous	Printing and stationery	437524	60.37	54.43
- Indigenous	Remuneration to Auditors	437552	9	
- Foreign	Design and Consultancy charges:			
Aypenses on compensatory afforestation/ catchment area treatment/ A37531	- Indigenous	437526	1,263.38	1,256.62
1.97 1.97	- Foreign	437527	€	n 5
1.97	Expenses on compensatory afforestation/ catchment area treatment/	437531		
Application	•		1.97	
and acquisition and rehabilitation XPENDITUR ON WORK OF DOWNSTREAM PROTECTION WORKS AC - LEASE RENT Oss on assets/ materials written off 37528 A37528 437530 3.20 A37525 A3700 A38102		437532	8	
ARCE COST Interest on : a) Government of India loan 437542 b) Bonds C) Foreign loan 437542 c) Foreign loan 437543 d) Term loan e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost Gourantee fee on loan 437547 Gourantee fee on loan 437548 Gourantee fee on loan 695.80 Gourantee fee on loan Gourantee fee on			2	
ACC - LEASE RENT 437534 - 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97	·		2	
ANCE COST Sub-total (b)			2	
ANCE COST Interest on : a) Government of India loan b) Bonds c) Foreign loan d) Term loan e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost os on Hedging Transactions b) Bond issue/ service expenses c) Gourantee fee on loan 437542 d) Guarantee fee on loan 437543 d) Guarantee fee on loan 3.20 437535 437535 1,317.30 3.20 437535 1,317.30 438102 9,413.00 7,659.13 438102 9,413.00 7,659.13 438102 9,413.00 7,659.13 437540 437541 - 437542 - 437545 - 437545 - 437546 - 437546 - 437547 - 437547 - 437548 695.80 90.77			6 97	6.0
ANCE COST Interest on : a) Government of India loan 437542 508 credit facilities /WCDL 66,384.77 66,384.77 66,384.77 66,384.77 60 commitment fee 437547 695.80 90.77 600.77 6				0.57
Sub-total (b) 9,413.00 7,659.13 Less: Capitalized During the year/Period 438102 - Sub-total(B) 9,413.00 7,659.13 ANCE COST Interest on : a) Government of India loan 437540 - b) Bonds 437541 - c) Foreign loan 437542 - d) Term loan 437543 and 44 70,195.14 66,384.73 e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL 437545 - g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost 437554 - oss on Hedging Transactions 437546 - i) Commitment fee 437547 - i) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.77				4.247.34
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period Sub-total(B) 438102 - ANCE COST 9,413.00 7,659.13 Interest on: 3) Government of India loan 437540 - b) Bonds 437541 - c) Foreign loan 437542 - d) Term loan 437543 and 44 70,195.14 66,384.73 e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL 437545 - g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost on Hedging Transactions 437555 - b) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 - i) Commitment fee 437547 - d) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.77	- '	43/525 & 43/535		
Sub-total(B) ANCE COST Interest on : a) Government of India loan b) Bonds c) Foreign loan d) Term loan e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost ons on Hedging Transactions b) Bond issue/ service expenses d) Gommitment fee d) Guarantee fee on loan A37543 695.80 7,659.13 437540 437540 437541 437542 437545 437545 437555 437555 437546 437547 695.80 90.77			9,413.00	7,659.1:
ANCE COST Interest on: a) Government of India loan b) Bonds c) Foreign loan d) Term loan e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost ons Hedging Transactions b) Bond issue/ service expenses d) Gommitment fee d) Guarantee fee on loan A37548 695.80 90.77		438102	D 443 CC	70000
Interest on : a) Government of India loan b) Bonds 437541 c) Foreign loan 437542 d) Term loan 437543 and 44 70,195.14 66,384.73 e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost on Hedging Transactions) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 i) Commitment fee 437547 d) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.73	Sub-total(B)	·	9,413.00	7,659.13
Interest on : a) Government of India loan b) Bonds 437541 c) Foreign loan 437542 d) Term loan 437543 and 44 70,195.14 66,384.73 e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost on Hedging Transactions) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 i) Commitment fee 437547 d) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.73	THANKS COST			
a) Government of India loan 437540 - b) Bonds 437541 - c) Foreign loan 437542 - d) Term loan 437543 and 44 70,195.14 66,384.73 e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL 437545 - g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost on Hedging Transactions 437555 - b) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 - ii) Commitment fee 437547 - b) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.73				
b) Bonds 437541	•	437840		
c) Foreign loan 437542 - 437543 and 44 70,195.14 66,384.73 and 44 70,195.14 and 43754 and			8	1
d) Term loan 437543 and 44 70,195.14 66,384.75 e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL 437545 - g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost oss on Hedging Transactions 437555 - b Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 - ii) Commitment fee 437547 - d) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.75	·		8	
e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL 437545 - g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost 437554 - oss on Hedging Transactions 437555 - b) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 - ii) Commitment fee 437547 - o) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.77	, -			1
g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost 437554 - 437555 - 437555 - 437546 - 437546 - 437547 - 437547 - 437548 695.80 90.77	d) Term loan	437543 and 44	70,195.14	66,384.7
oss on Hedging Transactions 437555 -) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 - i) Commitment fee 437547 - v) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.73	e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL	437545	8	
oss on Hedging Transactions 437555 -) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 - i) Commitment fee 437547 - v) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.7:	g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost	437554	9	
) Bond issue/ service expenses 437546 - i) Commitment fee 437547 - v) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.7:	Loss on Hedging Transactions	437555	2	
i) Commitment fee 437547 - 90.7: Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.7: 10.00 10.			3	
(r) Guarantee fee on loan 437548 695.80 90.7:			2	vi
,	·		695.80	90.71
16	•			1,336.75
//6	.,	10.0.0	-,	
1/200				1/3

vi) EAC- INTEREST ON LOANS FROM CENTRAL GOVERNMENT-	437581		
ADJUSTMENT ON ACCOUNT OF EFFECTIVE INTEREST		8	-
vii) EAC- INTEREST ON SECURITY DEPOSIT/ RETENTION MONEY-	437583	220 52	
ADJUSTMENT ON ACCOUNT OF EFFECTIVE INTEREST	427505	329.53	66.64
viii) EAC- COMMITTED CAPITAL EXPENSES- ADJUSTMENT FOR TIME VALUE	437585		
	437590		
ix) EAC- INTEREST ON FC LOANS - EFFECTIVE INTEREST ADJUSTMENT		-	-
x) EAC- INTEREST EXPENSES - UNDER LEASE (IND AS)	437587	72 557 22	67 070 02
Sub-total (c)	420405	72,557.22	67,878.82
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period Sub-total (C)	438105	72,557.22	67,878.82
Sub-total (c)		72,337.22	57,575.02
D. EXCHANGE RATE VARIATION (NET)			
i) ERV (Debit balance)	437550	2	===
Less: ii) ERV (Credit balance)	437551		200
Sub-total (d)		-	-
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438108		94
Sub-total(D)	54	-	
E, PROVISIONS	437561		
Sub-total(e)	420405		-
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period Sub-total(E)	438106		
Sub-total(E)			
F. DEPRECIATION & AMORTISATION	437560	567.11	512.23
	437586	2	-
Sub-total (f)		567.11	512.23
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438104	2	-
Sub-total(F)		567.11	512.23
G. PRIOR PERIOD EXPENSES (NET)			
Prior period expenses	437565	5	-2
Less Prior period income	437579		
Sub-total (g)		*	-
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438107		
Sub-total (G)			
H. LESS : RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES			
i) Income from generation of electricity –	437570		
precommissioning		â.	(2)
ii) Interest on loans and advances	437571	298.49	236.90
iii) Miscellaneous receipts	437572	45.62	31.43
iv) Profit on sale of assets	437573	*	*
v) Provision not required written back	437574	1.57	1.57
vi) Hire charges/ outturn on plant and machinery	437575	0.21	0.21
vii) EAC-FAIR VALUE GAIN - SECURITY DEPOSIT/ RETENTION MONEY	437582	63.37	63.37
viii) EAC-MTM Gain on derivatives	437580	*	3
ix) EAC- FAIR VALUE GAIN ON PROVISIONS FOR COMMITTED CAPITAL	437584		
EXPENDITURE		=1	
Sub-total (h)		409.26	333.48
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438101		
Sub-total (H)	450101	409.26	333.48
I. C.O./Regional Office Expenses (i)	437599	5	8
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438109		2
Sub-total(I)			
GRAND TOTAL (a+b+c+d+e+f+g-h+i)		90,635.74	82,050.91
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period			
GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C+D+E+F+G-H+I)		90,635.74	82,050.91



NOTE NO. 2.3 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

	PARTICULARS		GROSS BLOCK								DEPRECIATION			
SI. No.		As at	Additions		Deductions		Other	As at 31st March,		For the year	Adjustments	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at
		01-Apr-2023 IUT Others IUT Others Adjustments 2024	01-Apr-2023	, or the year	Aujustilielits	March, 2024	March, 2024	31st March, 2023						
1)	Land -Leasehold									72.0		10.7		
ii)	Building Under Lease								-					
iii)	Construction Equipment											-		-
iv)	Vehicles	9												-
v)	Land-Right to Use	209.48		18.72				228.20		12/			228.20	*******
	Total	209.48	g 1	18.72										
-				10.72	- 2			228.20		3%		(*)	228.20	209.48
	Previous year	209.48						209.48				200	209,48	209.48

(a) Title deed/Lease deed/Mutation in respect of leasehold land not held in name of the Company as on 31st March 2024:-

Relevent Line Item in the Balance Sheet	Description of Item of Property	Gross Carrying Value	Title Deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of Promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
Right of Use Assets-Land Leasehold	Land (NIL Hectare)					

(b) Title deed/Lease deed/Mutation in respect of leasehold land not held in name of the Company as on 31st March 2023:-

Relevent Line item in the Balance Sheet	Description of Item of Property	Gross Carrying Value	Title Deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of Promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
Right of Use Assets-Land Leasehold	Land (NIL Hectare)				3333	

c) Land- Right of use includes forest land which is diverted by the State Forest Department only for use by project.

2.3.2 Refer Note no. 34(16) of Financial Statements for information regarding Impairment of Assets.

2.3.3 Additional disclosure of Right of use Assets as per gross block of assets and accumulated depreciation under previous GAAP has been provided as Annexure-I to this Note.



Annexure-I to NOTE NO. 2.3 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

			GROSS BLOCK								DEPRECIATION			
SI. No.	PARTICULARS	As at	Additi	ons	Deduc	tions	Other	As at 31st March,	As at			As at 31st	As at 31st March.	As at
		01-Apr-2023	IUT	Others	IUT	Others	Adjustmenta	2024	01-Apr-2023	For the year	Adjustments	March, 2024	2024	31st March, 2023
)	Land Leasehold			*	*	ē.	3.4				-	- 3	-	
i)	Building Under Lease	-			- 5	(*:	76	-						
0	Construction Equipment	+			**	16	160	-		=				
v)	Vehicles													1.61
1	Land-Right to Use	209,48		18.72				228.20			¥.	-	228.20	209.48
	Total	209.48		18.72	*		*	228.20		- 3			228,20	209.48
	Previous year	209,48						209.48					209,48	209.48



Annexure to Note 2.3 as at 31.03.2024

1.1 Addition of ROU on account of Others (New Purchases & CWIP Capitalized)

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block Adjusted (₹ in lakhs)
1	LAND-RIGHT OF USE	41-01-21	18.72
	Total		18,72

2 Addition on account of others (Transfer In from Subsidiary companies)

SI. No	Addition on account of others (Particular of assets	Head of account	Subsidiary compani Gross block (₹ in lakhs)	Net Block Addition (₹ in lakhs)	Name of Subsidiary Company	Advice number	Accumulated Depreciation till 31.03.2023	
								-
								_
								-
_								
_	Total							

1.3 Addition on account of inter unit transfers

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block (₹ in lakhs)	Detail of the Unit where Assets Rece	lved (Transferred	Advice number	Accumulated	Gross Block
				Name of Unit / Company	Code of Unit / Company		Depreciation till 31.03.2023	Addition at Deemed Cost.
_					e.g. 100 , 101			
\neg								
\neg								
		7						
\neg								
7								-
								-
	Total .							

2.1 Deductions on account of Others (Sale/Disposal/Write off)

SI. No	Particular of assets	Head of account	Gross block Addition (₹ in lakhs)	Accumulated Depreciation till 31.03.2023	Gross Block Deduction at Deemed Cost.
			I,		
\neg					
\neg					
T					
\neg					
\neg					
					i ri
7	Total				



NOTE NO. 2.4 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

100	3	in.	the

					GROSS BLO	CK				AMORTI	SATION		NET	BLOCK
SI. No.	PARTICULARS	As at	Addit	tions	Dedu	ictions	Other	As at 31st March.	As at	T				
		01-Apr-2023	IUT	Others	IUT	Others	Adjustments	2024	01-Apr-2023	For the year	Adjustments	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
)	Land Freehold	0	0	0	0	. 0		0		0	0	C	0	0
	Total	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0			
	Previous year							0		i v		- 0	0	0

2.4.1 Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for investment property

(₹in lakhs	(<	ın	ıa	KΓ	15
------------	-----	----	----	----	----

	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Rental income	•	-
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income	12:	
Direct operating expenses from property that did not generate rental income	340	•
	As at 31 03 2024	As at 31 03 2023

2.4.2 Fair Value of investment property

2.4.3 Investment property comprise of freehold land which was bought for normal business requirements of the Company. However, due to change in business plans, the Company is in the process of finalising the future use of the property. IND AS 40, Investment Property, provides by way of example that land held for a currently undetermined future use is to be regarded as held for capital appreciation and hence to be classified as Investment Property.

2.4.4 Valuation process

The above land is carried in the financial statements at cost. However, the fair value of investment property has been arrived on the basis of market value as per valuation report and considered to be level-II of fair valuation hierarchy.

Annexure-I to NOTE NO. 2.5 Intangible Assets

					GROSS BLOC	K.			AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK	
SI. No.	PARTICULARS	As at	Addi	tions	Dedu	ctions	Other	As at 31st March,	As at			As at 31st	As at 31st March.	As at
		01-Apr-2023	IUT	Others	IUT	Others	Adjustments	2024	01-Apr-2023	For the year	Adjustments	March, 2024	1.77	31st March, 202
)	Upfront Fees	0	0	0	0	0	C	0					0	
1)	Computer Software	0	0	8	0	0	C	8		3	n	3		
	Total	0	0	- 8	0	0		8		3	0	3		
	Previous year	0						0		-		0	0	



NOTE NO. 2.5 Intangible Assets

(₹in lakhs)

			GROSS BLOCK							AMORT	SATION		NET BLOCK	
SI. No.	PARTICULARS	As at	Additio	ons	Dedu	ictions	Other	As at 31st March,	As at	F4b		As at 31st	As at 31st March,	As at
		01-Apr-2023	IUT	Others	IUT	Others	Adjustments	2024	01-Apr-2023	For the year	Adjustments	March, 2024		31st March, 2023
)	Upfront Fees	- E												
i)	Computer Software			8.48				8.48		2.83		2.83	5.66	
	Total Previous year		•	8.48	-	•	1	8.48		2.83	•	2.83		

Note: 2.5.1 Additional disclosure of Intangible Assets as per gross block of assets and accumulated depreciation under previous GAAP has been provided as Annexure-I to this Note.



Note No. 2.6 Intangible Assets Under Development

(₹ in lakhs)

S.No	Particulars	As at 01-Apr-2023	Addition	Adjustment	Capitalised	As at 31st March, 2024
(i)	Computer Software Under Development					
(ii)	Upfront Fees	7.5				=
	TOTAL	-	:58	-	-	5
	Previous year					

2.6.1 Intangible Assets under Development aging schedule as on 31st March 2024.

Intangible Assets under	An	nount in CWIF	for a period	of	
Development	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress					
Projects temporarily Suspended					(#0)
Total	-	-		· •	-

2.6.2 Intangible Assets under Development Completion Schedule as on 31st March 2024.

Intangible Assets under		To be Con	npleted in		Total
Development	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
				Û	140
Total	-	353	-		-51

2.6.3 Intangible Assets under Development aging schedule as on 31st March 2023

Intangible Accets under	An	Amount in CWIP for a period of					
Intangible Assets under Development	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total		
Projects in Progress					-		
Projects temporarily Suspended							
Total	-	- 1	*				

2.6.4 Intangible Assets under Development Completion Schedule as on 31st March 2023

Intangible Assets under		To be Completed in				
Development	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years		
					2	-
						2
Total	-		-	(-)		-



NOTE NO. 3.1 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - INVESTMENTS

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Investment		-
Total		

NOTE NO. 3.2 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - TRADE RECEIVABLES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Trade Receivables - Considered Good- Unsecured (Refer Note 3.2.1, 3.2.2 and 3.2.3)		·
Total		
3.2.1 Refer Annexure-I to Note No-3.2 for Ageing schedule of Trade Receivables. 3.2.2 Debt due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director of the Company is a partner or a director or a member.	-	
3.2.3 Debt due by subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures and others related parties of the company.		8
3.2.4 Refer Note 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of balances.		

NOTE NO. 3.3 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - LOANS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
	At Amortised Cost		
A	Loan to Related Party - Credit Impaired- Unsecured (Refer Note 34(6), 3.3.1, 3.3.2)	:#** \	9
	Less: Loss Allowances for doubtful loan to Related Party (Refer Note 3.3.4)	:=	
	Sub-total Sub-total	74	
В	Loans to Employees (including accrued interest) (Refer Note 3.3.2 and 3.3.3)		
	- Considered good- Secured	E#	
	- Considered good- Unsecured		
	- Credit Impaired- Unsecured		
	Less : Loss Allowances for doubtful Employees loans (Refer Note 3.3.5) Sub-total	· ·	
	TOTAL		
3.3.1	Loan to Related Parties granted for business purpose. :-		
3.3.2	Loans and advances in the nature of loan that are repayable on demand.	*	
	Loans and advances in the nature of loan that are without specifying any terms or period of repayment.		
3.3.3	Due from directors or other officers of the company. (Refer Note 34(6) of Financial Statements).	*	
3.3.4	Loss Allowances for doubtful loan to Related Party		
3,3,5	Loss Allowances for doubtful Employees loans		
	Closing balance	3.	
3,3.6	Loss Allowances for doubtful advances to Contractor/ Supplier Opening Balance Addition during the year	¥	
	Reversed during the year Reversed during the year		
	1		



As at 31st March 2024								
Particulars			Trade Rece	ivable due an from du	id outstandir e date of pay		ving period	
Faiticulais		Notes	Less than 6	6 months-1			More than	
	Unbilled	Not Due	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 Years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered Good (ii) Undisputed Trade receivables-which have								(12)
significant increase in credit risk								02
(III) Undisputed Trade receivables-Credit Impaired								14
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables-Considered Good (v) Disputed Trade receivables-which have significant								02
increase in credit risk								-
(vi) Disputed Trade receivables-Credit Impaired								
Total	*	9	3	£			8	~
As at 31st March 2023								
			Trade Rece	ivable due an	d outstandin	g for follow	ing period	
Particulars					e date of pay	ment		
i ui tioulai s	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 6	6 months-1			More than	
	OTIDINEG	NOT DUC	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 Years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered Good (ii) Undisputed Trade receivables-which have								
ignificant increase in credit risk								387
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables-Credit Impaired								(30)
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables-Considered Good (v) Disputed Trade receivables-which have significant								
ncrease in credit risk								
(vi) Disputed Trade receivables-Credit Impaired								
Total	*	1062			(*)			



NOTE NO. 3.4 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHERS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
Α	Security Deposits		
	- Considered good- Unsecured	. ×	+:
	- Credit Impaired- Unsecured		1
	Less: Loss Allowances for Doubtful Deposits (Refer Note 3.4.1)		
	Sub-total		
В	Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity (Refer Note 3.4.3)	5	
С	Lease Rent receivable (Refer Note 3.4.5 and 3.4.6)	*	18
D	Amount Recoverable on account of Bonds Fully Serviced by Government of India	2	161
E	Interest receivable on lease	<u> </u>	72
F	Interest accrued on:		
	- Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity	*	
G	Derivative Mark to Market Asset	*	(*)
н	Receivable on account of Late payment Surcharge	2	120
ï	Amount Recoverable		
	Share Application Money Pending Allotment		
J	- Subsidiary /Joint Venture (Refer Note 3.4.4)	5	
	Less:-Loss allowances for Share application money pending allotment (Refer	*	V 3.5
	Note 3.4.7)		1 55
	Sub-total	*	(*
	TOTAL		
3.4.	1 Loss Allowances for Doubtful Deposits		
	Opening Balance		
	Addition during the year		
	Used during the year		
	Reversed during the year		
	Closing balance		12
3.4.	2 Amount payable towards Bonds fully serviced by Government of India:-Nil		

NOTE NO. 4 NON CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Advance Income Tax including Tax Deducted at Source	23.54	14.85
Less: Provision for Current Tax	120	12.36
Non Current Tax (Refer Note No-23)	12,03	27,51
Total	35.57	30.00



	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
A.	CAPITAL ADVANCES		
	- Considered good- Secured	75.00	1,616,0
	- Considered good- Unsecured		
	- Against bank guarantee	9	
	- Others	243.78	436.3
	Less: Expenditure booked pending utilisation certificate	*	
	- Considered doubtful - Unsecured	*	242
	Less : Allowances for doubtful advances (Refer Note 5.1)		
	Sub-total	318.7B	2,052.6
В.	ADVANCES OTHER THAN CAPITAL ADVANCES		
	i) DEPOSITS		
	- Considered good- Unsecured	22.45	21,3
	Less : Expenditure booked against demand raised by Government	*	
	Departments.	20	
	- Considered doubtful - Unsecured	₹:	8.5
	Less : Allowances for Doubtful Deposits (Refer Note 5.2)	*	24
	Sub-total	22.45	21.3
С	Interest accrued		
	Others		
	- Considered Good	51	(2)
D.	Others		
i	Advance against arbitration awards towards capital works (Unsecured)		
	Released to Contractors - Against Bank Guarantee	e:	30
	Released to Contractors - Others	25	(4)
	Deposited with Court	21	
	Sub-total		
ii) Prepaid Expenditure	9	
	Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Assets/ Expenditure		
	Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Assets	±:	(a)
	Deferred Expenditure on Foreign Currency Fluctuation	F	
	Sub-total		3.0
iv) Deferred Cost on Employees Advances	4:	a)
	TOTAL	341.23	2,073.9
5.	1 Allowances for doubtful Advances		
	Opening Balance	(4)	
	Addition during the year		
	Used during the year		
	Reversed during the year		
	Closing balance		2
5.:	2 Allowances for doubtful Deposits		
	Opening Balance	625	
	Addition during the year		
	Used during the year		
	Reversed during the year		
	Closing balance		
5.3	Advances due from Directors or other officers.	51	
5.4	Advances due by Firms or Private Companies in which any director of the Company is a director or member.		
5 4	5 Refer Note 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of bala	ances	



(₹in lakhs)

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 20
	(Valued at lower of Cost or Net Realisable Value)		
	Stores and spares	¥:	5
	Stores and spares-Stores in transit/ pending inspection	2	3
	Loose tools		3
	Material at site	324	
	Material issued to contractors/ fabricators	D=1 1	3
	Carbon Credits / Certified Emission Reductions (CERs) / Verified Carbon Units (VCUs)	. (#)	
	Less: Allowances for Obsolescence and Diminution in Value (Refer Note 6.1)	(0e)	5
	TOTAL	38	
6.1	Allowances for Obsolescence and Diminution in Value Opening Balance Addition during the year (Refer Note 6.1.1) Used during the year Reversed during the year (Refer Note 6.1.2)	*	
	Closing balance	*	
6.1.1	During the year, inventories written down to net realisable value (NRV) and recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.	<u> </u>	
6.1.2	Allowances for Obsolence and Diminution in value of inventory booked in earlier years and reversed during the year.	;±;	

NOTE NO. 7.1 CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - INVESTMENTS

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
Investment	· ·	*
TOTAL		•

NOTE NO. 7.2 CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - TRADE RECEIVABLES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
- Trade Receivables- Considered Good- Unsecured	(40)	=

NOTE NO. 8 CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Α	Balances with banks With scheduled banks		
i) ii)		8,760,17	3,646.08
	(Deposits with original maturity of less than three months)	290.00	351,22
iii)	- In Current Account -Other Earmarked Balances with Banks (Refer Note 8.2)		•
	With other banks - In current account		
В	Bank of Bhutan		
C	Cheques, drafts on hand Cash on hand (Refer Note 8.1)	18 I	Î,
	TOTAL	9,050.17	3,997.30
8.1	Includes stamps on hand	12	9
8.2	Includes balances which are not freely available for the business of the Company:-		
	(i) held for works being executed by Company on behalf of other agencies.	24	8
	(ii) Held for Payment of Monthly instalment on account of securitization of ROE of Chamera-I Power Station to Lender (HDFC Bank)	14	



Annexure-I to Note No-7.2							(₹ in lakhs)
As at 31st March 2024								
Particulars			Trade Rece	lvable due an from du 6 months-1	d outstandii e date of pa	_	ing period More than	
	Unbilled	Not Due	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 Years	Total
i) Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered Good ii) Undisputed Trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk iii) Undisputed Trade receivables-Credit Impaired iv) Disputed Trade receivables-Considered Good y) Disputed Trade receivables-which have significant ncrease in credit risk vi) Disputed Trade receivables-Credit Impaired								
fotal	725	2	-	€	ž	12:	12	1.5
s at 31st March 2023								
			Trade Rece	ivable due an	d outstandir e date of pay	_	ing perlod	
Particulars			Less than 6	6 months-1	e date of pay	Attiettr	More than	
	Unbilled	Not Due	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 Years	Total
) Undisputed Trade receivables-Considered Good i) Undisputed Trade receivables-which have								9.7
gnificant increase in credit risk								1.0
i) Undisputed Trade receivables-Credit Impaired								9.7 9.7
v) Disputed Trade receivables-Considered Good v) Disputed Trade receivables-which have significant acrease in credit risk								9.7
Disputed Trade receivables-which have significant								97 97



NOTE 9: CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Α	Bank Deposits for original maturity more than 3 months upto 12 months	÷	188
В	Earmarked Balances with Banks - Deposit -Unpaid Dividend	8	ia:
	- Deposit -Unpaid Principal/ Interest - Other		12
	TOTAL		

NOTE NO. 10 CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - LOANS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 20
Α	Loans (including interest thereon) to Related Parties - Unsecured (Refer Note 34(8),10.1 and 10.2)		
	Loan Receivable - (Considered Good)		
	Loan Receivable-Credit Impaired	350	
	Less: Loss Allowances for doubtful loan to Related Party (Refer Note 10.4)	147	
	Sub-total Sub-total		
В	Loans to Employees (including accrued interest) (Refer Note 10.2 and 10.3)		
	- Considered good- Secured	3	
	- Considered good- Unsecured	慧	
	- Credit Impaired- Unsecured	20	
	Less : Loss Allowances for doubtful Employees loans (Refer Note 10.5)	W.	
	Sub-total		
	TOTAL	•	
10.1	Loans to Related Parties (including interest thereon) granted for business purpose.	O#:	
10.2	I page and advances in the nature of loan that are repayable on demand.	1.6	
	Loans and advances in the nature of loan that are without specifying any terms or period of repayment.	(-	
10.3	Due from directors or other officers of the company,	•	
10.4	Loss Allowances for doubtful loan to Related Party Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year	*	
	Closing balance		
10.6	Loss Allowances for doubtful Employees loans Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year	18.1	
	Reversed during the year		
	Closing balance		
40.0	Advance due by firms or private companies in which any Director of the		

- 10.6 Advance due by firms or private companies in which any Director of the Company is a Director or member.
 10.7 Loans are non-derivative financial assets which generate a fixed or variable interest income for the company. The Carrying value may be affected by changes in the credit risk of the counterparties.
- 10.8 Particulars of Loans as required in terms of Section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 have been disclosed under Note 10 above.
- 10.9 Refer Note 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of balances.



NOTE NO. 11 CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHERS

(₹in lakhs)

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
Α	Security Deposits		
	- Considered good- Unsecured	0.30	0,0
	- Credit Impaired- Unsecured		
	Less: Loss Allowances for Doubtful Deposits (Refer Note 11.1)	:=1	
	, , ,		
	Sub-total	0.30	0,3
B	Amount recoverable (Refer Sub Note 11)	3,42	0.0
	Less; Loss Allowances for Doubtful Recoverables (Refer Note 11.2)	3.42	0.0
	Sub-total		
C	Receivable from Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures		34 54
D	Receivable on account of Late Payment Surcharge		
	Less: Loss allowances for Receivable on account of Late Payment Surcharge (Refer Note 11.3)	0.71	- 3
	Sub-total)*
	Lease Rent receivable (Finance Lease) (Refer Note 3.4.6 and 34(14)		
E	Essas No. 10 Societa Sis (1 mail so Essas) (No. 10 to		1.2
F	Interest Income accrued on Short term Bank Deposits	2.37	
G	Interest receivable on Finance lease	520	(e
Н	Interest recoverable from beneficiary	223	52
1	Interest Accrued on Investment (Bonds)	**	
J	Amount Recoverable on account of Bonds Fully Serviced by Government of India		
	-Principal		
	- Interest accrued		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Interest accrued on Loan to State Government in settlement of dues from		
K	customers	(4)	
L	Derivative MTM Asset		12
M	Claim recoverable from parent company - NHPC LTD	(#S	
	TOTAL	6.09	0.3
11.	1 Loss Allowances for Doubtful Deposits		
11.	2 Loss Allowances for Doubtful Recoverables		
11.	3 Loss Allowances for Receivables on account of late payment surcharge		
11.	4 Includes Interest accrued on balances of held for works being executed by Company on behalf of other agencies and are not freely available for the	:4:	
44	business of the Company. 5 Refer Note 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of		
11.	a reservable 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of		

NOTE NO. 12 CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
	Current Tax Assets		
Α	Advance Income Tax including Tax Deducted at Source	N a	₽
В	Less: Provision for Current Tax	(4)	
	Net Current Tax Assets (A-B)	-	
	Income Tax Refundable		ä
	Total		



NOTE NO. 13.1 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
A. Advances other than Capital Advances		
a) Deposits		
- Considered good- Unsecured	্ত	
Less : Expenditure booked against demand raised by Government Departements		
- Considered doubtful- Unsecured		ļ
Less : Allowances for Doubtful Deposits (Refer Note 13.1.1)		
Sub-total		
b) Advance to contractors and suppliers (Refer Note 13.1.8)		
- Considered good- Secured - Considered good- Unsecured		ħ.
- Against bank guarantee	*	
- Others		*
Less: Expenditure booked pending utilisation certificate	*	*
- Considered doubtful- Unsecured	3	*
Less: Allowances for doubtful advances (Refer Note 13.1.2)		
Sub-total		
c) Other advances - Employees		
- Considered good- Unsecured (Refer Note 13.1.7)	3	0.1
Sub-total		0.1
d) Interest accrued		
Others		
- Considered Good	ಶ	
Considered Doubtful Less: Allowances for Doubtful Interest (Refer Note 13.1.3)		
Sub-total		
B. Others		
a) Expenditure awaiting adjustment	*	ži.
Less: Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction (Refer		
Note 13.1.4)		
Sub-total		
 b) Losses/Assets awaiting write off sanction/pending investigation Less: Allowances for losses/Assets pending investigation/awaiting write off / 		-
sanction (Refer Note 13.1.5)	2	*:
Sub-total		
c) Work in Progress		
Construction work in progress(on behalf of client)	9	-
Consultancy work in progress(on behalf of client)	508.84	516.1
d) Prepaid Insurance e) Deferred Cost on Employees Advances	300.04	310,1
f) Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation	8	
Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Assets		
Deferred Expenditure on Foreign Currency Fluctuation	9	
g) Goods and Services Tax Input Receivable	€	16
Less: Allowances for Goods and Services Tax Input Receivable (Refer Note	£ .	-
13.1.6)		
Sub-total		
h) Others (Mainly on account of Material Issued to Contractors)		1.
TOTAL	508.84	516.20
13.1.1 Allowances for Doubtful Deposits		
13.1.2 Allowances for doubtful advances (Contractors and Suppliers)		
13.1.3 Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest		
13.1.4 Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction		
13.1.5 Allowances for losses pending investigation/ awaiting write off / sanction		
13.1.6 Allowances for Goods and Services Tax Input Receivable		
13.1.7 Due from Directors or other officers of the company		
13.1.7 Due from Directors of other officers of the company. 13.1.8 Advance due by Firms or Private Companies in which any Director of the		
	'	
Company is a Director or member. 13.1.9 Refer Note 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of		



NOTE NO. 13.2 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Property, Plant and Equipment (Refer Note 13.2.1)	*	4.17
TOTAL		4.17

Property, Plant and Equipment incudes Plant and equipment and Other assets (Office equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, etc.)

have been identified for disposal due to replacement/ obsolescence of assets which happens in the normal course of operations.

NOTE NO. 14.1 REGULATORY DEFERRAL ACCOUNT DEBIT BALANCES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
A Regulatory Deferral Account Balances	1 (4)	64
B Wage Revision as per 3rd Pay Revision Committee	88	25
C Differential Depreciation due to Moderation of Tariff		
D Exchange Differences on Monetary Items	222	12
E Interest Payment on Court/Arbitration Cases		39
F Adjustment against Deferred Tax Recoverable for tariff period upto 2009	5.	. 4
G Adjustment against Deferred Tax Liabilities for tariff period 2014-2019 and onwards	(34)	3
Closing Balance (A+B+C+D+E+F+G)	200	
Less: Deferred Tax on Regulatory Deferral Account Balances		
Add: Deferred Tax recoverable from Beneficiaries	(#C)	
Regulatory Deferral Account Balances net of Deferred Tax.		

NOTE NO. 14.2 REGULATORY DEFERRAL ACCOUNT CREDIT BALANCES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
MAT Credit to be passed on to beneficiaries		
Opening Balance	- 1	
Addition during the year (Refer Note 31)	N .	
Used during the year (Refer Note 31)		
Reversed during the year (Refer Note 31)		
Closing balance		

14.2.1 Refer Note 34 (18) of Financial Statements for futher disclosure regarding Regulatory Deferral Account Balances



JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED (A wholly owned subsidiary of NHPC Ltd)

	: 15.1 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL PARTICULARS	As at 31s	March, 2024	As at 3	31st March, 2023
	FARTICULARS	Nos	Amount	Nos	Amount
	Authorized Share Capital (Par value per share of Rs. 10)	60,00,00,000	7 1111 - 1111	35,00,00,	
	Equity shares issued, subscribed and fully paid (Parvalue per share of Rs. 10)	28,14,86,000	28,148.60	28,14,86,	i,000 28,148.6
15.1.1	Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the	ne beginning and at	the end of the report	ing year:	
	Opening Balance	28,14,86,000	28,148.60	28,14,86,	,000 28,148.6
	Less:-Buyback of shares during the year		1		
	Closing Balance	28,14,86,000	28,148.60	28,14,86,	,000 28,148.6
15,1,3	voting rights are exercisable at meeting of shareho from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders. Shares in the company held by each shareholder ho	Company, the holder unts. The distribution and the distribution and the distribution are than 5 per second and the distribution are the distribution and the distribution are the distribution and the distribution are the	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion	be entitled to receive to the number of mber of shares held	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the
15.1.3	from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders.	Company, the holder unts. The distribution liding more than 5 pe As at 31st Number	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion reent specifying the nu March, 2024 In (%)	be entitled to receive to the number of mber of shares held	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the doi: - 11st March, 2023 In (%)
15.1.3	from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders. Shares in the company held by each shareholder ho	Company, the holder unts. The distribution liding more than 5 pe As at 31st	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion reent specifying the nu March, 2024 In (%)	be entitled to receive to the number of mber of shares held As at 37 Number	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the doi: - 11st March, 2023 In (%)
	from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders. Shares in the company held by each shareholder how the company held by each shar	Company, the holder unts. The distribution liding more than 5 pe As at 31st Number	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion reent specifying the nu March, 2024 In (%)	be entitled to receive to the number of mber of shares held As at 37 Number	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the doi: - 11st March, 2023 In (%)
15.1.3 15.1.4 S.No	from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders. Shares in the company held by each shareholder how the company held by each shar	Company, the holder unts. The distribution liding more than 5 pe As at 31st Number	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion reent specifying the nu March, 2024 In (%)	be entitled to receive to the number of mber of shares held As at 37 Number	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the d:- 11st March, 2023 In (%) 000 100.00%
15.1.4	from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders. Shares in the company held by each shareholder how the company held by each shar	Company, the holder unts. The distribution liding more than 5 pe As at 31st Number 28,14,86,000	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion recent specifying the nu March, 2024 In (%) 100.00%	be entitled to receit to the number of mber of shares held As at 31 Number 28,14,86,0	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the d:- 11st March, 2023 In (%) 000 100.00%
15.1.4 S.No	from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders. Shares in the company held by each shareholder how the company held by each shar	Company, the holder unts. The distribution liding more than 5 pe As at 31st Number 28,14,86,000	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion recent specifying the nu March, 2024 In (%) 100.00%	be entitled to receive to the number of shares held As at 3' Number 28,14,86,0 Change dur the year	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the d:- 11st March, 2023 In (%) 000 100.00%
15.1.4 S.No	from time to time. In the event of liquidation of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amo shareholders. Shares in the company held by each shareholder how the company held by each shar	Company, the holder unts. The distribution liding more than 5 pe As at 31st Number 28,14,86,000	s of equity shares will n will be in proportion recent specifying the nu March, 2024 In (%) 100.00%	be entitled to receive to the number of shares held As at 3' Number 28,14,86,0 Change dur the year	ive remaining assets of the equity shares held by the equity shares held by the equity shares held by the equity shares, 2023 In (%) 000 100.00%



NOTE NO. 15.2 OTHER EQUITY

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
(i) Share Application Money Pending Allotment		
As per last Balance Sheet		
Add: Received During the year	8,138.00	120
Less: Share Allotted against Share Application Money		
As at Balance Sheet date	8,138.00	
(ii) Capital Reserve		
As per last Balance Sheet	1,15,716.55	1,15,716.55
Add: Transfer from General Reserve		
Add: Transfer from Securities Premium account		
Less: Write back during the year		
As at Balance Sheet date	1,15,716.55	1,15,716.55
(iii) Surplus/ Retained Earnings		
As per last Balance Sheet	(1,13,420.64)	(1,13,448.86
Add: Profit during the year	21.85	28.21
Add: Other Comprehensive Income during the year		
Add: Transfer from Bond Redemption Reserve		
Add: Tax on Dividend - Write back	(
Less: Dividend (Final and Interim)		
Less: Tax on Dividend		(2)
Less: Transfer to Bond Redemption Reserve		
Add: Transfer from Research & Development Fund		
Less: Transfer to Research & Development Fund		
Less: Transfer to General Reserve		
Less: Transfer to Corporate Office		
Add: Transfer from Power Stations and Projects		
As at Balance Sheet date	(1,13,398.80)	(1,13,420.64
TOTAL	10,455.75	2,295,90

15.2.1 Nature and Purpose of Reserves

- (i) Capital Redemption Reserve: The company is required to create a capital redemption reserve from distributable profit if the buy-back of shares is out of free reserves. The nominal value of the shares so bought back is required to be transferred to capital redemption reserve. This reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (ii) Bond Redemption Reserve: As per the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, the Company was required to create a Bond Redemption Reserve out of available profits for the purpose of redemption of bonds. The Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Amendment Rules, 2019 exempts the Company from creation of Bond Redemption Reserve. The Amendment Rules, 2019 further stipulate that the amount credited to Debenture Redemption Reserve shall not be utilized by the company except for the purpose of redemption of debentures. Accordingly, though the Bond Redemption Reserve created till 31.03.2019 has been carried forward and further utilised for bonds redeemed during the current year, no further accrual to the reserve has been made.
- (iii) General Reserve: The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes, as the same is created by transfer from one component of equity to another. The same will be utilised as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013
- (iv) Surplus/ Retained Earnings: Surplus/ Retained earnings generally represent the undistributed profit/ amount of accumulated earnings of the company and includes remeasurement gain/ losses on defined benefit obligations.
- (v) Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)-Debt Instruments: The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in debt securities in other comprehensive income. This reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant debt securities are disposed off or on maturity of these instruments.
- (vi) Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)-Equity Instruments: The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in other comprehensive income. This reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company transfers amounts from this reserve directly to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are disposed off.



	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
		4.45.740.65	1 15 715 5
Α	Capital Reserve	1,15,716.55	1,15,716,5
В	Capital Redemption Reserve	2	
С	Securities Premium Account	ੜ	: :
D	Bond Redemption Reserve	=	
E	Research & Development Fund		
F	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	8,138,00	73
G	General Reserve	*	*:
Н	Retained Earnings		
	i) Reserves created on account of Ind AS Adjustment	*	-
	Provision for Proposed Dividend	8	=
	Tax on Proposed Dividend	9 1	20
	13.011113-1311		
	ii) Closing Balance Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	# 40 000 00\	(4.42.420.6
	iii) Surplus	(1,13,398.80)	(1,13,420,6
	Prior Period Income / Expenditure		-
1	FVTOCI Reserve-		
	- Equity Instruments	(1,13,398.80) 10,455.75 21.85 (1,13,420.64)	
	- Debt Instruments	10 455 75	2,295,5
	Total	10,455.75	2,200,0
	* Surplus	21.85	28.2
	Profit for the Year as per Statement of Profit and Loss	21.03	20,2
	Adjustment arising out of transition provisions for recognising Rate Regulatory Assets	3	20
	Balance brought forward	(1,13,420.64)	(1,13,448,8
	Add:		
	Amount Written Back From Bond Redemption Reserve	-	2
	Write Back From Capital Reserve		
	Write Back From Other Reserve		-
	Amount Utilised From Self Insurance Fund		
	Tax On Dividend Write Back	25	2
	Write Back From Corporate Social Responsibility Fund		*
	Write Back From Research & Development Fund	8	7.
	Balance available for Appropriation	(1,13,398.80)	(1,13,420.9
	Less:		
	Transfer to Bond Redemption Reserve	*	
	Transfer to Self Insurance Fund	=	*
	Transfer to General Reserve		-
	Transfer to Corporate Social Responsibility Fund	8	
	Transfer to Research & Development Fund	- 1	
	Dividend :	>9	
	- Interim	8	-
	- Final		-
	Tax on Dividend		
	- Interim - Final		



NOTE NO. 16.1 NON CURRENT - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - BORROWINGS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	At Amortised Cost		
Α,	- Secured Loans		
	-Bonds	2	23
	-Term Loan	-	I
	- from Banks	65,700.00	28,000.00
	- from Other (Financial Institutions)	2	
3	- Unsecured Loans		
	-Bonds	*	/.€
	-Term Loan		
	- from Bank	•	1€
	 from Government of India (Subordinate Debts) 	5	lie:
	(Refer Note 16.1.2)		
	- from Other (in Foreign Currency)	22	
;	Loan from Parent Company		
	- Term Loan -Unsecured (Refer Note 16.1.4)	31	NA.
	TOTAL	65,700.00	28,000.00

- 16.1.1 Debt Covenants : Refer Note 33(3) with regard to capital Management.
- 16.1.2 Term Loan-From Government of India (Subordinate Debts) is net of fair valuation since these loans carry interest rate which is lower than the prevailing market rate. Total Subordinate Debts outstanding as on 31,03,2024 is ₹ NIL (Previous Year ₹ NIL.). This includes current maturity amounting to ₹NIL (Previous Year ₹ NIL).
- 16.1.3 Particulars of Redemption, Repayments, Securities and Rate of Interest.

16.1.4	Details in respect of redemption, rate of interest, terms of repayment and particulars of security :- (JVs/Subsidiary Companies may fill the detail)	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	Term Loan -Secured (J & K Bank Ltd)	31,300,00	28,000.00
	Term Loan -Secured (Bank of Baroda)	34,400,00	•

Term loan of J& K Bank Ltd is Repayable in 80 Equal monthly installments w.e.f 1st Oct 2025 after 36 months of moratorium period ,at floating interest rate (Repo plus 2 % spread with RBI Policy reset) of 8.50% p.a as on 31-03-2024

Term loan of Bank of Baroda is Repayable in 80 Equal monthly installments w.e.f 1st Dec 2026 after 36 months of moratorium period at floating interest rate (1 Year G Sec Rate plus 0.87 % p.a) of 8.09% p.a as on 31-03-2024

The loan is secured against pari pasu charges on movable & immovable assets of JPCL

NHPC Ltd (Parent company) has given Corporate guarantee for full amount in respect of Term loan facilities of Rs. 657 Crores availed by JPCL from J&K Bank Ltd & Bank of Baroda

16.1.5 Maturity Analysis of Borrowings

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the company's borrowings and lease liability based on contractual payments (Undiscounted Cash Flows)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
More than 1 Year & Less than 3 Years	7,588.75	2,347.50
More than 3 Year & Less than 5 Years	19,710,00	9,390.00
More than 5 Years	38,401,25	16,262,50
TOTAL	65,700.00	28,000.00



NOTE NO. 16.2 NON CURRENT - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - LEASE LIABILITIES

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	Lease Liabilities (Refer Note 34(14)		#
	TOTAL		
16.2.1	Maturity Analysis of Lease Liability		
	The table below summarises the maturity profile of the company's borror and lease liability based on contractual payments (Undiscounted Flows):		1
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
	More than 1 Year & Less than 3 Years		
	More than 3 Year & Less than 5 Years		
	More than 5 Years		
	TOTAL		E:
16.2.2	Movement in Lease Liability	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	Opening Balance	(4)	
	Addition in lease liabilities	1	
	Finance Cost accrued during the year		
	Less: Payment of lease liabilities		
	Closing Balance	<u> </u>	
	Current maturities of lease obligations (Refer Note 20.2)	:•:	-
	Long term maturities of lease obligations		-

NOTE NO. 16.3 NON CURRENT - FINANCIAL LIABILTIES - OTHERS

(₹in lakhs)

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	Payable towards Bonds Fully Serviced by Government of India		
	- Principal	7.52	
	Retention Money (Ref Sub Note 16.3)	3,441.39	2,041.77
	Liability against capital works/supplies (Fair Value Adj)		417.08
	Payable for Late Payment Surcharge	7.5	
	Derivative MTM Liability	(e)	
	TOTAL	3,441.39	2,458.85
16.3.1	Maturity Analysis of Note No-16.3 The table below summarises the maturity profile of the deposits		
16.3.1	Maturity Analysis of Note No-16.3		
16.3.1	Maturity Analysis of Note No-16.3 The table below summarises the maturity profile of the deposits		As at 31st March, 2023
16.3.1	Maturity Analysis of Note No-16.3 The table below summarises the maturity profile of the deposits money based on contractual payments (Undiscounted Cash Flows)		As at 31st March, 2023 2,973.79
16.3.1	Maturity Analysis of Note No-16.3 The table below summarises the maturity profile of the deposits money based on contractual payments (Undiscounted Cash Flows) Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	
16.3.1	Maturity Analysis of Note No-16.3 The table below summarises the maturity profile of the deposits money based on contractual payments (Undiscounted Cash Flows) Particulars More than 1 Year & Less than 3 Years	As at 31st March, 2024	



NOTE NO. 17 PROVISIONS - NON CURRENT

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2
A.	PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
	, Provision for Long term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of actuarial		
	i) valuation)		
	As per last Balance Sheet	200	
	Additions during the year		
	Amount used during the year	1	
	Amount reversed during the year		
	Closing Balance		
В.	OTHERS		
	i) Provision For Committed Capital Expenditure		
	As per last Balance Sheet	1901	
	Additions during the year	:*:	
	Amount used during the year	193	
	Amount reversed during the year	90.1	
	Unwinding of discount	(20)	
	Closing Balance		
	ii) Provision For Livelihood Assistance		
	As per last Balance Sheet	3	
	Additions during the year		
	Amount used during the year	3.1	
	Amount reversed during the year	180	
	Unwinding of discount		
	Closing Balance	•	
	iii) Provision-Others		
	As per last Balance Sheet	E .	
	Additions during the year		
	Amount used during the year	l l	
	Amount reversed during the year		
	Closing Balance		
	TOTAL		

NOTE NO. 18 NON CURRENT - DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)

(₹in lakhs)

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Deferred Tax Liability		
a) Property, Plant and Equipments, Right of Use, Investment Property and Intangible Assets.	12	
b) Financial Assets at FVTOCI	90	
c) Other Items	5.0	
Deferred Tax Liability	5.	
Less:-Set off Deferred Tax Assets pursuant to set off provisions		
a) Provision for employee benefit scheme, doubtful debts, inventory and others		
b) Other Items	8	s
c) MAT credit entitlement (Refer Note 18.2)		
Deferred Tax Assets		
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	•	

18.1 Movement in Deferred Tax Liability/ (Assets) is given as Annexure to Note 18.1

18.2 Detail of MAT Credit Entitlement :-

(₹in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Opening Balance		
Add: Recognised during the year	3=	-
Less: Utilised during the year		-
Closing Balance		

18.3 Pursuant to the provisions of Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act 1961 announced by Tax Laws (amended) Ordinance 2019 and promulgated as Taxation Laws (amendment) Act 2019 enacted on 11th December 2019 applicable with effect from 1st April 2019, Domestic Companies have options to pay Income Tax at concessional rates by foregoing certain exemptions/ deductions (the new tax regime) as specified in the said section. The Company has Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit of ₹ NIL (including unrecognised amount of MAT Credit of ₹ NIL) lying unutilized as on 31st March, 2024 (Previous year ₹ NIL (including unrecognised amount of MAT Credit of ₹ NIL)] and is availing tax deductions in respect of its profit from generation of power from certain power stations. In view of the same, it has been decided to continue with existing tax structure for Current and Deferred Tax recognition. Necessary decision for exercising the option under section 115BAA will be taken once tax deductions are not available and MAT credit is substantially exhausted. (Refer Note 30.1.5).

18.4 Refer Note 14(2) and 34(18) of Financial Statements for RDA (Credit) balances created against MAT Credit recognised,



Annexure to Note No. 18.1

Movement in Deferred Tax Liability

(₹in lakhs)

Particulars	Property, Plant and Equipments,Investment Property and Intangible Assets.	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Other Items	Total
At 1st April 2023			2	161
Charge/(Credit)				
to Statement of Profit and Loss				1160
-to Other Comprehensive Income				763
At 31st March 2024		- 1	-	

Movement in Deferred Tax Assets

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Provision for employee benefit scheme, doubtful debts, inventory and others	Other Items	MAT credit entitlement	Total
At 1st April 2023				
(Charge)/Credit				
to Statement of Profit and Loss				1.0
to Other Comprehensive Income				2.4
At 31st March 2024			•	



(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Income received in advance-Advance Against Depreciation	*	
Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Liabilities	*	
Deferred Income from Foreign Currency Fluctuation Account	883	€
Grants in aid-from Government-Deferred Income (Refer Note 19.1)		
TOTAL	-	
19.1 GRANTS IN AID-FROM GOVERNMENT-DEFERRED INCOME		
Opening Balance (Current and Non Current)	SE .	
Add: Received during the year		
Less: Transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss (Refer Note 24.2)		
Closing Balance (Current and Non Current) (Refer Note 19.1.1)		*
Grants in Aid-from Government-Deferred Income (Current)-	220	
(Refer Note No-21) Grants in Aid-from Government-Deferred Income		
(Non-Current)	(A)	÷:
9.1.1 Grant includes:-		
 Fair value gain on Subordinate Debts received from Government of India for Chutak Power Station, Nimmoo Bazgo Power Station and Kishanganga Power Station accounted as Grant In Aid, 	i#?	53
(ii) Funds (Grant-in-Aid) received from Government of India for Downstream Protection Measures in respect of Subansiri Lower HE Project.	727	20
(iii) Grant-in-Aid received from Government of India through Solar Energy Corporation of India (SECI)/ IREDA for setting up Solar Power Projects and Funds (Grant in Aid) received from Government of India for setting up rooftop Solar Power Plant.	2	÷.
Total	74	



NOTE NO. 20.1 BORROWINGS - CURRENT

(₹in lakhs)

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Α	Loan Repayable on Demand		
	From Banks-Secured (Refer Note 20.1.1)	1.E.	*:
В	Other Loans		
	From Bank-Secured (Refer Note 20.1.2)		
С	Current maturities of long term debt (Refer Note 20.1.3)		
	- Bonds-Secured	5.00	
	- Term Loan -Banks-Secured	93	±.
	- Term Loan -Financial Institutions-Secured	130	\$ 8
	- Term Loan -Banks-Unsecured	520	56
	 Unsecured-From Government (Subordinate Debts) 	50	8
	- Other-Unsecured (in Foreign Currency)		
	Sub Total (C)	S#V	
D	Loan from Parent Company (Refer Note 20.1.4)		
	- Term Loan -Unsecured	\$\circ\$	/4/
	TOTAL		100

20.1.1 Detail of Borrowings (Secured)

S.No	Name of Bank along with details of Security	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
1			
2			
3			
	Total		(%)

- 20.1.2 Secured loan from Bank amounting to ₹ NIL (Previous Year ₹ NIL) is towards amount payable to the banks by the beneficiaries on account of bills discounted with recourse against trade receivables. Refer Note 7.2.7 on continuing recognition of trade receivables liquidated by way of bill discounting.
- 20.1.3 Details of redemption, rate of interest, terms of repayment and particulars of security are disclosed in Note No-16.1.3
- 20.1.4 Details in respect of redemption, rate of interest, terms of repayment and particulars of security

NOTE NO. 20.2 CURRENT - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - LEASE LIABILTIES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Lease Liabilities (Refer Note 34(14)	=	(2.1)
TOTAL		350

NOTE NO. 20.3 TRADE PAYABLE - CURRENT

(₹in lakhs)

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note 20.3.1)	¥	120
	Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note 20.3.3 & Sub Note 20.4)	248.47	128.38
	TOTAL	248.47	128.38
20.3.1	Disclosure regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise :-		
	Outstanding Liabilities towards Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise	£	
	Disclosure of amount payable to Micro and Small Enterprises is based on the status of suppliers as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise as required under Section 22 of the Act is given under Note No.34(15) of Final	Development Act, 2006 (the	
	as required under Section 22 of the Act is given under Note No. 34(15) of Final	noidi didicinonio.	
20,3.2	Refer Annexure-I to Note No-20.3 for Ageing schedule of Trade Payables.	noial statements.	
			59,39
20.3.3	Refer Annexure-I to Note No-20,3 for Ageing schedule of Trade Payables.	208.72	59.35
20.3.3	Refer Annexure-I to Note No-20,3 for Ageing schedule of Trade Payables. Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro enterprises and small	208.72	59,39



Annexure-I to Note No-20.3

As at 31st March 2024						(₹in lakh	s)
Particulars			Trade Payb		itstanding for t date of paymer		iod from due
Particulars			Less than 1			More than	3
	Unbilled	Not Due	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Years	Total
(i) MSME							: €7:
(ii) Others			248.47				248.47
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME							(9)
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	5						=
Total			248.47		025	- 3	248.47

As at 31st March 2023							
D ()			Trade Payb		itstanding for t late of paymen	• •	d from due
Particulars			Less than 1			More than 3	3
	Unbilled	Not Due	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Years	Total
(i) MSME							-
(ii) Others			128.38				128.38
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME							=
(iv) Disputed dues-Others							92
Total	420	(#1)	128.38	- u	•	-	128.38



NOTE NO. 20.4 CURRENT - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Bond application money	3	
Liability against capital works/supplies other than Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 20.4.5 & Sub Note 20.4)	3,443.97	3,054.74
Deposits	-	15
Liability against capital works/supplies-Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 20.4.1)		(*
Liability against Corporate Social Responsibility		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings (Refer Note 20.4.3)	224.53	7.61
Interest accrued and due on borrowings (Refer Note 20.4.4) Payable towards Bonds Fully Serviced by Government of India		
- Principal		•
- Interest	3	
Earnest Money Deposit/ Retention Money (Refer Sub Note 20.4)	46.26	18.27
Due to Parent Company	119.11	18.31
Liability for share application money -to the extent refundable	*	(4)
Unpaid dividend (Refer Note 20.4.2)	=	্ৰা
Unpaid Principal/ Interest (Refer Note 20.4.2)	2	150
Payable for Late Payment Surcharge	2	120
Derivative MTM Liability	\$	F26
Payable to Employees	7_11	5.46
Payable to Others		30
TOTAL	3,840.98	3,096.79

20.4.1 Disclosure regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise :-

Outstanding Liabilities towards Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise

Outstanding Interest towards Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise

Disclosure of amount payable to Micro and Small Enterprises is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of suppliers as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 (the Act), Additional disclosure as required under Section 22 of The Act is given under Note No.34(15) of Financial Statements.

- 20.4.2 "Unpaid Dividend" and "Unpaid Principal/ Interest" includes the amounts which have not been claimed by the investors/holders of the equity shares/bonds, During the year, unpaid dividend of ₹ NIL (Previous Year ₹ NIL) has been paid to the Investor Education and Protection Fund, There is no amount due for payment to Investor Education and Protection Fund.
- 20.4.3 Interest accrued but not due on borrowings includes interest amounting to Rs. NIL payable to Parent Company.
- 20.4.4 Interest accrued and due on borrowings includes interest amounting to Rs. NIL payable to Parent Company.
- 20.4.5 Liability against capital works/supplies other than Micro and Small Enterprises includes Rs. 124.31 Lakhs Payable to Parent Company.
- 20.4.6 Refer Note 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of balances.

NOTE NO. 21 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Income received in advance (Advance against depreciation)		
Deferred Income from Foreign Currency Fluctuation Account		*
Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Liabilities	€	E
Unspent amount of deposit/agency basis works		:=
Water Usage Charges Payables		
Statutory dues payables	250.00	318,23
Contract Liabilities-Deposit Works		
Contract Liabilities-Project Management/ Consultancy Work	=	
Provision toward amount recoverable in respect of Project Management/ Consultancy Work		3
Advance from Customers and Others	£	2
Grants in aid-from Government-Deferred Income (Refer Note No-19.1)		
TOTAL	250.00	318.23

21.1 Refer Note 34(11) of the Financial Statements with regard to confirmation of balances.



NOTE NO. 22 PROVISIONS - CURRENT

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
A. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
i) Provision for Long term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of actuarial		
valuation)		
As per last Balance Sheet	(a)	
Additions during the year		
Amount used during the year		
Amount reversed during the year		
Closing Balance		*
ii) Provision for Wage Revision		
As per last Balance Sheet		
Additions during the year		
Amount used during the year	:=	
Amount reversed during the year	-	
Closing Balance		
Less: Advance paid		
Closing Balance (Net of advance)		•
iii) Provision for Performance Related Pay/Incentive		
As per last Balance Sheet	257.80	51,95
Additions during the year	208.60	242,72
Amount used during the year	247.64	36.87
Amount reversed during the year	31.17	
Closing Balance (Sub Note 20.4)	187.59	257.80
Less:-Advance Paid		
Closing Balance Net of Advance	187.59	257.80
TOTAL	187.59	257.80

NOTE NO. 23 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (NET)

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Current Tax Liability as per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount adjusted during the year Amount used during the year		
Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance of Current Tax Liablity (A) Less: Current Advance Tax including Tax Deducted at Source (B)	7.05 19.07	27.5
Net Current Tax Liabilities (A-B) (Disclosed under Note No-4 above)	(12.03) 12.03	(27.5° 27.6°
TOTAL		,(2 :



	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year end 31st March, 2023
	Operating Revenue		
Α	SALES (Refer Note 24.1.1 and 24.1.3)		
	Sale of Power	7= 1	
	Advance Against Depreciation -Written back during the year		
	Performance based Incentive		
	Sub-total (i)	892	
	Less:		
	Sales adjustment on account of Foreign Exchange Rate Variation Tariff Adjustments (Refer Note 24.1.2)	·	
	Regulated Power Adjustment	88	
	Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning	922	
	(Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction) (Refer Note 32)		
	Rebate to customers	(4)	
	Sub-total (ii)		
	Sub - Total (A) = (i-ii)	202	
В	Income from Finance Lease (Refer Note 34(14)	3 0.	
C	Income from Operating Lease (Refer Note 34(14)	E40.	
D	Revenue From Contracts, Project Management and Consultancy Works	393	
E	Revenue from Power Trading		
-	Sub - Total (E)	(*)	
	Sub-Total-I (A+B+C+D+E)	(#1	
-	. ,		
F	OTHER OPERATING REVENUE Income From Sale of Self Generated VERs/REC	141	
	Income on account of generation based incentive (GBI)	9.1	
	Interest from Beneficiary States -Revision of Tariff	*	
	Income on account of Sale of Scrap	180	
	Sub-Total-II		
	TOTAL (I+II)	•	
24.1.1	Sale of Power includes :-		
	(i) Amount recovered/recoverable directly from beneficiary towards deferred	€ .	
	tax liablity pertaining to the period upto 2009 and materialised during the year:		
	(ii) Earlier year sales.	-	
24.1.2	Tariff Adjustment:- Tariff regulation notified by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) vide notification dated 21.02.2014 inter-alia provides		
	that capital cost considered for fixation of tariff for current tariff period shall be	4	
	subject to truing up at the end of the tariff period, which may result in	1	
	increase or decrease in tariff. Accordingly, stated amount has been provided		
	in the books during the year.		
24.1.3	Amount of unbilled revenue included in Sales.	8	
24.1.4	Trading Margin in respect of Power Trading Business :-		
	(i) Sale of Power (Net of Rebate)		
	(ii) Purchase of Power (Net of Rebate)	*	
	1.,		



(₹ in laƙhs)

	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
A)	Interest Income		
	- Investments carried at FVTOCI- Non Taxable	(9.1	
	- Investments carried at FVTOCI- Taxable	727	-
	Interest - Government Securities (8.5% tax free bonds issued by the State Governments)	-	13
	- Loan to Government of Arunachal Pradesh	34	
	- Deposit Account with Banks	68.46	39.
	- Employee's Loans and Advances (Net of Rebate)	*	0,
	- Advance to contractors	61,59	236.
	- Unwindling of Fair Value Loss on Financial Assets		175
	- Others (interest on IT Refund)	0.85	0.
B)	Dividend Income		
	- Dividend from subsidiaries		12
0)	- Dividend - Others	-	
C)	Other Non Operating Income (Net of Expenses directly attributable to		
	such income) Late payment surcharge		-
	Realization of Loss Due To Business Interruption	2	8
	Profit on sale of investments	3	Sa.
	Profit on sale of Assets (Net)	*	59
	Income from Insurance Claim		3
	Liabilities/ Impairment Allowances/ Provisions not required written back	2	1.
	(Refer Note 24.2.1)		
	Material Issued to contractor (i) Sale on account of material issued to contractors		
	(ii) Less; Cost of material issued to contractors on recoverable basis	â	
	` '	-	
	(iii) Net: Adjustment on account of material issued to contractor	<u> </u>	
	Amortization of Grant in Aid (Refer Note 19.1) Exchange rate variation (Net)		
	Mark to Market Gain on Derivative		
	Others	14.19	3,
	Sub-total	145.10	281.
	Add/(Less): C.O. Income Allocation	2	3
	Add/(Less): Regional Office Income Allocation		
	Sub-total	145.10 75.79	281. 242.
	Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Transferred to Advance/ Deposit from Client/Contractees and against	75.79	242,
	Deposit Works	*	e
	Less: Transfer of other income to grant		
	Total	69.31	39.
24.2.1	Detail of Liabilities/Impairment Allowances/Provisions not required		
	written back		
a)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans		
a) b)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier		
a) b) c)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans		
a) b) c) d)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government		
a) b) c) d)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances		
a) b) c) d) e) f)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j) k)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j) k)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Dosolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for Doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial valuation)		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k) l) m)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for Ioan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for Ioan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for Doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for Iosses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial valuation) Provision for PRP / Incentive /Productivity Linked Incentive		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k) l) m)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Dad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for Ioan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial valuation) Provision for PRP / Incentive /Productivity Linked Incentive Provision for tariff adjustment		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k) n) o) p)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value of Inventories Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial valuation) Provision for PRP / Incentive /Productivity Linked Incentive Provision for Committed Capital Expenditure		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k) n) o) p)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial valuation) Provision for PRP / Incentive /Productivity Linked Incentive Provision for Committed Capital Expenditure Provision for Livelihood Assistance		
a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k) n) o) p) q)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for Doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial valuation) Provision for PRP / Incentive /Productivity Linked Incentive Provision for Committed Capital Expenditure Provision for Livelihood Assistance Provision for Restoration expenses of Insured Assets		
a) b) b) c) c) d) d) e) e) e) f) f) j) j) j) j) m) n) o) o) q) q) r) s)	written back Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Employees Loans Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Advances to Contractor/ Supplier Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Loan to State Government Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Capital Advances Allowances for trade receivables Allowances for Bad & Doubtful Deposits Allowances for loan which have significant increase in credit risk Allowances for doubtful recoverables Allowances for Doubtful Accrued Interest Allowances for project expenses awaiting write off sanction Allowances for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / sanction Provision for Long Term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of acturial valuation) Provision for PRP / Incentive /Productivity Linked Incentive Provision for Committed Capital Expenditure Provision for Livelihood Assistance		1.



(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Purchase of Power Less : Rebate from Supplier	*1 21	e:
Total	•	

NOTE NO. 25.2 GENERATION EXPENSES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS		For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Water Usage Charges		# i	
Consumption of stores and spare parts	Sub-total		
Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction		4	
Total		•	

NOTE NO. 26 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Salaries and Wages	1,754.21	1,520.65
Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer Note 26.2 and 26.4)	265,28	180,34
Staff welfare expenses	153.98	85.35
Leave Salary & Pension Contribution		
Sub-tota	2,173.47	1,786.35
Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation	1,51	Ξ.
Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation		
Sub-tota	2,173.47	1,786.35
Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction	2,173.47	1,786.35
Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works	191	
Total		

26.1 Disclosure about leases towards residential accomodation for employees are given in Note 34 (14) of Financial Statements

Contribution to provident and other funds include contributions:	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
i) towards Employees Provident Fund	107.42	83.49
ii) towards Employees Defined Contribution Superannuation Scheme	139.87	86.91

- 26.3 Salary and wages includes expenditure on short term leases as per IND AS-116 " Leases".
- 26.4 "The Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952" requires the Company to reimburse the Provident Fund Trust in case of any any loss to the Trust. Contribution towards EPF includes ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) being interest overdue on certain investments of the trust which has become impaired.
- 26.5 Employee benefit expenditure includes an amount of Rs. NIL (Previous year NIL) in respect of employees engaged in R&D Activities of the Company.



(₹ in lakhs)

Call spread/ Coupon Swap	3,589,39 221,03	
Domestic Term loan from Banks/ FI Foreign loan Government of India loan Short Term Loan (ICL from NHPC) Cash credit facilities /WCDL Other interest charges Lease Liabilities Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	3,589,39	515.12 56.69
Foreign loan Government of India loan Short Term Loan (ICL from NHPC) Cash credit facilities /WCDL Other interest charges Lease Liabilities Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	221.03	56,69
Government of India Ioan Short Term Loan (ICL from NHPC) Cash credit facilities (MCDL Other interest charges Lease Liabilities Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	221.03	56,69
Short Term Loan (ICL from NHPC) Cash credit facilities (WCDL Other interest charges Lease Liabilities Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	221.03	185 1982
Cash credit facilities /WCDL Other interest charges Lease Liabilities Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	90 90 90 90	185 1982
Other interest charges Lease Liabilities Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	941 94 94	190
Lease Liabilities Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	59.1	1062 1062 2063
Unwinding of discount-Government of India Loan Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	59.1	1 M2 2 M2
Sub-tota B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap		- XM
B Other Borrowing Cost Call spread/ Coupon Swap	0.042.42	
Call spread/ Coupon Swap	3,810.42	571.81
	25	1.00
Bond issue/ service expenses	-	(2)
Commitment fee		
Guarantee fee on Domestic Ioan (NHPC)	605,10	90.71
Other finance charges	.=	029
Unwinding of discount-Provision & Financial Liablities	262.88	66_50
Sub-tota	867.98	157.21
Applicable net (gain)/ loss on Foreign currency transactions and translation		
Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost		D€:
Less: Transferred to Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Assets		723
Sub-tota		(*)
D Interest on Income Tax		(5)
Total (A + B + C+D)	4,678.40	729.01
Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation		(5)
Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation	-	
TOTAL	4,678.40	729.01
Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction	4,678,40	729.01
Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works	-	•
Total		100

NOTE NO. 28 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Depreciation -Property, Plant and Equipment	52.06	53,20
Depreciation-Right of use Assets	:	9.7%
Amortization -Intangible Assets	2,83	(S)
Depreciation adjustment on account of Foreign Exchange Rate Variation (Refer Note 5(D)(iii))	di .	(5)
Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation		
Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation	3	(F)
Add/(Less): Depreciation allocated to/from other units		(a)
Sub-total Sub-total	54.89	53.20
Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works	54.89	53.20
Total	8	(0.00)



(₹in lakhs)

- Machinery - Others - Machinery - Others - Machinery - Others - Refer Note 28.4) - Refer Note 28.4 - Refer Note 28.4) - Refer Note 28.4	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE			
Building			
Rent (Refer Note 28.4) Hiro Charges Rates and Exoses Rates and Rates		21.03	7.33
Rant (Rafer Note 28.4)			
Hirs Charges			
Railes and Exors 1,221,37 2,137.1			4.84
Insurance 1,221.37 2137.17 344 150.5			12.61
Electricity Charges			2,137.13
Travelling and Conveyance			156.51
Expenses on vehicles			
Telephone, letex and Postage 32.46 22.5 Advertisement and publicity 0.19 1.1			0.99
Advertisement and publicity Entertainment and publicity Entertainment and publicity Entertainment and publicity Printing and stationery Legal Expenses Consultancy parties - Indigenous Consultancy parties - Foreign Audit supporties (Ref Nota 23.3) Expenses on compensatory afforestation / catchment area treatment/ environmental expenses/development expenses Expenses on work of downstream protection works Expenditure on land not belonging to company Loss on Assets (Net) Losses on of insurance claims Donation Community Development Expenses Directors' String Fees Interest on Arbitration / Court Cases Compensation on Arbitration / Court Cases Interest to Arbitration / Court Cases Interest to beneficiary Expenditure on Self Generated VER*e/REC Exchange rate variation (Net) Training Expenses Publicin Fee //Regiferation Fee / Other Fee – To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Kendriya Vidyalay Operational/Running Expenses of Guest House/Transit Hostel Operational/Running Expenses of Guest House/Transit Hostel Operational/Running Expenses of Guest House/Transit Hostel Operational/Running Expenses of Other Fee – To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Other Fee – To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools Operational/Running Expenses of Guest House/Transit Hostel Operational/Running Expenses of Other Fee – To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Other Fee – To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Guest House/Transit Hostel Operational/Running Expenses of		200	22.59
Printing and stationery Legal Expanses Consultancy charges - Indigenous Consultancy charges - Foreign Audit expenses (Refer Note 28.3) Expenses on compensatory efforestation / catchment area treatment/ environmental expenses/development expenses Expenses on works of drowstream protection works Expanditure on land not belonging to company Loss on Assets (Not) Los on Assets (Not) Community Development Expenses Interest on Aribitation (Court Cases Interest on Aribitation Court Cases Interest on Aribitation Court Cases Interest on Aribitation Court Cases Interest on Aribitation (Court Cases Interest on Aribitation (Not) Training Expenses Public Fee / Registration Fee / Other Fee — To CERC/RLDC/RFC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools Operational/Running Other Expenses of Other Schools Operational/Running Ot			1.11
Legal Expanses 0.94 2.7.		0	3,20
Constitution y diargos - Indigenous Constitution (S. 8.5		22	2.70
Consultancy charges - Foreign Audit appenses (Ref Note 28.3) Expenses on compensatory afforsistation/ catchment area treatment/ environmental expenses/development expenses Expenses on work of downstream protection works Expenditure on land not belonging to company Loss on Assets (Net) Losses out of insurance claims Donation Corporate social responsibility (Refer Note 34(12)) Community Development Expenses Director's Sitting Feas Direc		33/11/	4,36
Audit expenses (Refer Note 28.3) Expenses on comprehension y afforestation / catchment area treatment/ environmental expenses/development expenses Expenses on owns of downstream protection works Expenditure on land not belonging to company Loss on Assets (Nel) Losses out of insurance claims Donation Corporate social responsibility (Refer Note 34(12)) Community Development Expenses Directors' Sifting Ress Compensation on Articlourd Cases Compensation on Articlourd Cases Compensation on Articlourd Cases Compensation on Articlourd Cases Interest to beneficiary Expenditure on Self Generated VER's/REC Exchange rate variation (Nel) Training Expenses Petition Fee Registration Fee (Other Fee — To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Chert Schools Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools Operational/Running Expenses of Os Set-Other than Residential Fair Value Loss on Firancial Assets Change in Fair Value Loss on Forancial Fair Value Loss on Firancial Assets Change in Fair Value Loss on Forancial Fair Value Loss on Firancial Assets Change in Fair Value Loss of Firancial Assets Less: Transfer to General Reserve for Expenses on Buyback Less:		120	2
environmental expenses/development expenses Expenses on work of downstream protection works Expenditure on land not belonging to company Loss on Assets (Net) Losses out of Insurance claims Domation Corporate social responsibility (Refer Note 34(12)) Community Development Expenses Directors Sitting Feas Interest on Arbitration/ Court Cases Compensation on Arbitration/ Court Cases Interest to hendridary Expenditure on Self Generated VER's/REC Exchange rate variation (Net) Training Expenses Petition Fee /Registration Fee /Other Fee — To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Control Self Case of Compensation (Net) Training Expenses of Control Self Case of Compensation (Net) Training Expenses of Control Self Case of Compensation (Net) Training Expenses of Control Self Case of Case o		1,67	1.48
Expenses on work of downstream protection works Expenditure on land not belonging to company Loss on Assets (Net) Losses out of insurance claims Donation Corporate social responsibility (Refer Note 34(12)) Community Development Expenses Director's Sitting Fesses Interest on Arbitration / Court Cases Compensation on Arbitration / Court Cases Interest to beneficiary Expenditure on Self Generated VER's/REC Exchange rate variation (Net) Training Expenses Petition Fee Registration Fee / Other Fee – To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Kandriya Vidyalay Operational/Running Expenses of Kandriya Vidyalay Operational/Running Expenses of Kandriya Vidyalay Operational/Running Expenses of Self-Other fan Residential Fair Value Loss on Financial Assets Other general expenses of Los Sel-Other than Residential Fair Value Loss on Financial Assets Change in Fair Value of Derivatives Other general expenses Other general expenses Other general expenses Other general expenses Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Altributable to Construction Less: Transferred to Expenditure Altributable to Construction Less: Transferred to Expenditure Altributable to Construction Less: Stransfer to General Reserve for Expenses on Buyback Less: Transfer to General Reserve for Expenses on Buyback Less: Transfer to General Reserve for Expenses on Buyback Allowance for Band and doubtful claims Allowance for Stores and sparse/ Construction stores Allowance for Stores and sparse/ Construction stores Allowance for Fade receivables Loss Allowance for For deter exceivables Allowance for For deter exceivables Allowance for For Stores and sparse of Construction stores Allowance for Fade receivables Allowance for Fade receiv		1.97	÷:
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Expenditure on Self Generated VER's/REC Exchange rate variation (Net) Training Expenses Petition Fee / Registration Fee / Other Fee — To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Content Schools Operational/Running Expenses of Content Residential Fair Value Loss on Financial Assets Change in Fair Value of Derivatives Other general expenses Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Sub-total Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Sub-total Sub-total Sub-total PROVISIONS/ IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCE Loss allowance for trade receivables Allowance for Bad and doubtful advances / deposits Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Lona Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Lona Allowance for Fade and Doubtful Lona Allowance for Foother Expected Credit Loss - Trade Receivables Allowance for Foother Expected Credit Lona Allowance for Diminution in value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for Allowance for Diminution in value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for Allowance for Diminution in Value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for Allowance for Diminution in Value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for Sub-total		(5)	#1
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Petition Fee /Registration Fee /Other Fee — To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Kendriya Vidyalay Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools Operating Expenses of Other Schools Fair Value Loss on Financial Assets Change in Fair Value of Derivatives Other general expenses Other general expenses Other Value of Derivatives Other general expenses Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works Less: Transferred to Expenses on Buyback Less: Transfer to General Reserve for Expenses on Buyback Loss Allowance for Tade receivables Loss Allowance for Expected Credit Loss -Trade Receivables Allowance for Bad and doubtful darbances / deposits Allowance for Bad and doubtful claims Allowance for Bad and doubtful claims Allowance for Boubtful Interest Allowance for Shortage in store & sparse provided Allowance for Shortage in store & sparse provided Allowance for Project expenses Allowance for Project expenses Allowance for Interest of Project expenses Allowance for Catchment area treatment plan Interest to Beneficiary (Refer Note 28.2) Interest against court/arbitration award Others Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works		1 3	2
Petition Fee / Registration Fee / Other Fee – To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXIL Operational/Running Expenses of Cherk Schools Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools Fair Value Loss on Financial Assets Change in Fair Value of Derivatives Other general expenses Other general expenses Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Sub-total Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works Less: Transfer to General Reserve for Expenses on Buyback PROVISIONS/ IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCE Loss Allowance for Tade receivables Allowance for Expected Credit Loss - Trade Receivables Allowance for Expected Credit Loss - Trade Receivables Allowance for Bad and doubtful claims Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Loan Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Loan Allowance for Shortage in store & sparse provided Allowance for Shortage in store & sparse provided Allowance for Forbotage in store & sparse provided Allowance for Forbotage in store & sparse provided Allowance for Project expenses Allowance for Project expenses Allowance for Construction award Others Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works		3,06	£
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Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Loan Allowance for Doubtful Interest Allowance for stores and spares/ Construction stores Allowance for Shortage in store & spares provided Allowance against diminution in the value of investment Allowance for Project expenses Allowance for losses pending investigation/ awaiting write off / sanction Allowance for Diminution in value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for Allowance for catchment area treatment plan Interest to Beneficiary (Refer Note 29.2) Interest against court/arbitration award Others Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works			•
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Allowance for Project expenses Allowance for losses pending investigation/ awaiting write off / sanction Allowance for Diminution in value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for Allowance for catchment area treatment plan Interest to Beneficiary (Refer Note 29.2) Interest against court/arbitration award Others Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works		550	<u> </u>
Allowance for losses pending investigation/ awaiting write off / sanction Allowance for Diminution in value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for Allowance for catchment area treatment plan Interest to Beneficiary (Refer Note 29.2) Interest against court/arbitration award Others Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works		753	
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Interest to Beneficiary (Refer Note 29.2) Interest against court/arbitration award Others Sub-total Add/(Less): C.O. Expenses Allocation Add/(Less): Regional Office Expenses Allocation Less: Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works	for	170	
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Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works	7350000000	tai	
		3	
		(ii)	
Total (i+ii) 42.20 11.4			11.47

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			(₹in lakh
29.2	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
	Pending notification of revision order by CERC in respect of truing up application filed by the company under CERC notification dated 21.02.2014, stated amount has been provided in the books during the year towards Interest to Beneficiary States, which may have to be paid in case of reduction in tariff as a result of said revision order.		7.
			(₹in lakhs
29.3	Detail of audit expenses are as under: -	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
	i) Statutory auditors		
	As Auditor	1	
	- Audit Fees	1.25	1,4
	- Tax Audit Fees	323	
	In other Capacity		
	- Taxation Matters	92	*
	- Company Law Matters	(25)	5
	- Management Services	0,30	*
	- Other Matters/services	0.12	*
	- Reimbursement of expenses	-	
	ii) Cost Auditors		
	- Audit Fees	3	3
	- Reimbursement of expenses	- 1	7.
	iii) Goods and Service Tax (GST) Auditors		
	- Audit Fees	3	(G
- 1	- Reimbursement of expenses		
5	Total Audit Expenses	1.67	1,4
29.4	Rent includes the following expenditure as per IND AS-116 " Leases":		
(i)	Expenditure on short-term leases other than lease term of one month or less	98.47	64.9
(ii)	Expenditure on long term lease of low-value assets		
	Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	64.31	39.2

NOTE NO. 30.1 TAX EXPENSES

(₹ in lakhs)

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PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Current Tax	7.05	74
Provision for Current Tax Adjustment Relating To Earlier years	(1.79)	
Total Current Tax expenses	5.26	(6)
Deferred Tax		
Decrease (increase) in Deferred Tax Assets		
- Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences		
- Relating to change in tax rate		-
- Adjustments in respect of deferred tax of earlier years		109
- Adjustments on account of MAT credit entitlement		(0)
Increase (decrease) in Deferred Tax Liabilities	:=	
- Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences		
- Relating to change in tax rate		38 2*
Adjustments in respect of deferred tax of earlier years	1	25
Total Deferred Tax Expenses (benefits)		
Net Deferred Tax		-
Total	5.26	
Total	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Total Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
Total Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ender 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ender 31st March, 2023
Total Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax offects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income.	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income. Non Deductible Tax Expenses	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income. Non Deductible Tax Expenses Tax Exempt Income Tax Incentives (80-IA Deductions)	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ender 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income. Non Deductible Tax Expenses Tax Exempt Income Tax Incentives (80-IA Deductions) Adjustment for current tax of earlier years	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ender 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income. Non Deductible Tax Expenses Tax Exempt Income Tax Incentives (80-IA Deductions) Adjustment for current tax of earlier years	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ender 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income. Non Deductible Tax Expenses Tax Exempt Income Tax Incentives (80-IA Deductions) Adjustment for current tax of earlier years Minimum Alternate Tax Adjustments Change in rate of tax	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ender 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income. Non Deductible Tax Expenses Tax Exempt Income Tax Incentives (80-IA Deductions) Adjustment for current tax of earlier years Minimum Alternate Tax Adjustments Change in rate of tax	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25 7.06	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate. Accounting profit/loss before income tax including movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balance Applicable tax rate (%) Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable income. Non Deductible Tax Expenses Tax Exempt Income Tax Incentives (80-IA Deductions) Adjustment for current tax of earlier years Minimum Alternate Tax Adjustments Change in rate of tax	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024 27.10 0.25	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023

NOTE NO. 30.2 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
(a) Remeasurement of the post employment defined benefit obligations	=:	
Less: Income Tax on remeasurement of the post employment defined benefit obligations	i.e.	\$
Remeasurement of the post employment defined benefit obligations (ne of Tax)	t ·	
Less:-Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances in respect of tax on defined benefit obligations		ž.
 -Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances-Remeasurement of post employment defined benefit obligations 	-	
Less: Impact of Tax on Regulatory Deferral Accounts		
Sub total (a)		
(b) Investment in Equity Instruments	3.85	*
Less: Income Tax on Equity Instruments	(5)	£
Sub total (b)		
Total (i)=(a)+(b)		×
(ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		
- Investment in Debt Instruments		<u> </u>
Less: Income Tax on investment in Debt Instruments		**
Total (ii)		<u> </u>
Total =(i+ii)	188	

NOTE NO. 31 Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances

(₹in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
(i) Wage Revision as per 3rd Pay Revision Committee		
(ii) Depreciation due to moderation of Tariff	22.5	
(iii) Exchange Differences on Monetary Items	(4)	1.0
(iv) Interest Payment on Court/Arbitration Cases	(27)	18
(v) Adjustment against Deferred Tax Recoverable for tariff period upto 2009	:*1	55
(vi) Adjustment against Deferred Tax Liabilities for tariff period 2014-2019 and onwards	188	9
(vil) Regulatory Liability on account of recognition of MAT Credit	40	
TOTAL (i)+(ii)+(iii)+(iv+(v)+(vi) +(vii)	3.57	
impact of Tax on Regulatory Deferral Accounts		
Less: Deferred Tax on Regulatory Deferral Account Balances	120	N.
Add: Deferred Tax recoverable from Beneficiaries		
Total		

31.1 Refer Note 14.1 and 14.2 of Financial Statements.



NOTE NO. 32 EXPENDITURE ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONSTRUCTION (EAC) FORMING PART OF CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR

	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
A.	GENERATION EXPENSE Water Usage Charges	1500	
	•		
	Consumption of stores and spare parts Sub-to	fall	
	THE BUT WATER CONTROL OF THE BUT HEAVEN HER WELL HAVE A	tal	
В.	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	1,762,17	1,520.6
	Salaries and Wages Contribution to provident and other funds	265.28	180.3
	Staff welfare expenses	146.02	85.3
	Leave Salary & Pension Contribution Sub-to	tal 2,173.47	1,786.3
C.	FINANCE COST	2,110.47	
o.	Interest on : (Refer Note 2.2.3)		
	Bonds		-
	Foreign Ioan Term Ioan	3,810.42	571.0
	Lease Liabilities		
		3,810.42	571.8
	Cash credit facilities /WCDL Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost	,	
	Loss on Hedging Transactions	*	
	Bond issue/ service expenses		
	Commitment fee Guarantee fee on Domestic Ioan	605.10	90,
	Other finance charges	*	8
	Transfer of expenses to EAC- Interest on loans from Central Government-	*	:-
	adjustment on account of effective interest Transfer of expenses to EAC-Interest on security deposit/ retention money-	000.00	66.
	adjustment on account of effective interest	262.88	00.
	Transfer of expenses to EAC-committed capital expenses-adjustment for tir value	ne	*
	Sub-to	tal 4,678.40	729.
D.	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES	54.89	53.1 53. 1
_	Sub-to	tal 54.89	03.
E.	OTHER EXPENSES Repairs And Maintenance		
	-Building	21.03	7
	-Machinery	26.59	23.0
	-Others	20.55	20.
	Rent & Hire Charges	171.27	109.
	Rates and taxes	0.28	12,
	Insurance	1,221.37 175,94	2,137. 156.
	Security expenses Electricity Charges	10.68	8,
	Travelling and Conveyance	35,61	39,
	Expenses on vehicles	0.50 32.46	0, 22.
	Telephone, telex and Postage Advertisement and publicity		15
	Entertainment and hospitality expenses		
	Printing and stationery	5.94	6,
	Legal and Consultancy charges: - Indigenous	6,76	7.
	- Foreign		
	Expenses on compensatory afforestation/ catchment area treatment/ environmental expenses/ development expenses	1,97	
	Expenditure on land not belonging to company	2	12
	Assets/ Claims written off	E .	6.
	Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation Expenditure Losses on sale of assets	3.20	
	Other general expenses	40.25	22.
	Exchange rate variation (Debit) Sub-to	1.753.86	2,560.
F.	PROVISIONS		
G.	Sub-to CORPORATE OFFICE/REGIONAL OFFICE EXPENSES	tal	
О.	Other Income	-	-
	Other Expenses	2	S S
	Employee Benefits Expense Sub-to	tal -	
H _{at}	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES		
H _i ;	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning	61.50	236
H _a :	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning Interest on loans and advances	61.59	
H ₃₀	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning	61.59	
H _e :	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning Interest on loans and advances Profit on sale of assets Fxchanne rate variation (Credit) Provision/Liability not required written back	61.59 - - -	1.
H _{s5}	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning Interest on loans and advances Profit on sale of assets Fxchanna rate variation (Credit) Provision/Liability not required written back Miscellaneous receipts	61.59	1.
H _{at}	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning Interest on loans and advances Profit on sale of assets Fxchanne rate variation (Credit) Provision/Liability not required written back	61.59 - - - 14.19	1. 3.
H _a :	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning Interest on loans and advances Profit on sale of assets Fxchanne rate variation (Credit) Provision/Liability not required written back Miscellaneous receipts Transfer of fair value gain to EAC- security deposit Transfer of Income to EAC - MTM Gain on Derivatives Transfer of fair value gain to EAC - on provisions for committed capital	61.59	236. 1. 3.
Нь	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning Interest on loans and advances Profit on sale of assets Fxchanne rate variation (Credit) Provision/Liability not required written back Miscellaneous receipts Transfer of fair value gain to EAC- security deposit Transfer of Income to EAC - MTM Gain on Derivatives	61.59 14.19	1. 3.

SILIGURI FRN-306074E

Note-33: Disclosure or Financial Instruments and Risk Management (1)Fair Value Measurement

			As at 31st March, 20	24		As as 31st March, 2	023
Financial assets	Notes	Fair value through Profil or Loss	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised Cost	Fair value through Profit or Loss	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised Cost
Non-current Financial assets			111001110				
(i) Non-current investment≥							
a) In Equity Instrument (Quoted)	3.1						
 b) In Debt Instruments (Government/ Public Sector Undertaking)- Quoted 	3.1						
Sub-total						_	
(ii) Trade Receivables	2.0						
(iii) Loans	3.2			*			4
a) Loans to Related Pary	3.3						
b) Employees	3.3			8 1			35
c) Loan to Government of Arunachal Pradesh (Including interest	0.0			8.1			
accrued)	3,3			2.1			25
d) Olhers	3.3			2			34
(iv) Others							
-Deposits	3.4				1		:*
-Lease Receivables in≂luding interest	3.4			2			(d)
-Recoverable on account of Bonds fully Serviced by							
Government of India	3,4						
-Receivable on accou∎t of Late payment Surcharge	3.4						64
-Amount Recoverable	3.4						
-Derivative Mark to Market Asset	3.4				2		
-Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity (Including interest accrued)	3.4						
Total Non-current Financia assets	3.4						
An increase may write			-			•	
Current Financial assets							
(i) Current investments (ii) Trade Receivables	7.1 7.2		*			0.50	
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	8			9,050.17			3,997.3
(iv) Bank balances other tran Cash and Cash Equivalents	9			5,000.11			0,997.0
(v) Loans	10						
-Employee Loans				\$			1.5
-Loans to Related Party							- 4
-Others (vi) others (Excluding Lea⊜ Receivables)	11			6.09			3.4
(vi) others (Lease Receival les including interest)	11			6.09			0,3
					-		
Total Current Financial Assats	-	-	*:-	9,056.25			3,997,6
Total Financial Assets		•	2	9,056.25			3,997.6
			As at 31st March, 20	24		As as 31st March, 2	023
			Fair value through			Fair value through	
Financial Liabilities	Notes	Fair value through Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised Cost	Fair value through Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised Cost
Non-current Financial Liabilities	-		Wicome			Micolina	
(i) Long-term borrowings	16.1			65,700.00			28,000.0
(ii) Long term maturities of lease liabilities	1			22,. 00.00			
	16.2			2			
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities iincluding Payable towards Bonds Fully Serviced by Government of India)	16.3			3,441.39			2,458.6
Total Non-current Financial Liabilities	10.0			69,141,39			30,458.8
Current Financial Liabilities							5574500
(iv) Borrowing -Short Term in-luding current maturities of long term borrowings	l						
	20.1						3.5
(v) Current maturities of lease obligations	20,2						
(vi) Trade Payables including Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	20.3			248.47			128,3
			T. Control of the con	1	11		I
(vii) Other Current financial limbilities					III.		1
(vii) Other Current financial li∎bilities a) Interest Accrued but n∢t due on borrowings	20,4			224.53			
(vii) Other Current financial liibilities a) Interest Accrued but n⊲t due on borrowings b) Other Current Liabilitie:	20.4 20.4			3,616.45			10.000
(vii) Other Current financial liabilities a) Interest Accrued but n⊲t due on borrowings b) Other Current Liabilities Total Current Financial Lia₩ilities	1.11	2		3,616.45 4,089.45			3,096,7 3,225,1
vii) Other Current financial limbilities a) Interest Accrued but n-t due on borrowings b) Other Current Liabilitie:	1.11		-	3,616.45			



B) FAIR VALUATION MEASUREMENT

(i) Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair value of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair value are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliebility of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its linancial instruments into the following three levels prescribed under Ind AS-113 "Fair Value Measurements"

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy Includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments and traded bonds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments including bonds which are traded in the recognised Stock Exchange and money markets are valued using the closing prices as at the reporting date.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2,

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities included in level 3 is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes of similar instruments. This includes derivative security deposits/ retention money and loans at lower than market rates of interest.

(a) Financial Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value-Recurring Fair Value Measurement:

(₹ in lakhs)

		A	s at 31st March, 2024		As as 31st March, 2023		
Particulars	Note No.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at FVTOCI							
(I) Investments-							
- In Equity Instrument (Quoted)	3.1	- F					
In Debt Instruments (Government/ Public Sector Undertaking)- Quoted *	3.1 and 7.1						
Financial Assets at FVTPL :							
(I) Derivative MTM Asset (Call spread option and Coupon only swap)	3,4						
Total Financial Assets	5,4						
Financial Liabilities at FVTPL :							
(i) Derivative MTM Liability (Call spread option)	16.3						
Total Financial Liabilities						= =	

^{*} In the absence of latest quoted market rates in respect of these instruments, rates have been derived as per Fixed income Money Market and Derivatives Association of India (FIMMDA).

All other financial assets and financial liabilities have been measured at amortised cost at balance sheet date and classified as non-recurring fair value measurement.

(b) Financial Assets/Liabilities measured at amortised cost for which Fair Value are disclosed:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars		A	s at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st March, 2023		
	Note No.	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets							
(i) Trade Receivables	3.2						2
(ii) Loans							
a) Employees (including current loans)	3.3 and 10		-			9	
b) Loans to Related Party	3.3						
c) Loan to Government of Arunachal Pradesh (Including Interest Accrued)	3,3						
d) Others	3.3						
(iii) Others							
Security Deposits	3.4		- 54				
-Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity (Including Interest accused)	3,4		:4				
-Recoverable-Others	3,4						
-Recoverable on account of Bonds fully Serviced by Government of India	3.4	a					
Total Financial Assets							-
Financial Liabilities							
(I) Long Term Borrowings including Current maturities and accrued interest	16.1,20.1 and 20.4		65,924.53	3,815.36		28,000.00	
(ii) Other Long Term Financial Liabilities (Including Payable towards Bonds Fully Serviced by Government of India)	16.3	4		3,815.36	z .		2,512.85
Total Financial Liabilities			65,924.53	7,630.72	**	28,000.00	2,512.85



(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31st Mar	ch, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	
1.75 (1.15)	Note No.	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets					
(i) Trade Receivables	3.2		35	- 1	
(ii) Loans					
 a) Employees (including current foans) 	3.3 and 10	74		⊛	
b) Loans to Related Party	3.3		76.		=======================================
c) Loan to Government of Arunacha Pradesh (including Interest Accrued)	3,3	14.	ē	-	\$
d) Others	3,3	(3)		* 1	
(iii) Others					
Security Deposits	3,4	31			14
-Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity (Including Interest accrued)	3.4	-	±)		
-Recoverable-Others	3,4	-			
-Recoverable on account of Bonds fully Serviced by Government of Index	3.4	San .		a l	
Total Financial Assets		1981			
Financial Liabilities					
(i) Long Term Borrowings including Current maturities and accrued Interest	15.1,20.1 and 20.4	65,924,53	65,924.53	28,000.00	28,000.00
(ii) Other Long Term Financial Liabilities (¬cluding Payable towards Bonds Fully Serviced by Government of India)	16.3	3,441.39	3,815.36	2,458,85	2,512,85
Total Financial Liabilities		69.365.92	69 739 89	30.458.85	30 512 85

69,365.92

Note:-

1. The Carrying amounts of current investments, Trade and other receivables (Current), Cash and cash equivalents, Short-term loans and advances, Short Term Borrowings, Trade payables and other current financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short term nature.

30,512.85

-For financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair value.

(d) Valuation techniques and process used to determine fair values

- (1) The Company values financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. Specific valuation techniques used to determine fair value of financial instruments includes:
- Use of Quoted market price or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- Fair value of remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.
- (2) The discount rate used to fair value firancial instruments classified at Level -3 is based on the Weighted Average Rate of company's outstanding borrowings except subordinate debts and foreign currency borrowings.

69,739.89

(3) Financial liabilities that are subsequerdy measured at amortised cost are recognised initially at fair value minus transaction costs using the effective interest method where such transaction costs incurred on long term borrowings are material.



(2)Financial Risk Management

(A) Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. These are summarized as below:-

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash & Cash equivalents, Other Bank Balances, Trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost, Lease Receivable.	Ageing analysis, credit rating.	Diversification of bank deposits, letter of credit for selected customers.
Liquidity Risk	Borrowings and other facilities.	Rolling cash flow forecasts & Budgets	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities.
Market Risk- Interest rate	Long term borrowings at variable rates	SensitIvIty Analysis	Diversification of fixed rate and floating rates Refinancing Actual Interest is recovered through tariff as per CERC Regulation
Market Risk- security prices	Investment in equity and debt securities	Sensitivity Analysis	Portfolio diversification
Market Risk- foreign exchange	Recognised financial liabilities not denominated in INR.	Sensitivity Analysis	Foreign exchange rate variation is recovered through tariff as per CERC Regulation. Call spread option and coupon only swap

Risk management framework

The Company's activitles make it susceptible to various risks. The Company has taken adequate measures to address such concerns by developing adequate systems and practices. Company has a well-defined risk management policy to provide overall framework for risk management in the Company. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company is exposed to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (prlmarily trade receivables/leased assets) and from its financing activities including deposits with banks and financial institutions.

ii) Liquidity risk.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses.

iii) Market risi

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise of three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity and debt price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and investments. Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The company operates in a regulated environment. Tariff of the company is fixed by the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) through Annual Fixed Charges (AFC) comprising of the following five components:

1. Return on Equity (RoE), 2. Depreciation, 3. Interest on Loans, 4. Operation & Maintenance Expenses and 5. Interest on Working Capital Loans. In addition to the above, Foreign Exchange rate variations and Taxes are also recoverable from Beneficiaries in terms of the Tariff Regulations. Hence variation in interest rate, currency exchange rate variations and other price risk variations are recoverable from tariff and do not impact the profitability of the company. Further, the company also hedges its medium term foreign currency borrowings by way of interest rate hedge and currency swaps.

(B) Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and other financial instruments.

Trade Receivables, unbilled revenue and lease receivables :-

The Company extends credit to customers in normal course of business. The Company monitors the payment track record of the customers. Outstanding receivables are regularly monitored. In the case of the Company, the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables is low, as its customers are mainly state government companies/DISCOMS and operate in largely independent markets. Unbilled revenue primarily relates to the Company's right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date and have substantially the same risk characteristics as trade receivables for the same type of contracts.



Lease receivables of the company are with regard to Power Purchase Agreements classified as finance lease as per Ind AS 116- 'Leases' as referred to in Note No. 34. The power purchase agreements are for

sale of power to single beneficiary and recoverability of interest income and principal on leased assets i.e. PPE of the power stations are assessed on the same basis as applied for trade receivables. Financial assets at amortised cost:-

Employee Loans: The Company has given loans to employees at concessional rates as per the Company's policy which have been measured at amortised cost at Balance Sheet date. The recovery of the loan is on fixed instalment basis from the monthly salary of the employees. Long term loans for acquisition of assets are secured by way of mortgage/hypothecation of the assets for which such loans are given. Management has assessed the past data and does not envisage any probability of default on these loans.

Financial instruments and cash deposits :-

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the bank, market reputation and service standards to select banks with which balances and deposits are maintained. Generally, the balances are maintained with banks with which the Company has also availed borrowings. The Company invests surplus cash in short term deposits with scheduled banks. The company has balances and deposits with banks which are well diversified across private and public sector banks with limited exposure to any single bank.

Corporate Guarantee issued by the Company: -

(i) Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as under:

(₹ in lakhs)

		(C III I I I I I I I I I
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)	The Control of the Co	
Non-current investments (Other than Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures)	-	_
Loans -Non Current (including interest)		_
Other Non Current Financial Assets (Excluding Lease Receivables and Share Application Money Pending Allotment)	-	-
Current Investments	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	9,050.17	3,997.30
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	_
Loans -Current	-	-
Other Financial Assets (Excluding Lease Receivables)	6.09	0.32
Total (A)	9,056.25	3,997.62
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
Trade Receivables	-	-
Lease Receivables (Including Interest)	-	-
Total (B)	-	-
TOTAL (A+B)	9,056.25	3,997.62



(ii) Provision for expected credit losses :-

(a) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses

The Company assesses outstanding receivables on an ongoing basis considering changes in payment behaviour and provides for expected credit loss on case-to-case basis.

(b) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using life time expected credit losses

A default in recovery of financial assets occurs when in there is no significant possibility of recovery of receivables after considering all available options for recovery as per assessment of the management. As the power stations and beneficiaries of the company are spread over various states of India, geographically there is no concentration of credit risk.

The Company primarily sells electricity to bulk customers comprising mainly of state utilities owned by State Governments. The Company has a robust payment security mechanism in the form of Letters of Credit (LC) backed by the Tri-Partite Agreements (TPA) signed among the Govt. of India, RBI and the individual State Governments subsequent to the issuance of the One Time Settlement Scheme of SEBs dues during 2001-02 by the GOI, which was valid till October 2016. Government of India has approved the extension of these TPAs for another period of 10 years and the same has been signed by most of the States. As per the provisions of the TPA and Power Purchase Agreements (PPA), the customers are required to open LCs covering 105% of the average monthly billing of the Company for last 12 months. The TPA also provides that if there is any default in payment of current dues by any State Utility, the outstanding dues can be deducted from the Central Plan Assistance of the State and paid to the concerned CPSU. Also, Electricity (Late Payment Surcharge & Related Matters) Rules, 2022 provides for regulation of power by the Company in a gradual manner in case of non-payment of dues beyond 30 days of the due date, i.e. when payment is not made by any beneficiary even after 75 days (being due period of 45 days plus 30 days) from the date of presentation of the bill.

CERC Tariff Regulations 2019-24 allow the Company to raise bills on beneficiaries for late-payment surcharge, which adequately compensates the Company for time value of money due to delay in payment. Further, the fact that beneficiaries are primarily State Governments/ State Discoms and considering the historical credit loss experience for trade receivables, the Company does not envisage either impairment in the value of receivables from beneficiaries or loss due to time value of money due to delay in realization of trade receivables. However, the Company assesses outstanding trade receivables on an ongoing basis considering changes in operating results and payment behaviour and provides for expected credit loss on case-to-case basis. As at the reporting date company does not envisage any default risk on account of non-realization of trade receivables.

(iii) Reconciliation of impairment loss provisions

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of financial assets during the year was as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

	Trade Receivables	Investments	Claim Recoverable	Loans	Total
Balance as at 1.4.2022	•	-	•	-	-
Changes in Loss Allowances	-	-	- 1	-	-
Balance as at 1.4.2023	-	-	-		•
Changes in Loss Allowances	-	-	-		-
Balance as at 31.03.2024	-	•	-	-	-

Based on historical default rates, the company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of any other financial assets as the amounts of such allowances are not significant.



(C) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due.

i) The Company's objective is to maintain optimum levels of liquidity at all times to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company relies on a mix of borrowings and excess operating cash flows to meet its need for funds. The current committed lines of credit and internal accruals are sufficient to meet its short to medium term expansion needs. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure that it has sufficient cash to meet capital expenditure and operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) are not breached on any of its borrowing facilities.

The company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting year:

(₹in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
At Floating Rate	-	
Fixed rate		
Total	-	

ii) Maturities of Financial Liabilities:

The amounts disclosed in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 1 year is equal to their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 31st March, 2024

(₹ìn lakhs)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Note No.	Outstanding Debt as on 31.03.2024	Within 1 Year	More than 1 Year & Less than 3 Years	More than 3 Year & Less than 5 Years	More than 5 Year
Borrowings	16,1 and 20.1	65,700,00	•	7,588.75	19,710.00	38,401.25
Lease Liabilities	16.2 & 20.2	-	+	•	-	-
Other financial Liabilities	16.3 & 20.4	7,859.30	3,840.98	4,018.32	-	-
Trade Payables	20.30	248.47	248.47	-	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities		73,807.77	4,089.45	11,607.07	19,710.00	38,401.25

As at 31st March, 2023

(₹in lakhs)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Note No.	Outstanding Debt as on 31.03.2023	Within 1 Year	More than 1 Year & Less than 3 Years	More than 3 Year & Less than 5 Years	More than 5 Year
Borrowings	16.1 and 20.1	28,000.00	-	2,347.50	9,390.00	16,262.50
Lease Liabilities	16.2 & 20.2	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial Liabilities	16,3 & 20.4	6,020,35	3,096.79	2,973.79	-	-
Trade Payables	20,30	128,38	128.38	-		-
Total Financial Liabilities		34,148.73	3,225.16	5,321.29	9,390.00	16,262.50



(D) Market Risk:

The sensitivity analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying value of post-employment benefit obligation provisions and on the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant item of the Statement of Profit and Loss is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in interest rates.

(i) Interest rate risk and sensitivity

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long term debt obligations with floating interest rates. Company's policy is to maintain most of its borrowings at fixed rate. Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost and are not subject to interest rate risk. Further the company refinances these debts as and when favourable terms are available. The company is also compensated for variability in floating rate through recovery by way of tariff adjustments under CERC tariff regulations.

The exposure of the company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting year are as follows:

(₹in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2023
	weighted average interest rate (%)	And an analysis of the second	weighted average interest rate (%)	
Floating Rate Borrowings (INR)	8,30	65,700	8.25	28,000
Floating Rate Borrowings (FC)				
Fixed Rate Borrowings (INR)	-		·	
Fixed Rate Borrowings (FC)	-			
Total		-		-

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of change in interest rates. The majority of the borrowings of the company are at fixed interest rate, in case of floating rate borrowings there is no impact on Statement of Profit and Loss of the company due to increase/decrese in interest rates, as the same is recoverable from beneficiaries through tariff.

(ii) Interest Rate Benchmark reform rate:

(ii) Price Risk:

(a) Exposure

The company's exposure to price risk arises from investment in equity shares and debt instruments classified in the financial statements as Fair Value Through OCI. Company's investment in equity shares are listed in recognised stock exchange and are publicly traded in the stock exchanges. Company's investment in debt instruments comprise quoted. Government Securities and Public Sector Bonds and are publicly traded in the market. The investment has been classified under current / non-current investment in Balance Sheet.

At a reporting date, the exposure to equity and debt instruments are as under:-

(₹in lakhs

		(< m lakiis)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Equity Instruments	-	-
Debt Instruments	*	-



(b) Price Risk Sensitivity

For Investment in Equity Instruments (Investment in equity shares of PTC)

The table below summarises the impact of increase/decrease in the market price of investment in equity instruments on the company's equity for the year:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 3	1st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	
Investment in Equity shares of :	% change	Impact on other components of equity	% change	Impact on other components of equity

Sensitivity has been worked out based on the previous 3 years average of six monthly fluctuations in the share price as quoted on the National Stock Exchange (NSE).

For Investment in Debt Instruments (Investments in Government and Public Sector Undertaking Bonds)

The table below summarises the impact of increase/decrease of the market value of the debt instruments on company's equity for the year:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31s	st March, 2024	As at 31st	As at 31st March, 2023		
	% change	Impact on othe components of equit		Impact on other components of equity		
Government Securities						
Public Sector Undertaking Tax Free Bonds						

(ill)Foreign Currency Risk

The company is compensated for variability in foreign currency exchange rate through recovery by way of tariff adjustments under the CERC Tariff Regulations.

(a) Foreign Currency Exposure:

The company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting year expressed in INR are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

		(< III lakiis)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Financial Liabilities:		
Foreign Currency Loans		
Japan International Corporation LTD (JPY)		
MUFG BANK (JPY)		
Other Financial Liabilities		
Net Exposure to foreign currency (liabilities)		
	-	

Out of the above, loan from MUFG bank is hedged through call spread options and coupon only swaps. For balance exposure gain/(loss) on account of exchange variation is recoverable from beneficiaries as per Tariff Regulation 2019-24. Therefore, currency risk in respect of such exposure would not be significant.

(b) Sensitivity Analysis

There is no impact of foreign currency fluctuations on the profit of the company as these are either adjusted to the carrying cost of respective fixed asset/Capital Work-in-Progress or recovered through tariff as per CERC Tariff Regulation. Accordingly, sensivity analysis for currency risk is not disclosed.



(3) Capital Management

(a) Capital Risk Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. CERC Tariff Regulations prescribe Debt: Equity ratio of 70:30 for the purpose of fixation of tariff of Power Projects. Accordingly, the company manages its capital structure to maintain the normative capital structure prescribed by the CERC.

The Company monitors capital using Debt: Equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total capital. The Debt: Equity ratio are as follows:

(₹in lakhs)

Statement of Gearing Ratio				
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
(a) Total Debt	65,700.00	28,000.00		
(b) Total Capital	38,604.35	30,444.50		
Gearing Ratio (a/b)	1.70	0.92		

Note: For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and reserves. Total debt includes Long term debts and Lease Liabilities including current maturities thereof, Short term Borrowings and Payable towards Bonds fully serviced by Government of India.

(b) Loan Covenants:

Under the terms of the major borrowing facilities, the company is required to comply with the following financial covenants:-

- 1) NHPC Shall provide Corporate Guarantee equivalent to 100% of loan amount including interest.
- 2) Pari-pasu charge on Entire existing / future assets (movable & immovable assets) of Rangit IV HE Project of JPCL to the extent 1 .0 time of sanctioned amount shall be created with ROC within 30 days from the date of signing of hypothecation /mortgaged deed.
- 3) Interest shall be payable on Monthly rest
- 4) Minimum FACR (on written down value of assets) of 1.00 time based on the availed amount of credit facility to be maintained during the tenor of facility.

During the year, the company has complied with the above loan covenants.



Note No-33(4) :-Financial Ratios

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended March 31,2024 and March 31,2023.

S.No	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	% Variance	Reason for variance
(a)	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.11	1.19		Due to increase in cash & cash equivalents on account of Share application money of Rs. 81.38 Crores received in the last week of March 2024
(b)	Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debts	Shareholder's Equity	1.70	0.92	85.05	Due to increase in borrowing of Rs. 34 Crores from Bank of Baroda
(c)	Debt Service Coveraçe Ratio	Earning Avilable for de	Debt Service	NA	NA	NA	The project is in construction satge. There are no revenue from operation. Hence Not Applicable
(d)	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit After Tax	Average Shareholde	NA	NA	NA	The project is in construction satge. There are no revenue from operation. Hence Not Applicable
(e)	Inventory turnover Ralio	Revenue From Operat	Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	The project is in construction satge. There are no revenue from operation. Hence Not Applicable
(f)	Trade Receivable turnover ratio	Revenue From Operat	Average Debtors	NA	NA	NA	The project is in construction satge. There are no revenue from operation. Hence Not Applicable
(g)	Trade Payables turnover ratio	Purchases	Average Trade Paya	2.66	2.59	2.75	No major difference
(h)	Net Capital turnover ration	Revenue From Operat	Average Working C	NA	NA	NA	The project is in construction satge, There are no revenue from
							operation.,hence Not Applicable
(i)	Net Profit ratio (In %)	Net Profit	Revenue from opera	NA NA	NA	NA	The project is in construction satge, There are no revenue from operation.,hence Not Applicable
(i)	Return on Capital Employed (In %)	Earning Before Interes	Capital Employed (1	NA NA	NA	NA	The project is in construction satge, There are no opearting income.,hence Not Applicable
(k)	Return on investment (In %)	Income generated from	Time weighted aver	NA NA	NA	NA	There are no generated from investment. Hence Not Applicable

Note 1:- Company Is required :o give explanation for any change in the ratio by more than 25% as compared to the preceding year.



Annexure for reporting of transaction pertaining to previous period i.e. period prior to FY 2023-24,

Name of unit:

JALPOWER CORPORATION LIMITED

Entries relating to prior period passed through natural head of accounts relating to Income & Expenditure, Assets & Liabilities during year ended 31.03.2024

S.No	Head Of Account	Account Description	Dr/Cr	Amount of Prior Period Adjustment	Reasons for prior period adjustment
					23
				- 6	
				-	- 2
					7:
					72



5.No	Summary of Prior Period Adjustments made dur Nature	Amount of Prior Period Adjustment	Year from which error pertains
A.	Income		
	Revenue from Operations		
	Other Income		1
	Total income (A)		
В.	Expense		
-	Generationand Other Expenses		
	Employee Benefits Expense		
_	Finance Cost	27	
	Depreciation & Amortization Expenses		1
	total expenses (B)		
c	ASSETS	1	1
1.00	NON-CURRENT ASSETS	(#)	
a)	Property Plant & Equipment		
b)	Capital Work in Progress	1	
c) Dî		(*)	
q)	Investment Property Other Intangible Assets		
	Financial Assets	372	
eļ	i) Investments		
	ii) Trade Receivables		
		·	_
	iii) Loans		
40	iv) Others		-
1)	Deferred Tax Assets (net)		_
f)	Other Non Current Assets		-
e)	Non Current Assets - Regulatory Assets		
		30	
2,00	CURRENT ASSETS	5.00	- 2
a)	Inventories		
b)	Financial Assets		
	[] Investments	35.	- 3
	ii) Trade Receivables	(4)	
	ili) Cash & Cash Equivalents	9*8	-
	iv) Bank balances		-
	v) Loans		
	vi) Others		
c)	Current Tax Assets (Net)	-	
d)	Other Current Assets		53
	TOTAL ASSETS (C)	13.	a
D	LIABILITIES	54	S
2,00	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
a)	Financial Liabilities	30	
	i) Borrowings	20	
	ii) Trade Payables	-	3
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		
	Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
-	iii) Other financial liabilities		
o)	Provisions	-	
:)	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		
1)	Other non-current Liabilities		
3,00	CURRENT LIABILITIES		
_	Financial Liabilities		
1			
_	i) Borrowings		
\rightarrow	ii) Trade Payables		
	ili) Other financial liabilities	-	_
10	Other Current Liabilities Provisions		- 3
			11 2.4



SUB NOTE NO. 11 FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRE	NT ASSETS	(₹in lakhs)
		-
PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
OTHERS		
Security Deposit (Regd Office, Hyderabad)	0.30	0.30
Claim recoverable from Contractor	2.59	0.02
Claim recoverable from Employee	0.83	20
Interest accrued on Short term TDR	2.37	
CLOSING BALANCE	6.09	0.32

SUB NOTE NO. 13 FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT ASSETS

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Pre-paid Insurance	508.84	516.10
CLOSING BALANCE	508.84	516.10

SUB NOTE NO. 16.1 FINANCIAL LIABILTIES - NON CURRENT - BORROWINGS

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	
	Non-current	Non-current	
Bonds .			
- Secured	£	=	
- Unsecured	=		
Term Loans			
From Banks			
- Secured Loan	65,700.00	28,000.00	
- Unsecured	₩.	-	
From Other Parties			
- Secured	+	-	
Bonds	2	-	
- from Bank-Unsecured	1.5		
' - Unsecured-From Government (Subordinate		9	
Debts)	-		
' - Unsecured-From Others			
Fair value Adjustment		ш	
Loan from parent Company	Æ	11	
CLOSING BALANCE	65,700.00	28,000.00	

SUB NOTE NO. 16.3 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - NON-CURRENT

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	
	Non-current (After Adj)	Non-current (After Adj)	
Security Deposits Less: Fair value adjustment - Deposits/ retention money	4,018.32 (576.93)	2,506.48 (464.71)	
CLOSING BALANCE	3,441,39	2,041.77	



SUB NOTE NO. 20.3 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - CURRENT

PARTICULARS		
	Current (After Adj)	Current (After Adj)
PAYABLES TO PARENT-SERVICE RECEIVED- OTHER THAN CAPITAL	208.72	59.39
SUNDRY CREDITORS-SUPPLIERS-OTHER THAN CAPITAL	2.05	:=0
SUNDRY CREDITORS-OTHERS-OTHER THAN CAPITAL	37.70	68.99
CLOSING BALANCE	248.47	128.38

SUB NOTE NO. 20.4 CURRENT LIABILITIES - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - Other Financial liabilities

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Sundry Creditors/Retention money - Capital works	3,332.77	2,891.11
Payable to Parent Company- Capital works	124.31	163.64
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	224.53	*
Due to Parent Company- Others	119.11	18.31
Payable to Employee	7.11	5.46
SUB TOTAL (A)	3,807.82	3,078.52
Earnest Money Deposit/ Retention Money		
EARNEST MONEY DEPOSIT	15.52	1.23
SECURITY DEPOSIT RETENTION MONEY- CAPITAL WORKS -CAPITAL-INDIAN CURRENCY- CURRENT	16.56	9.01
SECURITY DEPOSIT-RETENTION MONEY SUPPLIER-CAPITAL-INDIAN CURRENCY- CURRENT	0.90	1.62
SECURITY DEPOSIT/ RETENTION MONEY CONTRACTOR OTHER THAN CAPITAL-INDIAN CURRENCY-CURRENT	13.29	6.40
SUB TOTAL (B)	46.26	18.27
CLOSING BALANCE (A+B)	3,854.08	3,096.79

SUB NOTE NO. 22 CURRENT LIABILITIES- Financial liabilities

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
A.	PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
i)	Provision for Performance Related Pay/Incentive		
	As per last Balance Sheet	258.00	51,94,742.00
	Additions during the year	208.60	2,42,71,586.00
	Amount used during the year	247.64	36,86,827.00
	Amount reversed during the year	31.17	-
	Closing Balance	188.00	258.00



Note No. – 34: Other Explanatory Notes to Accounts

- Disclosures relating to Contingent Liabilities:
 Contingent Liabilities to the extent not provided for -
- a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts in respect of:

(i) Capital works

Contractors have lodged claims aggregating to ₹ NIL(Previous year ₹ NIL) against the Company on account of rate and quantity deviation, cost relating to extension of time, idling charges due to stoppage of work/delays in handing over the site etc. These claims are being contested by the company as being not admissible in terms of provisions of the respective contracts or are lying at arbitration tribunal/other forums/under examination with the Company. These include ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) towards arbitration awards including updated interest thereon, against the Company, which have been challenged/decided to be challenged in the Court of Law.

Management has assessed the above claims and recognized a provision of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) as the amount of contingent liability i.e. amounts for which Company may be held contingently liable. In respect of such estimated contingent claims either the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable or a reliable estimate of the amount required for settling the obligation cannot be made. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

(ii) Land Compensation cases

In respect of land acquired for the projects, some of the erstwhile land owners have filed claims for higher compensation amounting to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) Before various authorities/courts. Pending settlement, the Company has assessed and provided an amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) as the amount of contingent liability as outflow of resources is considered as not probable.

(iii) Disputed Tax Demands

- a) Disputed Goods and Service Tax/ Water Cess/ Green Energy Cess/other taxes/duties matters pending before various appellate authorities amount to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL).
- b) Consequent upon the resolution plan approved by the NCLT, Hyderabad bench vide order dated 24th December 2020 and completion of process of takeover of Jalpower Corporation Ltd. by NHPC Ltd, a demand of Rs 80,70,364/- has been raised by Income Tax authorities on company pertaining to assessment year 2014-15. The company has filed a writ petition against the said demand and stay order has been granted by Honourable High Court for the State of Telengana at Hyderabad vide order dated 22-12-2021.

Pending settlement, the Company has assessed and provided an amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) are being disclosed as contingent liability as outflow of resources is considered not probable. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

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(iv) Others

Claims on account of other miscellaneous matters amount to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL). These claims are pending before various forums. Pending settlement, the Company has assessed and provided an amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) as the amount of contingent liability as outflow of resources is considered as not probable. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

The above is summarized as below:

(₹ in lakhs)

SI. No.	Particulars	Claims as on 31.03.2024	up to date Provision against the claims	Contingent liability as on 31.03.2024	Contingent liability as on 31.03.2023	Addition/ (deduction) from contingent liability during the year	Decrease of contingent liability from Opening Balance as on 01.04.2023
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(vii)=(v)-(vi)	(viii)
1,	Capital Works	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
2.	Land Compen- sation cases	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
3.	Disputed tax matters	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
4.	Others	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Total	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

- (b) The above do not include contingent liabilities on account of pending cases in respect of service matters and others where the amount cannot be quantified.
- (c) It is not practicable to ascertain and disclose the uncertainties relating to outflow in respect of contingent liabilities.
- (d) There is possibility of reimbursement to the company of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) towards above Contingent Liabilities.
- (e) (i) An amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) stands paid towards above Contingent Liabilities in respect of Capital Works, pursuant to Niti Aayog directions issued vide OM No. 14070/14/2016-PPPAU dated 5th September 2016, in cases where Arbitral Tribunals have passed orders in favour of contractors and such awards/orders have been further challenged/being challenged by the Company in a Court of Law. The amount so paid has been shown under Other Non-Current Assets (Also refer Note No. 5).
 - (ii) An amount of ₹NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) stands paid /deposited with courts/paid as per Court Order towards above contingent liabilities to contest the cases and has been shown under Other Non-Current/ Current Assets/ adjusted against other liabilities of the claimants. (Also refer Note no. 5 and 13)

- (f) The Management does not expect that the above claims/obligations (including under litigation), when ultimately concluded and determined, will have a material and adverse effect on the company's results of operations or financial condition.
- 2. Contingent Assets: Contingent assets in respect of the Company are ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹ Nil)
- 3. Commitments (to the extent not provided for):

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account are as under:

(₹ in lakhs)

SI. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1.	Property Plant and Equipment (including Capital Work in Progress)	36,636.19	57,995.17
2.	Intangible Assets	NIL	NIL
	Total	36,636.19	57,995.17

4. The effect of foreign exchange rate variation (FERV) during the year is as under:

(₹ in lakhs)

SI. No.	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
(i)	Amount charged to Statement of Profit and Loss as FERV	NIL	NIL
(ii)	Amount charged to Statement of Profit and Loss as Borrowing Cost	NIL	NIL
(iii)	Amount adjusted in the carrying amount of PPE	NIL	NIL
(iv)	Amount recognised in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances	NIL	NIL

5. Operating Segment:

- a) Electricity generation is the principal business activity of the Company.
- b) The Company has a single geographical segment as all its Projects/Power Stations are located within the Country.
- 6. Disclosures under Ind AS-24 "Related Party Disclosures":
 - (A) List of Related parties:
 - (i) Parent Company:

Name of Company	Principle place of operation
NHPC Limited	India



(ii) Key Managerial Personnel:

SI. No.	Name	Position Held	
1	Shri Rajendra Prasad Goyal	Chairman	
2	Shri Sudhir Kumar Yadav	CEO	
3	Shri U S Sahi	Director	
4	Shri R P Sharma	Director	
5	Smt Manjusha Mishra	Director	
6	Shri Anuj Kapoor	Director	
7	Smt Priyanka	Company Secretary	
8	Shri Trilochan Behera	CFO	

(iii) Post-Employment Benefit Plans of NHPC:

Name of Related Parties	Principal place of operation
NHPC Ltd. Employees Provident Fund	India
NHPC Ltd. Employees Group Gratuity Assurance Fund	India
NHPC Ltd. Retired Employees Health Scheme Trust	India
NHPC Employees Social Security Scheme Trust	India
NHPC Ltd. Employees Defined Contribution Superannuation Scheme Trust	India
NHPC Ltd. Employee Leave Encashment Trust	India

(iv) Other entities with joint-control or significant influence over the Company:

The Company is a Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) controlled by Central Government by holding majority of shares in parent company. The Company has applied the exemption available for government related entities and has made limited disclosures in the Financial Statements in accordance with Ind AS 24.

Accordingly, Party-wise details of material/significant transaction carried out with the Central Public Sector Enterprises/Govt. Agencies only have been disclosed. Transactions with these related parties are carried out in the ordinary course of business at normal commercial terms.

SI. No.	Name of the Government	Nature of Relationship with NHPC
1	Government of India	Shareholder having control over Parent Company(NHPC)
2	NHPC Ltd	Holding Company
3	Central/State controlled PSU	Entities controlled by the same Government (Central Government State Govt.) that has control over NHPC

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(B) Transactions and Balances with related parties are as follows:

(i) Transactions and Balances with Parent company

(₹ in lakhs)

Transactions with Parent	For the Period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
(i)	(ii)	(iii)
Services received by the Company from		
 CONSULTANCY SERVICE 	1042.71	894.97
 CORPORATE GUARANTEE ON TERM LOAN 	605.09	90.71
Dividend paid by the company to		
■ NHPC	NIL	NIL
Equity contributions (including share application money) received by the company from:		
■ NHPC	8138.00	5
Reimbursement of Cost of employee on deputation/Posted by		
■ NHPC	NIL	NIL
Loans & Advances given by the Company to:		
■ NHPC	NIL	NIL
Loans & Advances received by the Company from: NHPC		
 Inter-Corporate Loan 	15000	5500
 Corporate Guarantee received 	37700	28000
Loans & Advances repaid by the Company to NHPC:		
 Inter-Corporate Loan 	15000	5500
Interest on loan paid/accrued during the year	221.03	56.69

Balances with Parent company	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
(i)	(ii)	(iii)
Receivable (unsecured) from		
■ NHPC	NIL	58.71
Payable (unsecured) to		
 NHPC (Corporate guarantee fee) 	208.72	59.39
NHPC (Consultancy fee)	124.31	163.64 KARA
■ NHPC	119.11	18.31
Guarantee received	65700	28000 FRN-3060

Investment in Equity by		
■ NHPC		
(including Share application money)	36286.60	28148.60
Loans & Advances Receivable from:		
■ NHPC	NIL	NIL
Loans & Advances Payable to:		
■ NHPC	NIL	NIL

(ii) Transactions and Balances with Key Management Personnel (KMP):

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Transactions for the period ended 31.03.2024 and Balances as at 31.03.2024						
Key management Personnel (KMP)	C	Compensati	ion to Key	Management Personnel	Other transa	ctions & I	Balances
Name	Short Term Employee Benefits	Post- Employ- ment Benefits	Other Long Term Benefits	Termination Benefits	Interest received on outstanding loans	Sitting Fee	Outsta nding Loans receiva ble
1. Whole Time Dire	ectors						
				NIL			
2. Government/Sta	te Nominee	Directors					
				NIL			
3. Company Secret	ary/CFO						
				NIL			

Particulars	Transactions	Transactions for the period ended 31.03.2023 and Balances as at 31.03.2023					
Key management Personnel (KMP)	Compensat	ion to Key	Manageme	ent Personnel	Other transa Balances	ctions &	
Name	Short Term Employee Benefits	Post- Employ- ment Benefits	Other Long Term Benefits	Termination Benefits	Interest received on outstanding loans	Sitting Fee	Outst andin g Loans receiv able
1. Whole Time Dir	ectors	*!	**	**			
	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	AVILAR	AND I

	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
3. Company	Secretary/CFO	4					

(iii) Transactions & Balances with Post -Employment Benefit Plans

(₹ in lakhs)

Post -Employment Benefit Plans	Contribution by the company (Net of Refund from Post - Employment Benefit Plans)		Balances with Post - Employment Benefit Plans	
	for the period ended 31.03.2024	for the period ended 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
NHPC Limited Employees Provident Fund	107.42	83.49	NIL	NIL
NHPC Limited Employees Group Gratuity Assurance Fund	17.98	9.94	NIL	NIL
NHPC Limited Retired Employees Health Scheme	35.18	19.03	NIL	NIL
NHPC Limited Employees Social Security Scheme Trust	3.57	2.89	NIL	NIL
NHPC Limited Employees Defined Contribution Superannuation Scheme Trust	139.87	86.91	NIL	NIL
NHPC Limited Employee Leave Encashment Trust	102.37	96.29	NIL	NIL

(iv) Significant Transactions with Government that has control over the Parent Company (i.e Central Government)

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
(i)	(ii)	(iii)
Services Received by the Company	NIL	NIL
Services Provided by the Company	NIL	NIL
Sale of goods (Electricity) by the Company	NIL	NIL
Dividend Paid during the year	NIL	NIL
Subordinate Debts received by the company	NIL	NIL
Interest on Subordinate debts paid by company (including interest accrued)	NIL	SH GURL

(v) Outstanding balances and guarantees with Central Government:

(₹ in lakhs)

Partic	ulars	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
	es with Central Government (that has control over mpany)		
	Loan Payable to Government (Subordinate debts)	NIL	NIL
	Payables (unsecured)	NIL	NIL
\ H	Receivables (Unsecured)	NIL	NIL

(vi) Transactions with entities controlled by the Government that has control over the Parent Company (i.e CPSUs)

				(Rs. In lakhs)
Name of Entity/ Govt. Agency along with PAN & CIN	Nature of Transaction	Detail of Transaction	For the period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (PGCIL) PAN AAACP0252G	Services Received by the Company	Construction of 220 KV Transmission line & MPLS, ILL Services received by the Company	1164.83	981.61
United India Insurance Company Limited PAN AAACU5552C	Services Received by the Company	Insurance Premium for CAR/EAR Policy	1213.96	2653.22
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited (BPCL) PAN AAACB2902M	Purchase of goods	Purchase of fuel /Oil products	3.76	2.61



(vii) Outstanding balances and guarantees with Entities Controlled by Central Government:

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of Related Party	Nature of Balance	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (PGCIL)	Payable (Unsecured)	NIL	NIL
PAN AAACP0252G	Receivable (Unsecured)	NIL	NIL
United India Insurance	Payable (Unsecured)	NIL	NIL
Company Limited PAN AAACU5552C	Receivable (Unsecured)	NIL	NIL

C) Other notes to related party transactions:

- (i) Terms and conditions of transactions with the related parties:
 - (a) Transactions with the state governments and entities controlled by the Government of India are carried out at market terms on arms- length basis (except subordinate debts received from Central Government at concessional rate) through a transparent price discovery process against open tenders, except in a few cases of procurement of spares/services from Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) for proprietary items on single tender basis due to urgency, compatibility or other reasons. Such single tender procurements are also done through a process of negotiation with prices benchmarked against available price data of same/similar items.
 - (b) Consultancy services received by the Company from Parent Company are generally on nomination basis at the terms, conditions and principles applicable for consultancy services provided to other parties.
 - (c) Outstanding balances of Parent company as at 31.03.2024 are unsecured and settlement occurs through banking transactions. These balances other than loans are interest free. No impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties has been recognised. Assessment of impairment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
- **7. Particulars of Security:** The carrying amount of assets mortgaged/ hypothecated as security for borrowings are as under.

(₹ in lakhs)

S.	Particulars	As on 31	As on 31.03.2024		As on 31.03.2023	
No		Specific	Common	Specific	Common	
		Assets mortgaged/	Assets mortgaged/	Assets mortgaged/	Assets mortgaged/	
		hypothecated against	hypothecated against	hypothecated against	hypothecated against	
		Borrowings	Borrowings #	Borrowings	Borrowings #	
	Property, Plant &					
1	Equipment	□		ē		
	Capital work in		65700		28000	
2	progress			-		
	Financial Assets-					
3	Others	-				
	Total	į.	65700	=	31300	

The actual value of security pledged against common pool of assets is ₹ 65700 lakhs as on 31.03.2024 (Previous Year ₹ 28000 lakhs).

- 8. Disclosures Under Ind AS-19 "Employee Benefits": Employee benefit obligations in respect of employees of Parent Company posted at JPCL have been recognised by the parent company on the basis of actuarial valuation. Corresponding expenditure is born by the company and recognised in the financial statement of company.
- 9. Particulars of income and expenditure in foreign currency and consumption of spares are as under:(₹ in lakhs)

SI. No.	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
a)	Expenditure in Foreign Currency i) Interest	25	
	ii) Other Misc. Matters (Foreign travel)	9.83	4.83
b)	Value of spare parts and Components consumed in operating units. i) Imported		
	ii) Indigenous	NIL	NIL
c)	Income in foreign currency (Specify Nature)	NiL	NIL

10. Earnings Per Share:

a) The Earnings Per Share (Basic and Diluted) are as under:

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
Earnings per Share before Regulatory Income (₹) — Basic and Diluted	0.01	0.01
Earnings per Share after Regulatory Income (₹) — Basic and Diluted	0.01	0.01
Par value per share (₹)	10	10

b) Reconciliation of Earning used in calculating Earnings Per Share:

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
Net Profit after Tax but before Regulatory Income used as numerator (Amount in ₹)	21,84,637	28,21,285
Net Profit after Tax and Regulatory Income used as numerator (Amount in ₹)	21,84,637	28,21,285

c) Reconciliation of weighted average number of shares used as denominator:

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2024	For the period ended 31.03.2023
Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator	28,14,86,000	28,14,86,000

11. Disclosure related to Confirmation of Balances is as under:

- (a) The Company has a system of obtaining periodic confirmation of balances from banks and other parties. There are no unconfirmed balances in respect of bank accounts and borrowings from banks & financial institutions. With regard to receivables for energy sales, the Company sends demand intimations to the beneficiaries with details of amount paid and balance outstanding which can be said to be automatically confirmed on receipt of subsequent payment from such beneficiaries. In addition, reconciliation with beneficiaries and other customers is generally done on quarterly basis
- (b) The confirmation in respect of Trade Receivables, Trade Payables, Deposits, Ioans (other than employees), Advances to Contractors/Suppliers/Service Providers/Others including for capital expenditure have been sought for outstanding balances of ₹ 5 lakhs or above in respect of each party as at 31st December, 2023. Status of confirmation of balances against total outstanding as at December 31, 2023 as well as total outstanding as on 31.03.2024 is as under:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding amount as on 31.12.2023	Amount confirmed	Outstanding amount as on 31.03.2024
Trade receivable (excluding unbilled)*	NA	NA	NA
Deposits, Loans, Advances to contractors/ suppliers/ service providers/ others including for capital expenditure and material issued to contractors	354.70	318.57	318.57
Trade/Other payables	314.15	208.72	248.47
Security Deposit/Retention Money payable	5099.42	4024.76	7368.54

- * Trade receivables are including receivables on account of interest receivable from Beneficiaries and net of advance from customers.
- (c) In the opinion of the management, unconfirmed balances will not require any adjustment having any material impact on the Financial Statements of the Company.

12. Disclosure related to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (Refer Note 29)

i. As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with guidelines issued by Department of Public Enterprises, GOI, the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least two per cent of the average net profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in accordance with its CSR Policy.



ii. The details of CSR expenses for the year are as under:

(₹ in lakhs)

SI. No	Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2024	For the year ended 31.03.2023
Α	Amount required to be spent during the year		
	(i) Gross amount (2% of average net profit as per Section 135 of Companies Act,2013)	NIL	NIL
	(ii) Surplus arising out of CSR project	NIL	NIL
	(iii) Set off available from previous year	NIL	NIL
	(iv) Total CSR obligation for the year [(i)+(ii) -(iii)]	NIL	NIL
В	Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	NIL	NIL
С	Amount spent during the year	NIL	NIL
D	Set off available for succeeding years (C- A(iv))	NIL	NIL
E	Amount Unspent during the year	NIL	NIL

(ii) The breakup of CSR expenditure under various heads of expenses incurred are as under : (₹ in lakhs)

SI. No.	Heads of Expenses constituting CSR expenses	For the year ended 31.03.2024	For the year ended 31.03.2023
1	Health Care and Sanitation	NIL	NIL
2	Education and Skill Development	NIL	NIL
3	Women Empowerment /Senior Citizen	NIL	NIL
4	Environment	NIL	NIL
5	Art and Culture	NIL	NIL
6	Sports	NIL	NIL
7	Rural Development	NIL	NIL
8	Swachh Vidyalaya Abhiyan	NIL	NIL
9	Swachh Bharat Abhiyan	NIL	NIL
10	Disaster Management	NIL	NIL
11	Contribution to Central Government Fund (including Contribution to PM CARES Fund)	NIL	NIL
12	Administrative Overhead	NIL	NIL
13	CSR Impact assessment	NIL	NIL
	Total amount	NIL	WARA P

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(iii) Other disclosures:-

(a) Details of expenditure incurred during the year paid in cash and yet to be paid in cash along with the nature of expenditure (capital or revenue nature) is as under:-

	Purpose	For	the year en 31.03.2024		For the year ended 31.03.2023		ded
		Paid in cash (a)	Yet to be paid in cash (b)	Total (a+b)	Paid in cash (a)	Yet to be paid in cash (b)	Total (a+b)
(i)	Construction/ Acquisition of any asset	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
(ii)	For purpose other than (i) above	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Total	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

- (b) As stated above, a sum of ₹ NIL out of the total expenditure of ₹ NIL is yet to be paid to concerned parties which are included in the relevant head of accounts pertaining to liabilities.
- 13. Disclosures as required under Section 22 of The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 read with notification of Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated 11th October, 2018 to the extent information available with management are as under: (₹ in lakhs)

SI. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
(i)		31.03.2024	31.03.2023
(7)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier on Balance Sheet date: a) Trade Payables:		
	-Principal (Refer Note 20.3) -Interest	Nil	Nil
	b) Others: -Principal (Refer Note 20.4) -Interest	Nil	Nil
(ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.		
(iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	==	¥
(iv)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid as on Balance Sheet date.	ã.	æ
(v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium	i a s	ë _{1≜0}
	Enterprises Development Act, 2006.		VARA

14. Disclosures regarding leases as per IND AS -116 "Leases": Company as Lessee:

(i) Treatment of Leases as per Ind AS 116:

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at the inception of the contract. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets (such as tablets and personal computers, small items of office furniture and telephones). For these leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate.

The Company has applied the following practical expedients on initial application of Ind AS 116:

- a. Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.
- b. Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application.
- c. Excluded the initial direct costs, if any from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of recognition of right-of-use asset.
- d. Used hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to leases recognised during FY 2023-24 is 7.67%.

- (ii) Nature of lease: The Company's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of the following assets:
 - (a) Premises under cancellable lease arrangements for residential use of employees ranging from 3-4 months to three years.
 - (b) Premises for offices, guest houses and transit camps on lease which are not non-cancellable and are usually renewable on mutually agreeable terms.
 - (c) Land obtained on lease for construction of projects and / or administrative offices.
 - (d) Vehicles on operating leases generally for a period of 1 to 2 years and such leases are not non-cancellable.

Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss / Expenditure Attributable to Construction in respect of short term, low value and variable lease are as under: (₹ in lakhs)

S. No	Description	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
1	Expenditure on short-term leases	98.46	64.96
2	Expenditure on lease of low-value assets	æ.	/AR/
3	Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	64.37	39.2 SILITA

- (iii) Commitment for Short Term Leases as on 31.03.2024 is ₹ 82.63 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 39.92 lakhs).
- (iv) Movement in lease liabilities during the year:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
Opening Balance	NIL	NIL
Additions in lease liabilities	NIL	NIL
Finance cost accrued during the year	NIL	NIL
Less: Payment of lease liabilities	NIL	NIL
Closing Balance	NIL	NIL

15. Disclosures under Ind AS-27 'Separate Financial Statements':

Interest of Parent company:

Name of Companies	Principal place of	Principal activities	Proportion of Ownership interest as at	
wattle of companies	operation		31.03.2024	31.03.2023
NHPC Limited	India	Power Generation	100%	100%

16. Ind AS 36- Impairment of Assets requires an entity to assess on each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the entity is required to estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. If there is no indication of a potential impairment loss, the Standard does not require an enterprise to make a formal estimate of the recoverable amount.

Management has determined that the project entrusted to the company are under tendering/award/construction stage and no cash generating unit (CGU) exist as on date and there exist no indication that would indicate for impairment of any of the CGUs during FY 2023-24.

17. Nature and details of provisions (refer Note No. 17 and 22)

(i) General

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a Finance Cost

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ii) Provision for employee benefits (Other than provisions for defined contribution and defined benefit plans which have been disclosed as per Ind AS-19 at S. No. 10 of Note No. 34):

a) Provision for Performance Related Pay/Incentive:

Short-term Provision has been recognised in the accounts towards Performance Related Pay/incentive to employees on the basis of Management estimates as per company's rules in this regard which are based on the guidelines of the Department of Public Enterprises, Government of India.

b) Provision For Wage Revision as per 3rd Pay Revision Committee (PRC):

Short term provision for wage revision of the employees of the company was recognised earlier as per notification of the Department of Public Enterprises, Government of India.

(ii) Other Provisions:

a) Provision For Tariff Adjustment:

Provision for tariff adjustment is made on estimated basis against probable refund to beneficiaries on reassessment of tariff billed, pending approval of Tariff/truing up for the Year 2014-19/2019-24 by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC).

b) Provision for Committed Capital Expenditure:

Provision has been recognised at discounted value in case of non- current amount for Capital Expenditure to be incurred towards environment, compensatory afforestation, local area development, etc. which was a pre-condition for granting approval for construction of the project and expenditure towards which had not been completed till commissioning of the project. Such provisions are adjusted against the incurrence of actual expenditure as per demand raised by the concerned State Government Authorities.

c) Provision for restoration expenses of insured assets:

Provision has been recognised in the accounts based on Management Estimates for restoration of damaged assets insured under Mega and Construction Plant and Machinery Policy. Utilization of the provision is to be made against incurrence of actual expenditure towards restoration of the assets.

d) Provisions for expenditure in respect of Arbitration Award/Court cases:

This includes provisions created on the basis of management assessment as to probable outflow in respect of contractors claims against which arbitration award/Court decision have been received and which have been further challenged in a Court of Law. Utilization/outflow of the provision is to be made on the outcome of the case.

e) Provisions- Others: This includes provisions towards:-

- (i) Contractor claims, Land compensation cases, disputed tax demands and other cases created on the basis of management assessment towards probable outflow. Utilization/outflow of the provision is to be made on the outcome of the case.
- (ii) Wage revision of Central Government Employees whose services are utilised by the company.
- (iii) Provision for interest to beneficiaries on excess tariff recovered in terms of Tariff Regulations for the Year 2014-19 where the capital cost considered for fixation of tariff by the CERC on the basis of projected capital cost as on Commercial Operation Date or the projected additional capital expenditure exceeds the actual capital cost incurred.
- (iv) Upfront provision for rebate towards interest on House Building Advance provided to employees based on the historical trend of rebate allowed.
- (v) Upfront provision for rebate to customers for sale of power based on the historical trend of rebate allowed.

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18. **Disclosure regarding Relationship with Struck off Companies:** Following is the disclosure regarding balances with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 as per requirement of Schedule-III of the Companies Act, 2013:

Name of the	Nature of transactions	Balance	Relationshi	Balance	Relationship
struck off	with struck off company	Outstanding as	p with the	Outstanding as	with the struck
company		at 31.03.2024	struck off company, if any, to be	at 31.03.2023	off company, if any, to be disclosed
			disclosed		
NA	Investment in securities	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	Receivables	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	Payables	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	Shares held by struck off company	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	Other outstanding balances (to be specified)	NA	NA	NA	NA

19. Disclosure regarding Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC): Following is the disclosure as per requirement of Schedule-III of the Companies Act, 2013, where any charges or satisfaction are yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period:

Brief description of the charges or satisfaction	Location of the Registrar	Period (in days or months) by which such charge had to be registered	Reason for delay in registration
		NIL	

20. Other Disclosure required under Schedule-III of the Companies Act, 2013:

- (i) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iii) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

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- (v) The provisions of clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 are not applicable to the company as per Section 2(45) of the Companies Act,2013
- (vi) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988.
- (vii) The quarterly returns / statement of current assets filed by the company with banks / financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- (viii) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- 21. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/restated wherever considered necessary.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Priyanka) (Anuj Kapoor Company Secretary Director

> (Sudhir Kumar Yadav) Chief Executive Officer

(Dr Trilochan Behera) Chief Financial Officer

(Manjusha Mishra)

Director

As per report of Even date

For MASKARA & Co, Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No. 306074E)

CA Rabin Dey)
Partner
M.No. 318932

Place Rangit Nagar

Date : 02-05-2024

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